

CITY OF BUENA VISTA, VIRGINIA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Prepared by

Charles Clemmer, Director of Finance

Buena Vista, Virginia

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION		
		Page
Letter of Transmittal	••	1-4
GFOA Certificate of Achievement		5
Organizational Chart		6
List of Elected and Appointed Officials		7
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Independent Auditors' Report		8-10
Management's Discussion and Analysis		11-19
Basic Financial Statements:	<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>Page</u>
Government-wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	1	20
Statement of Activities	2	21-22
Fund Financial Statements:		
Balance Sheet—Governmental Funds	3	23
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	4	24
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances— Governmental Funds	5	25
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	6	26
Statement of Net Position—Proprietary Funds	7	27
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position—Proprietary Funds	. 8	28
Statement of Cash Flows—Proprietary Funds	9	29
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position—Fiduciary Funds	10	30
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position—Fiduciary Funds	11	31
Notes to Financial Statements		32-98

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED)

	Exhibit	<u>Page</u>
Required Supplementary Information:		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund		99
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Primary Government	13	100
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios - Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)	14	101
Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher	r Retirement Plan 15	102
Schedule of Employer Contributions – Pension Plan	16	103
Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Pension Plan	17	104
Schedule of Changes in the City's Share of Net OPEB Liability – Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program	18	105
Schedule of School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability – Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program	19	106
Schedule of Employer Contributions – Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program	20	107
Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program	21	108
Schedule of City School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability – Teacher Employee Health Insurance (HIC) Program	22	109
Schedule of Employer Contributions – Teacher Employee Health Insurance (HIC) Program	23	110
Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Teacher Employee Health Insurance (HIC) Program	24	111
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Reprimary Government		112
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Recomponent Unit School Board		113
Notes to Required Supplementary Information – OPEB	27	114

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED)		
Other Supplementary Information:	<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>Page</u>
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual - School Construction Fund Capital Projects Fund	28	115
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities-Agency Fund	29	116
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Combining Balance Sheet	30	117
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	31	118
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:		
Combining Balance Sheet	32	119
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	33	120
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual	34	121-122
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual	35	123
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:		
Combining Balance Sheet	36	124
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds		125
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual	38	126
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual - Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund	39	127
Statement of Net Position – Internal Service Fund	40	128
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Internal Service Fund		129
Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Fund	42	130

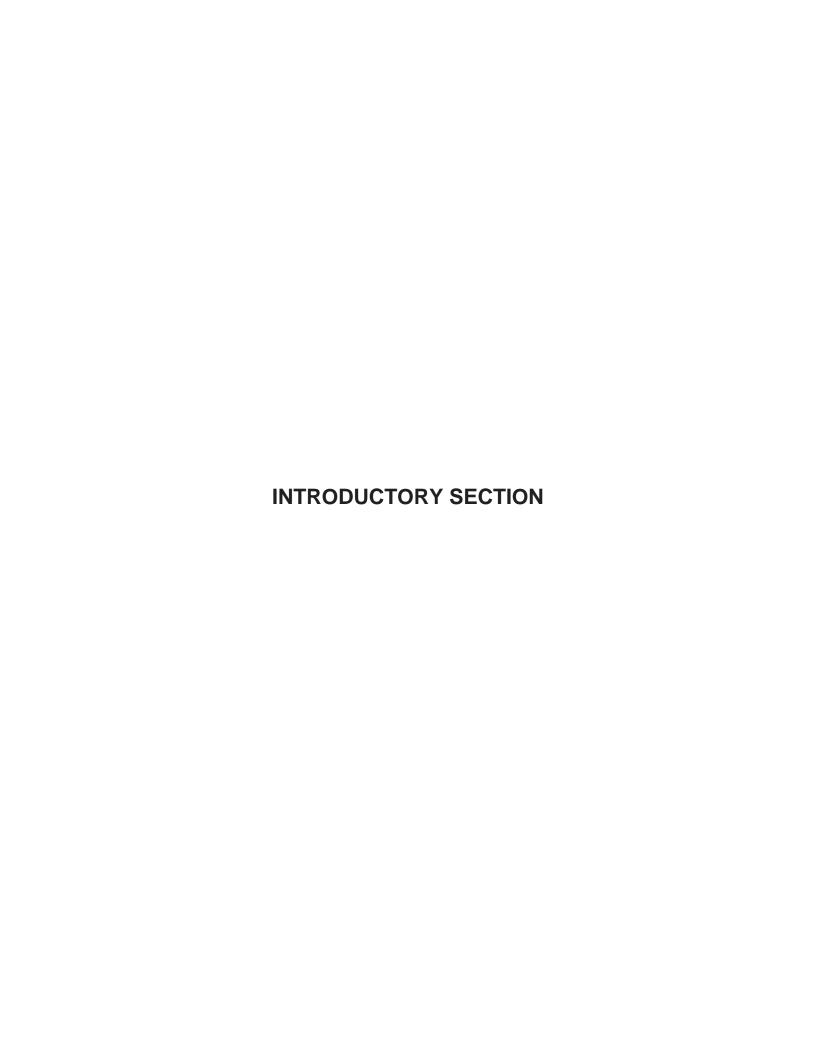
TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED)		
Supporting Schedules:	hedule	<u>!</u>
Schedule of Revenues – Budget and Actual Governmental Funds	. 1	131-136
Schedule of Expenditures – Budget and Actual Governmental Funds	. 2	137-140
STATISTICAL SECTION		
	<u>Table</u>	<u>Page</u>
Net Position by Component	. 1	141-142
Changes in Net Position	. 2	143-146
Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source	. 3	147-148
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	. 4	149-150
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	. 5	151-152
General Government Tax Revenues by Source	. 6	153-154
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	. 7	155
Property Tax Rates	. 8	156
Principal Property Taxpayers	. 9	157
Property Tax Levies and Collections	. 10	158
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type	. 11	159-160
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt per Capita	. 12	161
Legal Debt Margin Information	. 13	162-163
Pledged Revenue Coverage	. 14	164-165
Demographic and Economic Statistics	. 15	166
Principal Employers	. 16	167
Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function	. 17	168
Operating Indicators by Function	. 18	169
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	. 19	170

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

COMPLIANCE SECTION

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	171-172
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	173-174
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	175-176
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	177-179



CITY OF BUENA VISTA

City Manager's Office 2039 Sycamore Avenue Buena Vista, Virginia 24416 (540) 261-8600



December 19, 2019

The Honorable Mayor, City Council Members and Citizens of the City of Buena Vista

Commonwealth of Virginia law requires that every general-purpose local government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Buena Vista's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows this letter of transmittal and provides an overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The City of Buena Vista is situated at the foot of the Blue Ridge Mountains and is centrally located in the historic and scenic Shenandoah Valley in west-central Virginia, approximately 50 miles north of Roanoke; 135 miles west of Richmond; and 180 miles southwest of Washington, D.C. This position in west-central Virginia is at the heart of a major transportation network and has immediate access to air, rail, and highway transportation. It is within a one-day drive of half of the population of the United States. Buena Vista is served by interstates 81 and 64, the Blue Ridge Parkway and Route 60 that flows through the city. Thousands of tourists travel to our visitor's center from the Blue Ridge Parkway every year.

Buena Vista was a focal point of the Shenandoah Valley land boom initiated in 1889 by several land development companies, one of which was the Buena Vista Company. In less than three years, Buena Vista grew from a sparsely populated rural area to a town with 19 industries that employed in excess of 1,000 workers. Buena Vista was incorporated as a city by the Virginia General Assembly in 1892 encompassing a land area of approximately 6.5 square miles. It was during the land boom era that Buena Vista established its role as an industrial city, and is currently the industrial and manufacturing nucleus of the area.

The City of Buena Vista is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries.

The City of Buena Vista has operated under the council-manager form of government since 1892. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing City Council, consisting of the mayor and six other members, all elected on a non-partisan basis. The Council appoints the manager, who in turn appoints the heads of the various departments. Council members serve four-year terms, with three members elected every two years. The mayor is elected for a two-year term.

The City of Buena Vista provides a full range of services, including police, fire, rescue squad, public works, water treatment plant, water and sewer, parks and recreation including a golf course. The City of Buena Vista also is financially accountable for a legally separate school district that is reported separately within the City of Buena Vista's financial statements.

The Council is required to adopt a final budget by no later than May 30 for the next fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Buena Vista's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund, department and general account code. Department heads may transfer resources within a department, except personnel, as they see fit. Transfers between departments, however, need special approval from the governing council.

Local Economy

Buena Vista City Council is committed to creating jobs for its citizens and generating new revenue sources by both encouraging businesses to locate in the City and cultivating local entrepreneurs. The Virginia Employment Commission lists the current labor force at 3,491 with 3,411 employed for an unemployment rate of 2.3 percent. The largest sectors of the City's economy are industrial/manufacturing, historically a strong sector, and education, driven by the local school system and Southern Virginia University.

Southern Virginia University (SVU) is a tremendous growth engine in the City. One of the fastest private residential four-year institutions in the country at 50% growth in the last five years, the school enrolled over 1,100 students in the 2019-2020 school year and projects over 1,200 in the 2020-2021 school year. Recent construction projects have included the Walnut Avenue Apartments and a tennis center and multi-million dollar stadium at The Fields athletic complex. In 2019, SVU kicked off construction of a 100,000 square foot academic and residential complex partly funded with a Department of Housing and Community Development loan. Additionally, the University remains the largest employer within City limits. SVU is responsible for approximately \$9 million dollars in the City's economy every year.

The City is concentrating resources on revitalizing our downtown core. A bustling and vibrant destination for much of the twentieth century, Buena Vista's downtown retail has experienced the same headwinds as all small towns with the growth of big-box stores and online shopping. In 2009, the City established a low-interest revolving loan fund for small business creation or expansion, providing seed money for over a dozen businesses in the last ten years. In 2015 the City established a downtown Façade Improvement Grant program, resulting in nearly \$100,000 of investment in building renovations. In 2019 the City was awarded \$35,000 for a Community Development Block Grant from the DHCD to further aide in the downtown revitalization. Also in 2017, the City saw unprecedented investment of over a million dollars by Ed Walker, a Roanoke-based developer known for creative place-making,

who purchased more than a dozen buildings in the center of the City with bold plans for rehabilitation. In 2019, Ed Walker appointed Jamie Goodwin as a project manager to help oversee the restoration.

In addition to downtown revitalization, the City is rediscovering and marketing its outdoor recreation assets. The City owns and manages a 315-acre riverfront event venue and campground, Glen Maury Park, as well as a signature mountain-top golf course, the Vista Links. Further, the flood protection levee completed in 1997 includes a 2.5 mile elevated Riverwalk, a popular walking and jogging trail that runs right next to downtown and the river. In FY 19 the Rockbridge Trail Club constructed a new mountain bike trail within Glen Maury Park. Also, the Park has planned to expand its events, hosting at least one major activity per month. Beyond these, the Rockbridge region is an outdoor recreation destination, offering the Appalachian Trail, the George Washington National Forest, the Maury River, and numerous other hiking/biking trails and parks. In 2015 Rockbridge County, Buena Vista, and Lexington kicked off a regional outdoor recreation facilities planning and marketing study that culminated with the creation of the Rockbridge Outdoors Partnership, a network of over thirty governments, schools, nonprofits, and businesses to coordinate and advance use and promotion of these assets.

Long-term Planning and Major Initiatives and Accomplishments

The City prepares a Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) that is used as a fiscal management tool to coordinate the location, timing and financing of capital improvements over a five-year period. The CIP includes a description of proposed capital improvement projects ranked by priority, a year-by-year schedule of expected project funding and an estimate of project costs. The CIP is a working document and is reviewed and updated annually to reflect changing needs, priorities and funding opportunities.

The past fiscal year saw the completion of some significant projects as well as the beginning or approval of other major initiatives.

Exciting things are on the horizon as the city begins construction on the new industrial park on route 501. In FY 19, the City laid the foundations for the project, receiving an initial investment of approximately \$115,000 from Columbia Gas. This investment made the City eligible for an additional \$357,000 in VDOT economic development access funds. These funds along with approximately \$450,000 in Water and Sewer infrastructure funds will help finance the construction. This project continued into FY 20 and should be completed by year end.

The engineering/public works department oversaw an active program of projects related to water distribution, roads, sidewalks, drainage and sewers. Due to citizen support, the City was awarded \$5,000 from Domino's through the Paving for Pizza Program, becoming the first recipient in the state of Virginia. Additionally, the City completed the Enderly Heights Safe Routes to School project, which constructed new sidewalks and flashing pedestrian lights to improve access to Enderly Heights Elementary School. The City received over \$200,000 in federal funding to complete this project.

The Police Department was very proactive in securing grant funding for multiple projects. The PD obtained \$30,000 in state funding to support an additional school resource officer. A grant for over \$100,000 was awarded to the Police Department for school security updates. They also acquired over \$175,000 in other state and federal grants to cover additional expenses, including \$25,000 from the USDA for the purchase of a new vehicle.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Buena Vista for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. The report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance and administration department. We also would like to thank the Mayor, members of the City Council, and the City staff for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsive and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Charles Clemer

Charles Clemmer Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Buena Vista Virginia

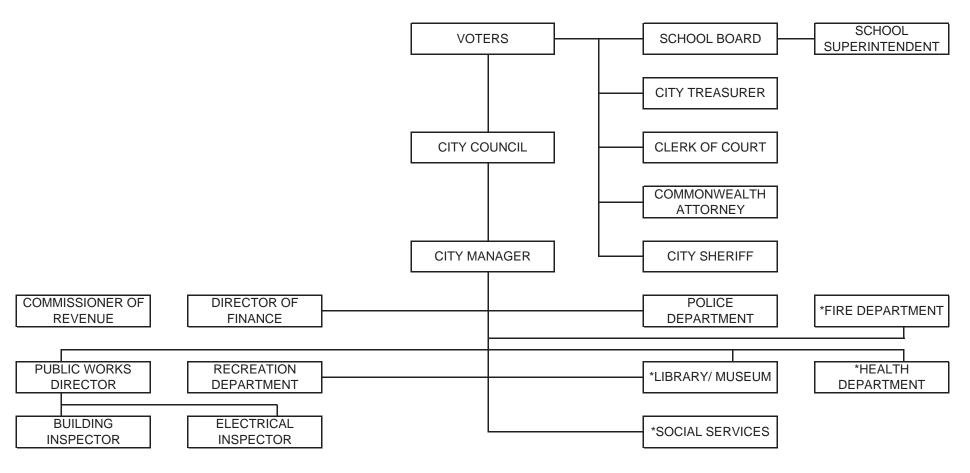
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF BUENA VISTA ORGANIZATION CHART

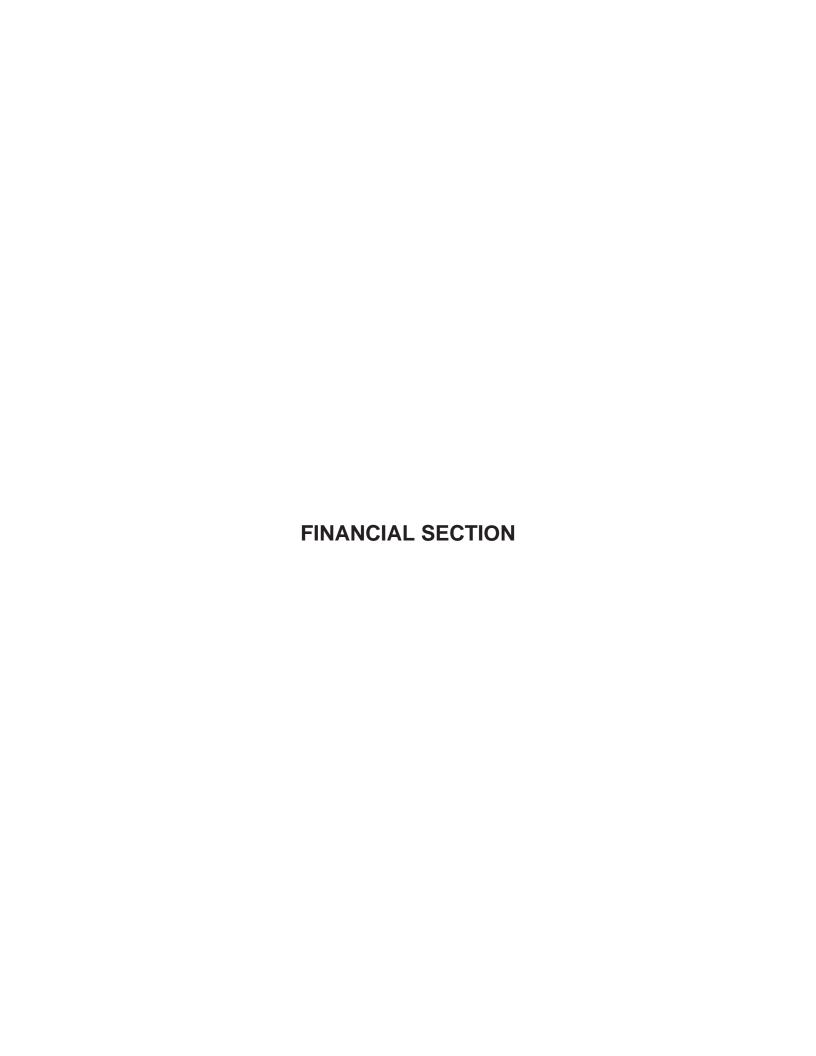


*=ADMINISTERED BY OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

CITY OF BUENA VISTA, VIRGINIA

DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

CITY COUNCIL	
William Fitzgerald	
Danny Staton, Sr.	Lisa Clark
Tyson Cooper	Steve Baldridge
Stanley Coffey	Melvin Henson
CITY OFFICIALS	
William Fitzgerald	Mayor
Tyson Cooper.	Vice-Mayor
Jay Scudder	City Manager
MarVita F. Flint	Commissioner of Revenue
Charles Clemmer	Director of Finance
Mary Lee Huffman	City Treasurer
Keith Hartman	Chief of Police
Chris Coleman	Clerk of Court
Randy Hamilton	Sheriff
Chris Russell	Commonwealth's Attorney
Brian Kearney	City Attorney





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE CITY COUNCIL CITY OF BUENA VISTA, VIRGINIA BUENA VISTA, VIRGINIA

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Buena Vista, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Buena Vista, Virginia, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 26 to the financial statements, in 2019, the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 88 *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Restatement of Beginning Balances

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, in 2019, the City restated beginning balances to reflect prior year sales tax receivable and an unreported capital lease. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 11-19, 99, and 100-114, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Buena Vista, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

Supplementary and Other Information (Continued)

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2019 on our consideration of the City of Buena Vista, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Buena Vista, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Buena Vista, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Staunton, Virginia

December 16, 2019

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Buena Vista, Virginia we offer readers of the City of Buena Vista's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Buena Vista for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information furnished in our letter of transmittal that can be found on pages 1-4 of this report.

Financial Highlights

The net position of the City of Buena Vista's, Primary Government at the close of the current fiscal year was \$5,959,518 (net position). Of this amount, (\$4,092,845) (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The governmental activities total net position decreased \$490,190 from the prior fiscal year largely due to the decrease in cash and cash equivalents.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Buena Vista's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,911,238, a decrease of \$862,663 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$1,471,951 is unassigned and available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance). The decrease is attributable to increases in health and welfare expenditures.

At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$1,471,951, or 10 percent of total General Fund expenditures.

The City of Buena Vista's primary government long-term liabilities decreased \$414,765, or 4.8%. The Long-term debt retirements included the Literary Loan for the building of Parry McCluer High that was reduced by \$375,000. Also, the 2.5 million-dollar loans to finance the Dabney Lancaster Community College educational satellite was reduced by \$62,068. The City also paid \$18,059 for a loan on a medical building. The net pension liability increased by \$41,874. The total long-term debt for the City stands at \$24,910,241. Of this amount, there is a charge of \$1,277,000 for Other Postemployment Benefits. This charge is an actuarial estimate of the costs of future retiree benefits. Also included in long-term indebtedness is \$297,563 for employee compensated absences. The amount of pension liability is \$3,143,643, an increase of \$41,874.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Buena Vista's basic financial statements. The City of Buena Vista's basic financial statements comprise three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Buena Vista's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net position presents information on all of the City of Buena Vista's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Buena Vista is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave.).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Buena Vista that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Buena Vista include general government, judicial administration, public works, health and welfare, education, parks recreation and cultural, community development, and interest expense. The business-type activities of the City of Buena Vista include water and sewer and the golf course operation.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Buena Vista itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district for which the City of Buena Vista is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Buena Vista, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Buena Vista can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Buena Vista maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and School Construction Fund. The other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Buena Vista maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Buena Vista uses enterprise funds to account for its Water and Sewer Fund and the Golf Course Fund.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer and the operation of the golf course, both of which are considered major funds of the City of Buena Vista.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The fiduciary fund statements provide information on the Special Welfare Fund. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are not available to support the City of Buena Vista's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents a statistical section and compliance section.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The FY 2019 General Fund Budget was \$12,435,380. The appropriation for the school's budget remained level and there was level funding for many of our departmental service operations. Some areas of the budget include both increases and reductions as a result of accurate budgeting adjustments that reflect the true cost of the activity or commodity.

There were some increases in the budget this year, such as salary and benefit increases, due to higher health and liability insurance costs. Additional funds were budgeted for the City's comprehensive services welfare programs which saw total expenses equaling \$3,418,214, an increase of \$816,595 compared to FY 18. This is an uncontrollable regional expense. The real estate rate remained the same at \$1.21 per one hundred dollar valuation.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Buena Vista, primary government assets exceeded liabilities by \$5,959,518 at the close of fiscal year 2019 for the primary government.

The City of Buena Vista's governmental activities net investment in capital assets of \$9,710,411 reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Buena Vista uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. These assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Buena Vista's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The net position of the primary government decreased \$1,372,600 during FY 2019. Key components of this change are discussed on page 16 in the MD&A.

The following is a condensed summary of the City's statement of net position for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

		Governmental Business-type										
	_	Act	ivit	ies		Act	iviti	es		Т	ota	l
		2019		2018		2019	9 2018		2019		2018	
Current and	_								_			_
other assets	\$	4,529,992	\$	5,312,486	\$	2,551,782	\$	2,883,370	\$	7,081,774	\$	8,195,856
Capital Assets	_	13,929,357	_	14,076,121		13,697,049	_	14,049,394	_	27,626,406	_	28,125,515
Total Assets	\$	18,459,349	\$	19,388,607	\$	16,248,831	\$	16,932,764	\$	34,708,180	\$	36,321,371
Deferred Outflows	\$	698,947		873,716		130,010		150,358		828,957		1,024,074
Long-term	_								_			_
Liabilities	\$	8,153,324	\$	8,688,230	\$	16,756,917	\$	16,940,097	\$	24,910,241	\$	25,628,327
Other liabilities		1,000,389		913,417		2,478,202	_	2,052,736		3,478,591	_	2,966,153
Total Liabilities	\$	9,153,713	\$	9,601,647	\$	19,235,119	\$	18,992,833	\$	28,388,832	\$_	28,594,480
Deferred inflows of	f											
resources	\$_	1,090,422	\$	1,256,325	\$	98,365	\$_	162,522	\$_	1,188,787	\$_	1,418,847
Net Position:												
Net investment in												
capital assets	\$	9,710,411	\$	9,297,910	\$	(618,159)	\$	(421,031)	\$	9,092,252	\$	8,876,879
Restricted		310,654		208,672		649,457		589,348		960,111		798,020
Unrestricted		•		•		,		•		,		•
(deficit)		(1,106,904)		(102,231)		(2,985,941)		(2,240,550)		(4,092,845)		(2,342,781)
Total Net Position	\$	8,914,161	\$	9,404,351	\$	(2,954,643)		(2,072,233)	\$	5,959,518	\$	7,332,118
	=				-		=		=		=	

Governmental Activities. Net position of governmental activities decreased for the City of Buena Vista by \$490,190 for FY 2019, while net position of business-type activities decreased \$882,410 for the fiscal year. Key components of the change are discussed on page 16 of the MD&A.

THIS SPACE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

CITY OF BUENA VISTA'S CHANGE IN NET POSITION FOR YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND JUNE 30, 2018

Governmental

Business-type

		Activit		Activit	• •	Total	ı
	-	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
	-			-			
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	817,713 \$	854,702 \$	2,325,442 \$	2,343,777 \$	3,143,155 \$	3,198,479
Operating grants		4,948,486	4,545,783	-	-	4,948,486	4,545,783
Capital grants		200,804	-	-	-	200,804	-
General Revenues:							
Property taxes		6,045,670	6,027,804	-	-	6,045,670	6,027,804
Other taxes		1,546,500	1,560,558	-	-	1,546,500	1,560,558
Grants and contributions not							
restricted to specific							
programs		949,351	959,916	-	-	949,351	959,916
Use of money and		,	,			•	•
property		210,411	174,807	15,970	7,335	226,381	182,142
Miscellaneous		364,791	228,992	1,786	8,663	366,577	237,655
Total Revenue	\$	15,083,726 \$	14,352,562 \$	2,343,198 \$	2,359,775 \$	17,426,924 \$	16,712,337
	-	·			<u> </u>		
Expenses:							
General Government							
admin	\$	1,464,836 \$	1,436,939 \$	- \$	- \$	1,464,836 \$	1,436,939
Judicial Admin		1,027,787	880,505	-	-	1,027,787	880,505
Public Safety		3,060,196	2,864,208	-	-	3,060,196	2,864,208
Public works		2,413,388	2,316,348	-	-	2,413,388	2,316,348
Health and Welfare		3,382,721	2,534,961	-	-	3,382,721	2,534,961
Education		2,669,456	3,037,829	-	-	2,669,456	3,037,829
Parks, Recreation,							
Culture		617,980	606,652	-	-	617,980	606,652
Community							
Development		475,645	464,611	-	-	475,645	464,611
Interest on long-							
term debt		207,889	183,087	-	-	207,889	183,087
Water and Sewer				2,474,759	2,269,976	2,474,759	2,269,976
Golf Course		-	-	1,004,867	1,035,255	1,004,867	1,035,255
Total Expenses	\$	15,319,898 \$	14,325,140 \$	3,479,626 \$	3,305,231 \$	18,799,524 \$	17,630,371
Increase (decrease)							
in net position							
before transfers	\$	(236,172) \$	27,422 \$	(1,136,428) \$	(945,456) \$	(1,372,600) \$	(918,034)
Transfers	Ψ	(254,018)	(253,937)	254,018	253,937	(1,372,000) ψ	(910,034)
Increase (decrease)	-	(254,010)	(233,937)	254,010	255,557		
in net position	\$	(490,190) \$	(226,515) \$	(882,410) \$	(691,519) \$	(1,372,600) \$	(918,034)
		, , , ,	, , , ,			, ,	, , ,
Net position, beginning							
as restated		9,404,351	9,630,866	(2,072,233)	(1,380,714)	7,332,118	8,250,152
Net position, ending	\$	8,914,161 \$	9,404,351 \$	(2,954,643) \$	(2,072,233) \$	5,959,518 \$	7,332,118
	-						

Governmental Activities

Key factors contributing to the decrease of \$490,190 in net position for governmental activities were:

• The City had a decrease in cash and cash equivalents of \$458,370 or 25%. The decrease was the result of further increases in expenditures for the comprehensive services welfare program.

Business-type Activities

The Golf Course Fund received a transfer from the General Fund (Governmental Activities) in the amount of \$254,018. This is slightly more than the \$253,937 that was transferred in FY 2018. Prior to this transfer, net position of the golf course business-type activity decreased by \$701,771. Both funds that make up the business-type activities of the City (Water/Sewer Fund and Golf Course Fund) combined, experienced a decrease in net position of \$882,410, mainly due to the golf course operating losses and accrual of interest expense. Additional information follows concerning the City's Business-Type Activities:

- Since opening the golf course in 2004, it has had a cumulative operating loss of \$5,095,232. The golf course revenues are not able to support both the operational expenditures and the interest and fiscal charges. The General Fund has subsidized the golf course with transfers totaling \$6,441,977 leaving the golf course with a \$5,095,232 ending balance of net assets. For the fiscal budget 2019, the City council did not appropriate funds for the debt service.
- The Water/Sewer Fund posted a decrease in net position of \$434,657 for the fiscal year. Most
 of this decrease is due to an increase in water and sewer expenditures across all departments
 as well as a decrease in revenues.

THIS SPACE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Buena Vista uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Buena Vista's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Buena Vista's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of FY 2019, the City of Buena Vista's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,911,238, a decrease of \$862,663 in comparison with the prior year. The decrease was the result of unplanned increases in expenditures for the comprehensive services act program. Cash and cash equivalents decreased as a result of the use of fund balance to support these health and welfare programs during the year. Approximately 77% or \$1,471,951 represents unassigned fund balance that is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is designated to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been assigned toward such items as 1) for subsequent expenditure in the School Construction Fund 2) for subsequent expenditure in capital projects and special revenue funds 3) for debt service and prepaid expense in the general fund.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Buena Vista. At the end of FY 2019, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,471,951. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unassigned fund balance to the general fund total expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 10% of total general fund expenditures.

Proprietary funds. The City of Buena Vista's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

- The Water and Sewer fund had a decrease in net position of \$434,657. As discussed earlier, the decrease is primarily due to an increase in the water and sewer expenditures and a decrease in collected revenues. The unrestricted cash position of the Water and Sewer fund had a decrease of \$379,826. The fund began the year with \$1,538,050 in unrestricted cash and ended with \$1,158,224 in unrestricted cash. The City's water and Sewer rates remained the same in FY 2019.
- The golf course has been subsidized by the general fund since it began operation. This has resulted in net position of (\$5,095,232), at June 30, 2019.

Capital project funds. The City's capital project funds are used to account for activities related to City capital projects.

 The School Construction Fund balance increased \$14,374 for FY 2019. This was due to new capital leases used to acquire technology and band equipment for the school.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City of Buena Vista's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019, amounts to \$27,626,406 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. The total decrease in the City of Buena Vista's capital assets for FY 2019 was \$499,108 or 1.8%. The main reason was the annual depreciation expenses.

The City completed a variety of public works projects to include, pavement of City streets, curb and guttering, and water and sewer line replacement. The following is a summary of the City's capital assets. Further information on the City's capital assets can be found at Note 21 of the financial statements.

CITY OF BUENA VISTA'S CAPITAL ASSETS NET OF DEPRECIATION FOR YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND JUNE 30, 2018

		Governm Activit		Busines: Activit	7.	Tota	al
	-	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Land Construction in	\$	2,146,648 \$	2,146,648 \$	1,364,900 \$	1,364,900 \$	3,511,548 \$	3,511,548
Progress Buildings &		116,214	-	-	-	116,214	-
Improvements		8,192,942	8,459,121	408,158	452,932	8,601,100	8,912,053
Infrastructure Machinery &		2,786,755	2,719,729	11,672,682	12,065,187	14,459,437	14,784,916
Equipment		686,798	750,623	251,309	166,374	938,107	916,997
Total	\$	13,929,357 \$	14,076,121 \$	13,697,049 \$	14,049,393 \$	27,626,406 \$	28,125,514

Long – term liabilities. At the end of FY 2019, the City of Buena Vista's primary government had total long-term liabilities outstanding of \$24,910,241. This represents a decrease of \$718,086, or 2.8% from the last fiscal year. The City's bond issuer rating from Moody's is Ba1. Further information on the City's long-term debt can be found at (Note 10-Long-term Obligations) to the financial statements.

CITY OF BUENA VISTA'S LONG-TERM DEBT FOR YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND JUNE 30, 2018

	Governm	ental	Busines	ss-t	ype				
	Activit	 Activ	vitie	s	Total				
	2019	2018	 2019		2018	2019	2018		
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 370,887 \$	394,068	\$ - \$	5	- \$	370,887 \$	394,068		
Lease-Revenue Bonds			10,972,750		11,029,906	10,972,750	11,029,906		
Revenue Bonds	-	-	3,798,500		3,888,500	3,798,500	3,888,500		
Literary Loans	1,125,000	1,500,000	-		-	1,125,000	1,500,000		
Capital Leases	396,375	477,333	-		-	396,375	477,333		
Loan Payable	2,326,683	2,406,810	1,201,840		1,201,840	3,528,523	3,608,650		
Net OPEB Liabilities	1,081,233	1,088,165	195,767		235,835	1,277,000	1,324,000		
Compensated absences	207,009	210,965	90,554		93,136	297,563	304,101		
Net Pension Liability	2,646,137	2,610,889	 497,506		490,880	3,143,643	3,101,769		
Total	\$ 8,153,324 \$	8,688,230	\$ 16,756,917 \$	<u> </u>	16,940,097 \$	24,910,241 \$	25,628,327		

State statutes limit the amount of general bonded debt a governmental entity may issue up to 10 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limit for the City of Buena Vista is approximately \$32,780,098.

Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following factors were considered in preparing the City of Buena Vista's budget for FY 2020.

- Fund balances should be maintained in normal budget operations such that emergency needs may be met and sufficient funds are available to operate before tax proceeds are received.
- The City shall not sacrifice the maintenance of buildings, equipment or infrastructure for new projects or programs.
- The City shall continue to provide adequate employee compensation and training recognizing our workforce is a very important resource. An attractive compensation package helps attract and retain a quality group of employees.
- The City will actively evaluate the adequacy of current user charges for enterprise activities and will adjust rates as necessary to ensure these activities are self-sustaining.
- The City's real estate tax rate remained \$1.21 per \$100 of assessed valuation. The City's personal property tax rate is \$5.85 per \$100 of assessed valuation.
- The City did not make any adjustments to the operation portion of the water rate or the sewer rate. The water rate is \$7.48 per 1000 gallons used and the sewer rate is \$7.44 per 1000 gallons used.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Buena Vista, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 2039 Sycamore Avenue, Buena Vista, Virginia 24416.





	Primary Government						_	Component Unit				
	_	Governmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities	_	Total		School Board		EDA		
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,243,309	\$	1,166,063	\$	2,409,372	\$	982,238	\$	-		
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):												
Taxes receivable		1,475,774		-		1,475,774		-		-		
Accounts receivable		214,100		360,900		575,000		20,229		-		
Due from other governmental units		1,163,453		· -		1,163,453		225,936		-		
Due from component unit		141,559		-		141,559		-		-		
Internal balances		85,262		(85,262)		· -		-		_		
Inventories		19,665		-		19,665		18,383		-		
Prepaid items		71,785		4,582		76,367		-		_		
Restricted assets:		,		,		-,						
Cash and cash equivalents		115,085		986.129		1.101.214		_		_		
Cash and cash equivalents (in custody of others)				119,370		119,370		_		_		
Net pension asset		_		,				308,765		_		
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):								000,700				
Land		2.146.648		1.364.900		3,511,548		4.634		1.107.200		
Buildings and improvements		8,192,942		408,158		8,601,100		3,732,404		1,107,200		
		, ,		,				, ,		-		
Machinery and equipment		686,798		251,309		938,107		89,538		-		
Infrastructure		2,786,755		11,672,682		14,459,437		-		-		
Construction in progress	_	116,214	_			116,214				4 407 000		
Total assets	\$_	18,459,349	\$	16,248,831	\$	34,708,180	\$_	5,382,127	\$ \$	1,107,200		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Pension related items	\$	645,626	\$	120,280	\$	765,906	\$	941,958	\$	-		
OPEB related items		53,321		9,730		63,051		218,702		-		
Total deferred outlows of resources	\$	698,947	\$	130,010	\$	828,957	\$	1,160,660	\$	-		
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	547,570	2	61,708	2	609,278	Φ.	353,702	2	_		
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	88,212	Ψ	13,472	Ψ	101,684	Ψ	671,730	Ψ	_		
Accrued inabilities Accrued interest payable		46,924		2,328,647		2,375,571		071,730		_		
Due to other governmental units		156,726		2,320,047		156,726		-		_		
•		130,720		-		150,720		444.550		-		
Due to primary government		-		74.075		74.075		141,559		-		
Deposits held in escrow		-		74,375		74,375		-		-		
Unearned revenue		160,957		-		160,957		-		-		
Long-term liabilities:												
Due within one year		846,496		9,759,516		10,606,012		165,800		-		
Due in more than one year		7,306,828		6,997,401		14,304,229	–	10,177,266	—	-		
Total liabilities	\$_	9,153,713	\$	19,235,119	\$	28,388,832	\$_	11,510,057	\$	-		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Pension related items	\$	113,519	\$	81,259	\$	194,778	\$	1,267,453	\$	-		
OPEB related items	*	93,894	•	17,106	•	111,000	•	296,000	•	-		
Deferred revenue - property taxes		883,009		-		883,009				_		
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	1,090,422	\$	98,365	\$	1,188,787	\$	1,563,453	\$	-		
NET POSITION												
Net investment in capital assets	\$	9,710,411	Φ	(618,159)	Ф	9,092,252	Ф	3,826,576	Ф	1,107,200		
·	Ф	9,710,411	Φ	(010,109)	Φ	5,052,252	Φ	3,020,376	Φ	1,107,200		
Restricted:						445						
Industrial development project		115,750		-		115,750		-		-		
Community development block grant		79,819				79,819		-		-		
Repayment of loans payable		115,085		649,457		764,542		-		-		
Unrestricted (deficit)		(1,106,904)		(2,985,941)		(4,092,845)		(10,357,299)				
Total net position	\$	8,914,161	\$	(2,954,643)	\$	5,959,518	\$	(6,530,723)	\$	1,107,200		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



Judicial administration 1,027,787 1		nd
Governmental activities: 1,464,836 2,2 General government administration 1,027,787 1,027,787 Judicial administration 1,027,787 1,027,787 Public safety 3,060,196 52,3 Public works 2,413,388 674,0 Health and welfare 3,382,721 Education 2,669,456	2.241 \$ 372.164 \$	
General government administration \$ 1,464,836 \$ 2,2 Judicial administration \$ 1,027,787 \$ 1,0 Public safety \$ 3,060,196 \$ 52,3 Public works \$ 2,413,388 \$ 674,0 Health and welfare \$ 3,382,721 \$ 2,669,456	2.241 \$ 372.164 \$	
Judicial administration 1,027,787 1,1 Public safety 3,060,196 52,3 Public works 2,413,388 674,0 Health and welfare 3,382,721 Education 2,669,456	2.241 \$ 372.164 \$	
Public safety 3,060,196 52,3 Public works 2,413,388 674,0 Health and welfare 3,382,721 Education 2,669,456	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-
Public works 2,413,388 674,0 Health and welfare 3,382,721 Education 2,669,456	1,058 307,261	-
Health and welfare 3,382,721 Education 2,669,456	52,353 585,840	-
Education 2,669,456	674,044 1,283,450 20	00,804
=,,	- 2,399,771	-
Parks, recreation, and cultural 617,980 88,0	-	-
	88,017 -	-
Community development 475,645	-	-
Interest on long-term debt 207,889	<u> </u>	-
Total governmental activities \$15,319,898_\$817,7	817,713 \$ 4,948,486 \$ 20	00,804
Business-type activities:		
Water and Sewer \$ 2,474,759 \$ 2,024,	,024,132 \$ - \$	-
	301,310	
	,325,442 \$ - \$	-
Total primary government \$ 18,799,524 \$ 3,143,	<u>4,948,486</u> \$ <u>20</u>	00,804
COMPONENT UNIT:		
School Board \$ 10,722,245 \$ 142,5	142,326 \$ 8,492,578 \$	_
EDA 115,750	,	
Total component unit \$ 10,837,995 \$ 142,3		-

General revenues:

General property taxes

Other local taxes:

Local sales and use taxes

Consumers' utility taxes

Meals taxes

Business and professional license taxes

Motor vehicle license taxes

Other local taxes

Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property

Miscellaneous

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Gain on disposal of capital assets

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning, as restated

Net position - ending

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

_			ges in Net Positi				
_		imary Government		Component	Component Unit		
_	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	School Board	EDA		
,	(1,090,431) \$	- \$	(1,090,431)	\$ -	\$ -		
	(719,468)	-	(719,468)	-	-		
	(2,422,003)	-	(2,422,003)	-	-		
	(255,090)	-	(255,090)	-	-		
	(982,950)	-	(982,950)	-	-		
	(2,669,456)	-	(2,669,456)	-	-		
	(529,963)	-	(529,963)	-	-		
	(475,645)	-	(475,645)	-	-		
_	(207,889)		(207,889)				
_	(9,352,895) \$	\$	(9,352,895)	\$	\$		
;	- \$	(450,627) \$	(450,627)	\$ -	\$ -		
	<u>-</u>	(703,557)	(703,557)	· -	_		
_	- \$	(1,154,184) \$	(1,154,184)	\$ -	\$ -		
_	(9,352,895)		(10,507,079)		\$		
	- \$	- \$	_	\$ (2,087,341)	\$ -		
	- ·	-	_	(2,007,017)	(115,750)		
_	\$	\$	-	\$ (2,087,341)	\$ (115,750)		
;	6,045,670 \$	- \$	6,045,670	\$ -	\$ -		
	387,031	<u>-</u>	387,031	-	-		
	260,778	-	260,778	-	-		
	354,913	-	354,913	-	-		
	189,708	-	189,708	-	-		
	160,662	-	160,662	-	-		
	193,408	-	193,408	-	-		
	210,411	15,970	226,381	75	-		
	364,791	1,786	366,577	-	-		
	949,351	-	949,351	2,632,968	115 750		
	(254,018)	- 254,018	-	-	115,750		
_	8,862,705 \$	271,774 \$	9,134,479	\$ 2,633,043	\$ 115,750		
_	(490,190) \$	(882,410) \$	(1,372,600)				
	9,404,351	(2,072,233)	7,332,118	(7,076,425)	1,107,200		
_	8,914,161 \$		5,959,518				



Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

		General	_	Other Governmental Funds		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	1,154,209	\$	89,100	\$	1,243,309
Taxes receivable		1,475,774		_		1,475,774
Accounts receivable		194,554		19,546		214,100
Due from other funds		59,363		25,899		85,262
Due from component unit		141,559		-		141,559
Due from other governmental units		1,163,453		-		1,163,453
Inventories		19,665		-		19,665
Prepaid items		69,494		2,291		71,785
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents		115,085	_	-		115,085
Total assets	\$	4,393,156	\$	136,836	\$	4,529,992
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	532,823	\$	14,747	\$	547,570
Accrued liabilities		85,416		2,796		88,212
Due to other governmental units		156,726		-		156,726
Unearned revenue	_	160,957		-		160,957
Total liabilities	\$	935,922	- \$	17,543	\$_	953,465
DETERDED INTLOWS OF DESCRIPCES						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Φ	1 665 200	φ		φ	1 665 200
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	1,665,289	- Φ	<u>-</u>	\$_	1,665,289
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable:						
Prepaid items	\$	69,494	\$	2,291	\$	71,785
Inventory		19,665		-		19,665
Restricted:						
Repayment of loans payable		115,085		-		115,085
Industrial development project		115,750		-		115,750
Community development block grant		-		79,819		79,819
Assigned:						
Senior Center		-		7,603		7,603
Green Hill Cemetary		-		14,650		14,650
Parks and recreation				14,930		14,930
Unassigned		1,471,951				1,471,951
Total fund balances	\$	1,791,945	\$	119,293	\$	1,911,238
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	\$	4,393,156	\$	136,836	\$	4,529,992

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$	1,911,238
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Land Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Construction in progress	\$ 2,146,648 8,192,942 686,798 2,786,755 116,214	-	13,929,357
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable in the funds. Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$ 782,280	-	782,280
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable revenue in the funds Pension related items OPEB related items	\$ 645,626 53,321	-	698,947
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Bonds payable Accrued interest payable Capital leases payable Loans payable Compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	\$ (370,887) (46,924) (396,375) (3,451,683) (207,009) (2,646,137) (1,081,233)		(8,200,248)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related items OPEB related items	\$ (113,519) (93,894)	- 	(207,413)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	8,914,161

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

		General		School Construction Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total
REVENUES								
General property taxes Other local taxes	\$	6,037,950 1,546,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,037,950 1,546,500
Permits, privilege fees,								
and regulatory licenses		24,621		-		-		24,621
Fines and forfeitures		40,254		-		-		40,254
Revenue from the use of								
money and property		77,853		7,862		124,696		210,411
Charges for services		708,171		-		44,667		752,838
Miscellaneous		352,404		-		12,387		364,791
Recovered costs		51,247		-		8,684		59,931
Intergovernmental:								
Local government				169,088		-		169,088
Commonwealth		5,454,072		-		-		5,454,072
Federal		475,481		-		-		475,481
Total revenues	\$	14,768,553	\$_	176,950	\$_	190,434	\$_	15,135,937
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General government administration	\$	1,219,895	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,219,895
Judicial administration		1,012,532	·	-	·	-		1,012,532
Public safety		3,062,164		-		-		3,062,164
Public works		2,571,675		-		-		2,571,675
Health and welfare		3,418,214		-		7,899		3,426,113
Education		2,457,090		-		-		2,457,090
Parks, recreation, and cultural		166,795		-		453,056		619,851
Community development		581,633		-		15,854		597,487
Capital projects Debt service:		-		80		-		80
Principal retirement		157,774		540,967		_		698,741
Interest and other fiscal charges		157,443		60,986		_		218,429
Total expenditures	\$	14,805,215	\$	602,033	\$	476,809	\$	15,884,057
			_		_			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(36,662)	\$	(425,083)	\$	(286,375)	\$	(748,120)
(22) 3	Ť	(00,00=)	· Ť –	(1=0,000)	- Ť -	(===,===)	-	(* 10,100)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	10,000	\$	299,982	\$	310,110	\$	620,092
Transfers out		(864,110)		-		(10,000)		(874,110)
Issuance of capital leases		-	_	139,475		-		139,475
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(854,110)	\$	439,457	\$	300,110	\$	(114,543)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(890,772)	\$	14,374	¢	13,735	\$	(862,663)
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	Ψ	2,682,717	Ψ	(14,374)		105,558	Ψ	2,773,901
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	\$	1,791,945	·s -		\$	119,293	_{\$} -	1,911,238
. and balanood onling	Ψ=	1,701,070	Ψ=		- Ψ=	110,200	Ψ=	1,011,200

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		:	\$ (862,663)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded the capital outlays in the current period.			
Capital outlays Depreciation expense Allocation of debt financed school assets based on current year repayments	\$_	538,433 (472,911) (212,286)	(146,764)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			(1.10,10.1)
Property taxes	\$_	7,720	7,720
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal repayments Issuance of capital leases		698,741 (139,475)	559,266
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in compensated absences Change in accrued interest Pension expense OPEB expense	\$	3,956 10,540 (29,434) (32,811)	(47,749)
Change in net position of governmental activities		;	 \$ (490,190)

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

Mater & Golfs				Enterprise Funds	
Current assets Current assets Current assets Cash and cash equivalents S		_	Sewer	Course	Total
Carba and cash equivalents		_	runa	<u>runu</u>	TOTAL
Cash and cash equivalents	ASSETS				
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles 3,814, 987 5,913 369,090 Prepaid expenses 3,818 764 4,582 Total current assets 1,517,029 14,516 5,1531,545 Noncurrent assets 1,517,029 14,516 5,1531,545 Noncurrent assets 1,517,029 14,516 5,1531,545 Noncurrent assets 1,531,025 14,516 5,1531,545 Noncurrent assets 1,531,032 1,531,037 1,531,	Current assets:				
Prepaid expenses	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,158,224 \$	7,839 \$	1,166,063
Total current assets	Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles		354,987	5,913	360,900
Noncurrent assetts: Cash and cash equivalents (in custody of others) Septimized assets: Septimized assets Septimized	Prepaid expenses				
Cash and cash equivalents \$986,129 \$ 119,370 \$ 119,370 Total restricted assets \$986,129 \$ 119,370 \$ 119,370 Total restricted assets \$986,129 \$ 119,370 \$ 1,105,499 Total restricted assets \$986,129 \$ 119,370 \$ 1,105,499 Total restricted assets \$986,129 \$ 119,370 \$ 1,105,499 Total restricted assets \$986,129 \$ 1,364,900 \$ 1,364,900 \$ 1,364,900 \$ 1,364,900 \$ 1,364,900 \$ 1,364,900 \$ 1,364,900 \$ 1,364,900 \$ 1,364,900 \$ 1,364,900 \$ 1,364,900 \$ 1,364,900 \$ 1,364,900 \$ 1,364,900 \$ 1,364,900 \$ 1,672,543	Total current assets	\$	1,517,029 \$	14,516 \$	1,531,545
Cash and cash equivalents \$986,129 \$ 119,370 119,370 Total restricted assets \$986,129 \$119,370 \$1,06,499 Capital assets: \$986,129 \$119,370 \$1,06,499 Capital assets: \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$					
Cash and cash equivalents (in custody of others)					
Total restricted assets	•	\$	986,129 \$	· ·	
Capital assets: Land	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	_	- 000 400		
Land \$		\$	986,129 \$	5 119,370 \$	1,105,499
Buildings 722,543 722,543 Equipment 565,614 482,472 1,048,086 Infrastructure 16,709,791 5,854,800 22,564,591 Accumulated depreciation (10,952,539) (1,050,532) (12,003,071) Total capital assets \$6,322,666 \$7,374,183 \$13,697,049 Total noncurrent assets \$7,309,995 \$7,493,553 \$14,802,548 Total assets \$97,791 \$22,499 \$120,280 Persion related items \$97,791 \$22,499 \$120,280 OPEB related items \$7,909 1,821 9,730 Total deferred outflows of resources \$105,700 \$24,310 \$130,010 Eurant liabilities \$10,500 \$3,314 \$13,072 Accruded liabilities \$10,158 3,314 \$13,472 Due to other funds \$2,899 \$9,363 \$5,262 Accrude liabilities \$10,158 3,314 \$13,472 Customer deposits \$74,375 \$1,201,840 \$1,201,840 Customer deposits \$74,375	·	¢	¢.	1 264 000 €	1 264 000
Equipment 565.614 4.82.472 1.048,086 Infrastructure 16,709,791 5,854,800 22,564,591 Accumulated depreciation (10,982,539) (1,050,532) (12,003,071) Total capital assets \$ 6,322,866 \$ 7,374,183 13,697,049 Total noncurrent assets \$ 7,308,995 \$ 7,493,553 14,802,548 Total assets \$ 8,826,024 \$ 7,508,069 \$ 16,334,093 DEFERRED OUTSLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items \$ 7,909 1,821 9,730 OPEB related items 7,909 1,821 9,730 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 105,700 \$ 24,310 \$ 130,010 LIABLITIES Current liabilities \$ 48,656 \$ 13,052 \$ 61,708 Accounts payable \$ 48,656 \$ 13,052 \$ 61,708 Accounts payable asserts payable \$ 48,656 \$ 13,052 \$ 61,708 Account interest payable asserts payable		Ф	- ⊅	, , ,	
Infrastructure	•		- 565 617	•	
Accumulated depreciation (10,962,539) (1,050,532) (12,003,071) Total capital assets \$ 6,322,866 7,374,183 13,687,049 Total assets \$ 7,308,995 7,493,553 14,802,548 Total assets \$ 8,826,024 7,508,069 \$ 16,334,093 DEFERRED OUTELOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items 97,791 \$ 22,489 \$ 120,280 OPEB related items 7,909 1,821 9,730 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 105,700 \$ 24,310 \$ 130,010 LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts lapable \$ 48,656 \$ 13,052 \$ 61,708 Accound liabilities 10,158 3,314 13,472 Due to other funds 25,899 59,363 36,262 Accrued liabilities 74,375 2,246,275 2,328,647 Customer deposits 74,375 1,201,840 1,201,840 Bonds payable - current portion 218,919 8,270,841 8,489,760 Compensated absences - current port			,		
Total capital assets \$ 6.322_866 \$ 7.374_183 \$ 13.697_049 Total noncurrent assets \$ 7.308_995 \$ 7.493_553 \$ 14.802_548 Total assets \$ 8.826_024 \$ 7.508_069 \$ 16.334_093 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items \$ 97.791 \$ 22.489 \$ 120_280 OPEB related items \$ 7.909 \$ 1.821 9.730 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 105,700 \$ 24_310 \$ 130,010 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 48,656 \$ 13.052 \$ 61,708 Accrued liabilities \$ 10,158 3,314 13.472 Due to other funds \$ 25,899 59,363 85,262 Accrued interest payable \$ 82,372 2,246_275 2,328_647 Customer deposits 74,375 - 74,375 Other obligations - current portion \$ 218,919 8,270,841 8,489,760 Compensated absences - current portion \$ 32,142 35,774 67,916 Total current liabilities \$ 15,7076 36,691 195,767 Compensated absences - net of current portion \$ 5,619,167 \$ 662,323 \$ 6,281,490 Net OPEB liabilities \$ 16,7076 36,691 195,767 Compensated absences - net of current portion \$ 10,714 11,924 22,638 Net pension liability \$ 424,558 72,948 497,506 Total current liabilities \$ 6,211,515 \$ 785,866 6,997,401 Total liabilities \$ 73,203 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items \$ 73,203 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items \$ 73,203 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items \$ 73,203 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items \$ 73,203 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items \$ 73,203 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items \$ 73,203 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items \$ 73,203 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items \$ 73,203 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items \$ 73,203 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items \$ 73,203 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items \$ 73,203 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items \$ 73,007 \$ 81,007 \$ 81,007 \$ 81,007					
Total noncurrent assets Total assets \$ 7,308,995 \$ 7,493,553 \$ 14,802,548 Total assets \$ 8,826,024 \$ 7,508,069 \$ 16,334,093 DEFERRED OUTLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items \$ 97,791 \$ 22,489 \$ 120,280 OPEB related items 7,909 1,821 9,730 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 105,700 \$ 24,310 \$ 130,010 LIABLITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 48,656 \$ 13,052 \$ 61,708 Accounts payable \$ 48,656 \$ 13,052 \$ 61,708 Accrued liabilities \$ 25,899 \$ 9,363 \$ 5,262 Accrued interest payable \$ 23,372 \$ 2,246,275 \$ 2,328,647 Customer deposits 74,375 \$ 74,375 \$ 74,375 Other obligations - current portion \$ 218,919 \$ 270,841 \$ 489,760 Bonds payable - current portion \$ 218,919 \$ 270,841 \$ 489,760 Total current liabilities \$ 15,076 \$ 662,323 \$	· ·	<u>s</u> _			
Total assets \$ 8,86,024 \$ 7,508,069 \$ 16,334,093	·				
Pension related items		· -			
Pension related items \$ 97,791 \$ 22,489 \$ 120,280 OPEB related items 7,909 1,821 9,730 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 105,700 \$ 24,310 \$ 130,010 LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable \$ 48,656 \$ 13,052 \$ 61,708 Accrued liabilities 10,158 3,314 13,472 Due to other funds 25,899 59,363 85,262 Accrued interest payable 82,372 2,246,275 2,328,647 Customer deposits 74,375 - 74,375 Other obligations - current portion 218,919 8,270,841 8,489,760 Other obligations - current portion 218,919 8,270,841 8,489,760 Compensated absences - current portion 32,142 35,774 67,916 Total current liabilities 157,076 38,691 195,767 Compensated absences - net of current portion 5,619,167 662,323 6,281,490 Net pension liabilities 157,076 38,691		· _		+	
OPEB related items 7,909 1,821 9,730 Total deferred outflows of resources 105,700 24,310 \$ 130,010 LABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable 48,656 13,052 61,708 Accrued liabilities 10,158 3,314 13,472 Due to other funds 25,899 59,363 85,262 Accrued interest payable 82,372 2,246,275 2,328,647 Customer deposits 74,375 - 74,375 Other obligations - current portion 218,919 8,270,841 8,489,760 Compensated absences - current portion 32,142 35,774 67,916 Total current liabilities 157,076 38,691 195,767 Compensated absences - net of current portion 5,619,167 662,323 6,281,490 Net OPEB liabilities 157,076 38,691 195,767 Compensated absences - net of current portion 10,714 11,924 22,638 Net pension liabilities 5,621,1515 785,886 6,997,401<	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
OPEB related items 7,909 1,821 9,730 Total deferred outflows of resources 105,700 24,310 130,010 LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable 48,656 13,052 61,708 Accrued liabilities 10,158 3,314 13,472 Due to other funds 25,899 59,633 85,262 Accrued interest payable 82,372 2,246,275 2,328,647 Customer deposits 74,375 1,201,840 1,201,840 Bonds payable - current portion 218,919 8,270,841 8,489,70 Compensated absences - current portion 32,142 35,774 67,916 Total current liabilities 157,076 38,691 195,767 Compensated absences - net of current portion 157,076 38,691 195,767 Compensated absences - net of current portion 10,714 11,924 22,638 Net pension liabilities 157,076 38,691 195,767 Compensated absences - net of current portion 10,714 11,924	Pension related items	\$	97,791 \$	22,489 \$	120,280
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 48,656 \$ 13,052 \$ 61,708 Accounts payable \$ 48,656 \$ 13,052 \$ 61,708 Accrued liabilities 10,158 3,314 13,472 Due to other funds 25,899 59,363 85,262 Accrued interest payable 82,372 2,246,275 2,328,647 Customer deposits 74,375 - 74,375 Other obligations - current portion 218,919 8,270,841 8,489,760 Bonds payable - current portion 32,142 35,774 67,916 Total current liabilities \$ 492,521 \$ 11,830,459 \$ 12,322,980 Noncurrent liabilities: \$ 157,076 38,691 19,576 Bonds payable - net of current portion \$ 157,076 38,691 195,767 Net OPEB liabilities 157,076 38,691 195,767 Compensated absences - net of current portion 10,714 11,924 22,638 Net pension liability 424,558 72,948 497,506 Total incurrent liabilities \$ 6,211,515 \$ 785,886 \$ 6,997,401 Total inabilities \$ 6,704,036 \$ 12,616,345 \$ 19,320,381 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items \$ 73,230 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items \$ 73,230 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related item	OPEB related items		7,909		
Current liabilities:	Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	105,700 \$	24,310 \$	130,010
Current liabilities:	LIARILITIES				
Accounts payable \$ 48,656 \$ 13,052 \$ 61,708 Accrued liabilities 10,158 3,314 13,472 Due to other funds 25,899 59,363 85,262 Accrued interest payable 82,372 2,246,275 2,328,647 Customer deposits 74,375 - 74,375 Other obligations - current portion - 1,201,840 1,201,840 Bonds payable - current portion 218,919 8,270,841 8,489,760 Compensated absences - current portion 32,142 35,774 67,916 Total current liabilities \$ 492,521 11,830,459 12,322,980 Noncurrent liabilities: \$ 5,619,167 662,323 6,281,490 Net OPEB liabilities 157,076 38,691 195,767 Compensated absences - net of current portion 10,714 11,924 22,638 Net pension liability 424,558 72,948 497,506 Total noncurrent liabilities 5,6211,515 785,886 6,997,401 Total liabilities 73,230 8,029 81,259 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Accrued liabilities 10,158 3,314 13,472 Due to other funds 25,899 59,363 85,262 Accrued interest payable 82,372 2,246,275 2,328,647 Customer deposits 74,375 - 74,375 - 74,375 Other obligations - current portion 218,919 8,270,841 8,489,760 Bonds payable - current portion 32,142 35,774 67,916 Total current liabilities: \$492,521 \$11,830,459 \$12,322,980 Noncurrent liabilities: \$5,619,167 662,323 6,281,490 Net OPEB liabilities \$157,076 38,691 195,767 Compensated absences - net of current portion \$10,714 11,924 22,638 Net pension liability 424,558 72,948 497,506 Total noncurrent liabilities \$6,211,515 785,886 6,997,401 Total liabilities \$6,211,515 785,886 6,997,401 Total liabilities \$73,230 8,029 81,259 Pension related items \$73,230 8,029 81,259		\$	48.656 \$	13.052 \$	61.708
Due to other funds 25,899 59,363 85,262 Accrued interest payable 82,372 2,246,275 2,328,647 Customer deposits 74,375 - 74,375 Other obligations - current portion - 1,201,840 1,201,840 Bonds payable - current portion 218,919 8,270,841 8,489,760 Compensated absences - current portion 32,142 35,774 67,916 Total current liabilities 492,521 11,830,459 12,322,980 Noncurrent liabilities 5,619,167 662,323 6,281,490 Net OPEB liabilities 157,076 38,691 195,767 Compensated absences - net of current portion 10,714 11,924 22,638 Net pension liability 424,558 72,948 497,506 Total noncurrent liabilities 5,6211,515 785,886 6,997,401 Total liabilities 73,230 8,029 81,259 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 73,230 8,029 81,259 Pension related items 73,230 8,029 8,365<		•	, ,	, ,	,
Customer deposits 74,375 - 74,375 Other obligations - current portion - 1,201,840 1,201,840 Bonds payable - current portion 218,919 8,270,841 8,489,760 Compensated absences - current portion 32,142 35,774 67,916 Total current liabilities ** 492,521 11,830,459 12,322,980 Noncurrent liabilities ** 492,521 11,830,459 12,322,980 Noncurrent liabilities ** 492,521 11,830,459 12,322,980 Noncurrent liabilities ** 5,619,167 662,323 6,281,490 Net OPEB liabilities 157,076 38,691 195,767 Compensated absences - net of current portion 10,714 11,924 22,638 Net pension liabilities \$ 6,211,515 785,886 6,997,401 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 6,704,036 12,616,345 19,320,381 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES ** 73,230 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related item	Due to other funds				
Other obligations - current portion 1,201,840 1,201,840 Bonds payable - current portion 218,919 8,270,841 8,489,760 Compensated absences - current portion 32,142 35,774 67,916 Total current liabilities \$ 492,521 \$ 11,830,459 \$ 12,322,980 Noncurrent liabilities: \$ 5,619,167 \$ 662,323 \$ 6,281,490 Net OPEB liabilities \$ 157,076 38,691 195,767 Compensated absences - net of current portion \$ 10,714 \$ 11,924 22,638 Net pension liability 424,558 72,948 497,506 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 6,211,515 785,886 6,997,401 Total liabilities \$ 6,704,036 \$ 12,616,345 19,320,381 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items \$ 73,230 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items \$ 13,869 3,237 17,106 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 87,099 \$ 11,266 98,365 Net investment in capital assets \$ 940,822 \$ (1,558,981) \$	Accrued interest payable		82,372	2,246,275	2,328,647
Bonds payable - current portion 218,919 8,270,841 8,489,760 Compensated absences - current portion 32,142 35,774 67,916 Total current liabilities \$ 492,521 11,830,459 12,322,980 Noncurrent liabilities: \$ 5,619,167 662,323 6,281,490 Net OPEB liabilities 157,076 38,691 195,767 Compensated absences - net of current portion 10,714 11,924 22,638 Net pension liability 424,558 72,948 497,506 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 6,211,515 785,886 6,997,401 Total liabilities \$ 6,704,036 12,616,345 19,320,381 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items \$ 73,230 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items 13,869 3,237 17,106 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 87,099 \$ 11,266 98,365 Net investment in capital assets \$ 940,822 \$ (1,558,981) \$ (618,159) Restricted for debt service and bond covenants 530,087 119,370 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>74,375</td> <td>-</td> <td>74,375</td>			74,375	-	74,375
Compensated absences - current portion 32,142 35,774 67,916 Total current liabilities \$ 492,521 \$ 11,830,459 \$ 12,322,980 Noncurrent liabilities: Bonds payable - net of current portion \$ 5,619,167 \$ 662,323 \$ 6,281,490 Net OPEB liabilities 157,076 38,691 195,767 Compensated absences - net of current portion 10,714 11,924 22,638 Net pension liability 424,558 72,948 497,506 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 6,211,515 785,886 \$ 6,997,401 Total liabilities \$ 6,704,036 12,616,345 19,320,381 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items \$ 73,230 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items \$ 13,869 3,237 17,106 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 87,099 \$ 11,266 98,365 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 940,822 \$ (1,558,981) \$ (618,159) Restricted for debt service and bond covenants 530,087	Other obligations - current portion		-	1,201,840	1,201,840
Noncurrent liabilities			218,919	8,270,841	8,489,760
Noncurrent liabilities: Bonds payable - net of current portion \$ 5,619,167 \$ 662,323 \$ 6,281,490 Net OPEB liabilities 157,076 38,691 195,767 Compensated absences - net of current portion 10,714 11,924 22,638 Net pension liability 424,558 72,948 497,506 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 6,211,515 \$ 785,886 \$ 6,997,401 Total liabilities \$ 6,704,036 \$ 12,616,345 \$ 19,320,381 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items \$ 73,230 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items \$ 13,869 3,237 17,106 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 87,099 \$ 11,266 \$ 98,365 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 940,822 \$ (1,558,981) \$ (618,159) Restricted for debt service and bond covenants 530,087 119,370 649,457 Unrestricted 669,680 (3,655,621) (2,985,941)	Compensated absences - current portion		- ,		
Bonds payable - net of current portion \$ 5,619,167 \$ 662,323 \$ 6,281,490 Net OPEB liabilities 157,076 38,691 195,767 Compensated absences - net of current portion 10,714 11,924 22,638 Net pension liability 424,558 72,948 497,506 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 6,211,515 \$ 785,886 \$ 6,997,401 Total liabilities \$ 6,704,036 \$ 12,616,345 \$ 19,320,381 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items \$ 73,230 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items 13,869 3,237 17,106 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 87,099 \$ 11,266 \$ 98,365 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 940,822 \$ (1,558,981) \$ (618,159) Restricted for debt service and bond covenants 530,087 119,370 649,457 Unrestricted 669,680 (3,655,621) (2,985,941)	Total current liabilities	\$	492,521 \$	<u>11,830,459</u> \$	12,322,980
Bonds payable - net of current portion \$ 5,619,167 \$ 662,323 \$ 6,281,490 Net OPEB liabilities 157,076 38,691 195,767 Compensated absences - net of current portion 10,714 11,924 22,638 Net pension liability 424,558 72,948 497,506 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 6,211,515 \$ 785,886 \$ 6,997,401 Total liabilities \$ 6,704,036 \$ 12,616,345 \$ 19,320,381 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items \$ 73,230 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items 13,869 3,237 17,106 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 87,099 \$ 11,266 \$ 98,365 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 940,822 \$ (1,558,981) \$ (618,159) Restricted for debt service and bond covenants 530,087 119,370 649,457 Unrestricted 669,680 (3,655,621) (2,985,941)	Niegowynost Pak Wood				
Net OPEB liabilities 157,076 38,691 195,767 Compensated absences - net of current portion 10,714 11,924 22,638 Net pension liability 424,558 72,948 497,506 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 6,211,515 785,886 6,997,401 Total liabilities \$ 6,704,036 \$ 12,616,345 19,320,381 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items \$ 73,230 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items 13,869 3,237 17,106 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 87,099 \$ 11,266 98,365 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 940,822 \$ (1,558,981) \$ (618,159) Restricted for debt service and bond covenants 530,087 119,370 649,457 Unrestricted 669,680 (3,655,621) (2,985,941)		Φ.	5 040 407 M	000,000 #	0.004.400
Compensated absences - net of current portion 10,714 11,924 22,638 Net pension liability 424,558 72,948 497,506 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 6,211,515 785,886 6,997,401 Total liabilities \$ 6,704,036 12,616,345 19,320,381 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items \$ 73,230 8,029 81,259 OPEB related items 13,869 3,237 17,106 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 87,099 11,266 98,365 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 940,822 (1,558,981) (618,159) Restricted for debt service and bond covenants 530,087 119,370 649,457 Unrestricted 669,680 (3,655,621) (2,985,941)		\$			
Net pension liability 424,558 72,948 497,506 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 6,211,515 \$ 785,886 \$ 6,997,401 Total liabilities \$ 6,704,036 \$ 12,616,345 \$ 19,320,381 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items \$ 73,230 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items \$ 13,869 3,237 17,106 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 87,099 \$ 11,266 \$ 98,365 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 940,822 \$ (1,558,981) \$ (618,159) Restricted for debt service and bond covenants 530,087 119,370 649,457 Unrestricted 669,680 (3,655,621) (2,985,941)					
Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 6,211,515 \$ 785,886 \$ 6,997,401					
Total liabilities \$ 6,704,036 \$ 12,616,345 \$ 19,320,381 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items \$ 73,230 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items 13,869 3,237 17,106 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 87,099 \$ 11,266 \$ 98,365 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 940,822 \$ (1,558,981) \$ (618,159) Restricted for debt service and bond covenants 530,087 119,370 649,457 Unrestricted 669,680 (3,655,621) (2,985,941)					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items \$ 73,230 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items 13,869 3,237 17,106 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 87,099 \$ 11,266 \$ 98,365 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 940,822 \$ (1,558,981) \$ (618,159) Restricted for debt service and bond covenants 530,087 119,370 649,457 Unrestricted 669,680 (3,655,621) (2,985,941)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Pension related items \$ 73,230 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items 13,869 3,237 17,106 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 87,099 11,266 \$ 98,365 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 940,822 (1,558,981) (618,159) Restricted for debt service and bond covenants 530,087 119,370 649,457 Unrestricted 669,680 (3,655,621) (2,985,941)	Total habilities	Ψ	0,704,030 ψ	12,010,043 ψ	19,520,501
Pension related items \$ 73,230 \$ 8,029 \$ 81,259 OPEB related items 13,869 3,237 17,106 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 87,099 11,266 \$ 98,365 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 940,822 (1,558,981) (618,159) Restricted for debt service and bond covenants 530,087 119,370 649,457 Unrestricted 669,680 (3,655,621) (2,985,941)	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
OPEB related items 13,869 3,237 17,106 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 87,099 \$ 11,266 \$ 98,365 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 940,822 \$ (1,558,981) \$ (618,159) Restricted for debt service and bond covenants 530,087 119,370 649,457 Unrestricted 669,680 (3,655,621) (2,985,941)		\$	73.230 \$	8.029 \$	81.259
NET POSITION \$ 940,822 \$ (1,558,981) \$ (618,159) Restricted for debt service and bond covenants 530,087 119,370 649,457 Unrestricted 669,680 (3,655,621) (2,985,941)		•			
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 940,822 \$ (1,558,981) \$ (618,159) Restricted for debt service and bond covenants 530,087 119,370 649,457 Unrestricted 669,680 (3,655,621) (2,985,941)		\$			
Net investment in capital assets \$ 940,822 \$ (1,558,981) \$ (618,159) Restricted for debt service and bond covenants 530,087 119,370 649,457 Unrestricted 669,680 (3,655,621) (2,985,941)		· <u>—</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · ·	
Restricted for debt service and bond covenants 530,087 119,370 649,457 Unrestricted 669,680 (3,655,621) (2,985,941)	NET POSITION				
Restricted for debt service and bond covenants 530,087 119,370 649,457 Unrestricted 669,680 (3,655,621) (2,985,941)	Net investment in capital assets	\$	940,822 \$	(1,558,981) \$	(618,159)
	Restricted for debt service and bond covenants		530,087	119,370	649,457
Total net position \$ 2,140,589 \$ (5,095,232) \$ (2,954,643)					
	Total net position	\$	2,140,589 \$	(5,095,232) \$	(2,954,643)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

OPERATING REVENUES Course Total Charges for services: \$ 1,016,026 \$ \$ \$ \$ 1,016,026 \$ 1,016,026 \$ 1,016,026 \$ 889,872 \$ 89,872 \$ 889,872 \$ 889,872 \$ 89,872 \$ 89,872 \$ 89,872 \$ 89,872 \$ 89,872 \$ 89,872 \$ 89,872 \$ 89,872 \$ 89,872 \$ 89,872 \$ 89,872 \$ 89,273 \$ 152,743 \$ 152,743 \$ 19,645 \$ 19,645 \$ 19,645 \$ 19,645 \$ 19,645 \$ 17,660 \$ 17,860 \$ 17,861 \$ 17,861 \$ 17,861			E	nterprise Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services: Water revenues \$ 1,016,026 \$ - \$ 1,016,026 Sewer revenues 889,872 - 889,872 - 53,515 Penalties 53,515 - 53,515 - 53,515 Course fees 108,380 108,380 108,380 Golf cults and balls - 17,130 1,176 1,20 1			Water & Sewer	Golf	
Charges for services: Water revenues \$ 1,016,026 \$ - \$ 1,016,026 Sewer revenues 889,872 - 889,872 Penalties 53,515 - 53,515 Course fees - 108,380 108,380 Golf cart rentals - 152,793 152,793 Golf clubs and balls - 17,130 17,130 Meter service charges 45,074 - 45,074 Reconnection fees and other charges 19,645 - 19,645 Food and beverage sales - 1,786 1,786 Total operating revenues 2,024,132 303,096 2,327,228 OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services \$ 657,418 210,313 867,731 Fringe benefits 205,130 65,745 270,875 Contractual services 39,117 - 39,117 - 39,117 Contractual services 819,102 152,743 971,845 Depreciation 439,516 49,315 488,831 Rentals and leases - 31,051 31,051 Total operating expenses 2,160,283			Fund	Course	Total
Charges for services: Water revenues \$ 1,016,026 \$ - \$ 1,016,026 Sewer revenues 889,872 - 889,872 Penalties 53,515 - 53,515 Course fees - 108,380 108,380 Golf cart rentals - 152,793 152,793 Golf clubs and balls - 17,130 17,130 Meter service charges 45,074 - 45,074 Reconnection fees and other charges 19,645 - 19,645 Food and beverage sales - 1,786 1,786 Total operating revenues 2,024,132 303,096 2,327,228 OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services \$ 657,418 210,313 867,731 Fringe benefits 205,130 65,745 270,875 Contractual services 39,117 - 39,117 - 39,117 Contractual services 819,102 152,743 971,845 Depreciation 439,516 49,315 488,831 Rentals and leases - 31,051 31,051 Total operating expenses 2,160,283					
Water revenues \$ 1,016,026 \$ \$ \$ 1,016,026 \$ Sewer revenues 889,872 \$ 889,872 \$ 889,872 \$ 889,872 \$ 889,872 \$ 53,515 \$ 53,617 \$ 45,074 \$ 45,074 \$ 67,741 \$ 67,741 \$ 67,741 \$ 67,741 \$ 67,731 \$ 67,731 \$ 77,875 \$ 77,875 \$ 77,875 \$ 77,875 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Sewer revenues 889,872 - 889,872 Penalties 53,515 - 53,515 Course fees 108,380 108,380 Golf cart rentals - 152,793 152,793 Golf clubs and balls - 17,130 17,130 Meter service charges 45,074 - 45,074 Reconnection fees and other charges 19,645 - 19,645 Food and beverage sales - 1,786 1,786 1,786 Total operating revenues - 1,786 1,786 1,786 Total operating revenues - 1,786 1,786 1,786 Total operating revenues - 2,024,132 303,096 2,327,228 OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services 657,418 210,313 867,731 Fringe benefits 205,130 65,745 270,875 Contractual services 39,117 - 39,117 Other charges 819,102 152,743 971,845 Depre	· ·	¢	1 016 026 ¢	¢	1 016 026
Penalties 53,515 - 53,515 Course fees - 108,380 108,380 Golf cart rentals - 152,793 152,793 Golf clubs and balls - 17,130 152,793 Meter service charges 45,074 - 45,074 Reconnection fees and other charges 19,645 - 19,645 Food and beverage sales - 23,007 23,007 Miscellaneous - 1,786 1,786 Total operating revenues \$ 2,024,132 \$ 303,096 \$ 2,327,228 OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services \$ 657,418 \$ 210,313 \$ 867,731 Fringe benefits 205,130 65,745 270,875 Contractual services 39,117 - 39,117 Other charges 819,102 152,743 971,845 Depreciation 439,516 49,315 488,831 Rentals and leases - 31,051 31,051 488,831 Total operating expenses \$ 15		Φ		- φ	
Course fees 108,380 108,380 Golf cart rentals - 152,793 152,793 Golf clubs and balls - 17,130 17,130 Meter service charges 45,074 - 45,074 Reconnection fees and other charges 19,645 - 19,645 Food and beverage sales - 2,3007 23,007 Miscellaneous - 1,786 1,786 Total operating revenues 2,024,132 303,096 2,327,228 OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services 657,418 210,313 867,731 Fringe benefits 205,130 65,745 270,875 Contractual services 39,117 - 39,117 Other charges 819,102 152,743 971,845 Depreciation 439,516 49,315 488,831 Rentals and leases - 31,051 31,051 Total operating expenses (136,151) (206,071) (342,222) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 1 (495,				-	
Golf cart rentals - 152,793 152,793 Golf clubs and balls - 17,130 17,130 Meter service charges 45,074 - 45,074 Reconnection fees and other charges 19,645 - 19,645 Food and beverage sales - 23,007 23,007 Miscellaneous - 1,786 1,786 Total operating revenues * 2,024,132 \$303,096 \$2,327,228 OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services \$657,418 \$210,313 \$867,731 Fringe benefits 205,130 65,745 270,875 Contractual services 39,117 - 39,117 Other charges 819,102 152,743 971,845 Depreciation 439,516 49,315 488,831 Rentals and leases - 31,051 31,051 Total operating expenses \$15,970 \$34,051 348,657 Operating income (loss) \$15,970 \$15,970 \$15,970 Interest evenue <td></td> <td></td> <td>33,313</td> <td>108 380</td> <td></td>			33,313	108 380	
Golf clubs and balls - 17,130 17,130 Meter service charges 45,074 - 45,074 Reconnection fees and other charges 19,645 - 23,007 23,007 Miscellaneous - 1,786 1,786 1,786 Total operating revenues \$ 2,024,132 \$ 303,096 \$ 2,327,228 OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services \$ 657,418 \$ 210,313 \$ 867,731 Fringe benefits 205,130 65,745 270,875 Contractual services 39,117 - 39,117 Other charges 819,102 152,743 971,845 Depreciation 439,516 49,315 488,831 Rentals and leases 31,051 31,051 31,051 Total operating expenses \$ 2,160,283 509,167 \$ 2,669,450 Operating income (loss) \$ (136,151) (206,071) (342,222) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) \$ 15,970 \$ 15,970 \$ 15,970 \$ (495,700) \$ (794,206) Interest			_		
Meter service charges 45,074 - 45,074 Reconnection fees and other charges 19,645 - 19,645 Food and beverage sales - 23,007 23,007 Miscellaneous - 1,786 1,786 Total operating revenues \$ 2,024,132 \$ 303,096 \$ 2,327,228 OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services \$ 657,418 \$ 210,313 \$ 867,731 Fringe benefits 205,130 65,745 270,875 Contractual services 39,117 15 39,117 Other charges 819,102 152,743 971,845 Depreciation 439,516 49,315 488,831 Rentals and leases - 31,051 31,051 Total operating expenses \$ 2,160,283 509,167 \$ 2,669,450 Operating income (loss) \$ (136,151) (206,071) (342,222) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) \$ 15,970 \$ 15,970 \$ 15,970 Interest revenue \$ 15,970 \$ (495,700) \$ (1794,206) <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>•</td> <td></td>			_	•	
Reconnection fees and other charges 19,645 - 19,645 Food and beverage sales - 23,007 23,007 Miscellaneous - 1,786 1,786 Total operating revenues \$ 2,024,132 \$ 303,096 \$ 2,327,228 OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services \$ 657,418 \$ 210,313 \$ 867,731 Fringe benefits 205,130 65,745 270,875 Contractual services 39,117 - 39,117 Other charges 819,102 152,743 971,845 Depreciation 439,516 49,315 488,831 Rentals and leases - 31,051 31,051 Total operating expenses \$ 2,160,283 509,167 \$ 2,669,450 Operating income (loss) \$ (136,151) (206,071) \$ (342,222) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 15,970 \$ - \$ 15,970 Interest revenue \$ 15,970 \$ - \$ 15,970 Interest revenue \$ (314,476) (495,700) (810,176)			45.074	17,130	
Food and beverage sales - 23,007 23,007 Miscellaneous - 1,786 1,786 Total operating revenues \$ 2,024,132 303,096 2,327,228 OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services \$ 657,418 \$ 210,313 \$ 867,731 Fringe benefits 205,130 65,745 270,875 Contractual services 39,117 - 39,117 Other charges 819,102 152,743 971,845 Depreciation 439,516 49,315 488,831 Rentals and leases - 31,051 31,051 Total operating expenses \$ (136,151) (206,071) (342,222) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest revenue \$ 15,970 - \$ 15,970 Interest expense (314,476) (495,700) (810,176) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (298,506) (495,700) (794,206) Income before transfers \$ (434,657) (701,771) (1,136,428) Change in net position \$ (434,657)			,	_	
Miscellaneous 1,786 1,786 Total operating revenues \$ 2,024,132 \$ 303,096 \$ 2,327,228 OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services \$ 657,418 \$ 210,313 \$ 867,731 Finge benefits 205,130 65,745 270,875 Contractual services 39,117 - 39,117 Other charges 819,102 152,743 971,845 Depreciation 439,516 49,315 488,831 Rentals and leases - 31,051 31,051 31,051 Total operating expenses \$ 2,160,283 509,167 2,669,450 Operating income (loss) \$ (136,151) (206,071) (342,222) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest revenue \$ 15,970 \$ - \$ 15,970 (15,970) (810,176) Interest expense (314,476) (495,700) (810,176) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (298,506) (495,700) (794,206) Income before transfers \$ (434,657) (701,771) (1,136,428) Change in net position <t< td=""><td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td><td></td><td>10,040</td><td>23 007</td><td></td></t<>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		10,040	23 007	
Total operating revenues \$ 2,024,132 \$ 303,096 \$ 2,327,228 OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services \$ 657,418 \$ 210,313 \$ 867,731 Fringe benefits 205,130 65,745 270,875 Contractual services 39,117 - 39,117 Other charges 819,102 152,743 971,845 Depreciation 439,516 49,315 488,831 Rentals and leases - 31,051 31,051 31,051 Total operating expenses \$ 2,160,283 509,167 \$ 2,669,450 Operating income (loss) \$ (136,151) (206,071) (342,222) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest revenue \$ 15,970 - \$ 15,970 Interest expense (314,476) (495,700) (810,176) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (298,506) \$ (495,700) \$ (794,206) Income before transfers \$ (434,657) \$ (701,771) \$ (1,136,428) Transfers in \$ - \$ 254,018 254,018 Change in net position \$ (434,657) \$			_		
OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services \$ 657,418 \$ 210,313 \$ 867,731 Fringe benefits 205,130 65,745 270,875 Contractual services 39,117 - 39,117 Other charges 819,102 152,743 971,845 Depreciation 439,516 49,315 488,831 Rentals and leases - 31,051 31,051 Total operating expenses \$ 2,160,283 \$ 509,167 \$ 2,669,450 Operating income (loss) \$ (136,151) \$ (206,071) \$ (342,222) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) \$ 15,970 \$ - \$ 15,970 Interest revenue \$ 15,970 \$ - \$ 15,970 Interest expense (314,476) (495,700) (810,176) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (298,506) \$ (495,700) \$ (794,206) Income before transfers \$ (434,657) \$ (701,771) \$ (1,136,428) Transfers in \$ - \$ 254,018 \$ 254,018 Change in net position \$ (434,657) \$ (447,753) \$ (882,410) Total net position - beginning 2,575,246 (4,647,479) (2,072,233)		<u>s</u>	2 024 132 \$		
Personal services \$ 657,418 \$ 210,313 \$ 867,731 Fringe benefits 205,130 65,745 270,875 Contractual services 39,117 - 39,117 Other charges 819,102 152,743 971,845 Depreciation 439,516 49,315 488,831 Rentals and leases - 31,051 31,051 Total operating expenses \$ 2,160,283 \$ 509,167 \$ 2,669,450 Operating income (loss) \$ (136,151) \$ (206,071) \$ (342,222) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest revenue \$ 15,970 \$ - \$ 15,970 Interest expense (314,476) (495,700) (810,176) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (298,506) \$ (495,700) \$ (794,206) Income before transfers \$ (434,657) \$ (701,771) \$ (1,136,428) Transfers in \$ 254,018 \$ 254,018 Change in net position \$ (434,657) \$ (447,753) \$ (882,410) Total net position - beginning 2,575,246 (4,647,479) (2,072,233)	Total operating foreings	Ψ_	Σ,02 1,102 φ	Ψ	2,021,220
Fringe benefits 205,130 65,745 270,875 Contractual services 39,117 - 39,117 Other charges 819,102 152,743 971,845 Depreciation 439,516 49,315 488,831 Rentals and leases - 31,051 31,051 Total operating expenses \$ 2,160,283 \$ 509,167 \$ 2,669,450 Operating income (loss) \$ (136,151) (206,071) \$ (342,222) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest revenue \$ 15,970 - \$ 15,970 Interest expense (314,476) (495,700) (810,176) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (298,506) \$ (495,700) \$ (794,206) Income before transfers \$ (434,657) \$ (701,771) \$ (1,136,428) Transfers in \$ - \$ 254,018 \$ 254,018 Change in net position \$ (434,657) \$ (447,753) (882,410)	OPERATING EXPENSES				
Contractual services 39,117 - 39,117 Other charges 819,102 152,743 971,845 Depreciation 439,516 49,315 488,831 Rentals and leases - 31,051 31,051 Total operating expenses \$ 2,160,283 \$ 509,167 \$ 2,669,450 Operating income (loss) \$ (136,151) \$ (206,071) \$ (342,222) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest revenue \$ 15,970 - \$ 15,970 Interest expense (314,476) (495,700) (810,176) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (298,506) \$ (495,700) (794,206) Income before transfers \$ (434,657) \$ (701,771) \$ (1,136,428) Transfers in \$ - \$ 254,018 \$ 254,018 Change in net position \$ (434,657) \$ (447,753) \$ (882,410) Total net position - beginning 2,575,246 (4,647,479) (2,072,233)	Personal services	\$	657,418 \$	210,313 \$	867,731
Other charges 819,102 152,743 971,845 Depreciation 439,516 49,315 488,831 Rentals and leases - 31,051 31,051 Total operating expenses \$ 2,160,283 \$ 509,167 \$ 2,669,450 Operating income (loss) \$ (136,151) \$ (206,071) \$ (342,222) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) * 15,970 - \$ 15,970 Interest revenue \$ (314,476) (495,700) (810,176) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (298,506) \$ (495,700) \$ (794,206) Income before transfers \$ (434,657) \$ (701,771) \$ (1,136,428) Transfers in \$ - \$ 254,018 \$ 254,018 Change in net position \$ (434,657) \$ (447,753) (882,410) Total net position - beginning 2,575,246 (4,647,479) (2,072,233)	Fringe benefits		205,130	65,745	270,875
Depreciation Rentals and leases Total operating expenses 439,516 2,160,283 \$ 509,167 \$ 2,669,450 488,831 31,051 31,051 31,051 31,051 31,051 \$ 2,160,283 \$ 509,167 \$ 2,669,450 Operating income (loss) \$ (136,151) \$ (206,071) \$ (342,222) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) \$ 15,970 \$ - \$ 15,970 \$	Contractual services		39,117	-	39,117
Rentals and leases - 31,051 31,051 Total operating expenses \$ 2,160,283 \$ 509,167 \$ 2,669,450 Operating income (loss) \$ (136,151) \$ (206,071) \$ (342,222) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest revenue \$ 15,970 - \$ 15,970 Interest expense (314,476) (495,700) (810,176) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (298,506) \$ (495,700) \$ (794,206) Income before transfers \$ (434,657) \$ (701,771) \$ (1,136,428) Transfers in \$ 254,018 \$ 254,018 Change in net position \$ (434,657) \$ (447,753) (882,410) Total net position - beginning 2,575,246 (4,647,479) (2,072,233)	Other charges		819,102	152,743	971,845
Total operating expenses \$ 2,160,283 \$ 509,167 \$ 2,669,450 Operating income (loss) \$ (136,151) \$ (206,071) \$ (342,222) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest revenue \$ 15,970 \$ - \$ 15,970 Interest expense (314,476) (495,700) (810,176) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (298,506) \$ (495,700) \$ (794,206) Income before transfers \$ (434,657) \$ (701,771) \$ (1,136,428) Transfers in \$ 254,018 \$ 254,018 Change in net position \$ (434,657) \$ (447,753) \$ (882,410) Total net position - beginning 2,575,246 (4,647,479) (2,072,233)	Depreciation		439,516	49,315	488,831
Operating income (loss) \$ (136,151) \$ (206,071) \$ (342,222) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest revenue \$ 15,970 \$ - \$ 15,970 Interest expense (314,476) (495,700) (810,176) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (298,506) \$ (495,700) \$ (794,206) Income before transfers \$ (434,657) \$ (701,771) \$ (1,136,428) Transfers in \$ - \$ 254,018 \$ 254,018 Change in net position \$ (434,657) \$ (447,753) \$ (882,410) Total net position - beginning 2,575,246 (4,647,479) (2,072,233)	Rentals and leases			31,051	31,051
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest revenue \$ 15,970 \$ - \$ 15,970 Interest expense (314,476) (495,700) (810,176) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (298,506) \$ (495,700) \$ (794,206) Income before transfers \$ (434,657) \$ (701,771) \$ (1,136,428) Transfers in \$ - \$ 254,018 \$ 254,018 Change in net position \$ (434,657) \$ (447,753) \$ (882,410) Total net position - beginning 2,575,246 (4,647,479) (2,072,233)	Total operating expenses	\$	2,160,283 \$	509,167 \$	2,669,450
Interest revenue \$ 15,970 \$ - \$ 15,970 Interest expense (314,476) (495,700) (810,176) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (298,506) \$ (495,700) \$ (794,206) Income before transfers \$ (434,657) \$ (701,771) \$ (1,136,428) Transfers in \$ - \$ 254,018 \$ 254,018 Change in net position \$ (434,657) \$ (447,753) \$ (882,410) Total net position - beginning 2,575,246 (4,647,479) (2,072,233)	Operating income (loss)	\$_	(136,151) \$	(206,071) \$	(342,222)
Interest revenue \$ 15,970 \$ - \$ 15,970 Interest expense (314,476) (495,700) (810,176) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (298,506) \$ (495,700) \$ (794,206) Income before transfers \$ (434,657) \$ (701,771) \$ (1,136,428) Transfers in \$ - \$ 254,018 \$ 254,018 Change in net position \$ (434,657) \$ (447,753) \$ (882,410) Total net position - beginning 2,575,246 (4,647,479) (2,072,233)	NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest expense (314,476) (495,700) (810,176) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (298,506) \$ (495,700) \$ (794,206) Income before transfers \$ (434,657) \$ (701,771) \$ (1,136,428) Transfers in \$ - \$ 254,018 \$ 254,018 Change in net position \$ (434,657) \$ (447,753) \$ (882,410) Total net position - beginning 2,575,246 (4,647,479) (2,072,233)		\$	15 970 \$	- \$	15 970
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ \frac{(298,506)}{(298,506)} \\$ \frac{(495,700)}{(495,700)} \\$ \frac{(794,206)}{(794,206)} \] Income before transfers \$ \frac{(434,657)}{(434,657)} \\$ \frac{(701,771)}{(701,771)} \\$ \frac{(1,136,428)}{(1,136,428)} \] Transfers in \$ \frac{-}{5} \frac{254,018}{5} \\$ \frac{254,018}{5} \\$ Change in net position \$ \frac{(434,657)}{5} \\$ \frac{(447,753)}{5} \\$ \frac{(882,410)}{5} \] Total net position - beginning \$ \frac{2,575,246}{5} \frac{(4,647,479)}{5} \frac{(2,072,233)}{5} \]		Ψ		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,
Income before transfers \$ (434,657) \$ (701,771) \$ (1,136,428) Transfers in \$ \$ 254,018 \$ 254,018 Change in net position \$ (434,657) \$ (447,753) \$ (882,410) Total net position - beginning 2,575,246 (4,647,479) (2,072,233)		\$			
Transfers in \$ \$ _ 254,018 \$ _ 254,018 Change in net position \$ (434,657) \$ (447,753) \$ (882,410) Total net position - beginning 2,575,246 _ (4,647,479) _ (2,072,233)	rotal horiopolating foreitude (expenses)	Ψ_	(200,000)	(100 <u>,100)</u> ψ	(101,200)
Change in net position \$ (434,657) \$ (447,753) \$ (882,410) Total net position - beginning 2,575,246 (4,647,479) (2,072,233)	Income before transfers	\$_	(434,657) \$	(701,771) \$	(1,136,428)
Total net position - beginning	Transfers in	\$_	\$	254,018 \$	254,018
	Change in net position	\$	(434,657) \$	(447,753) \$	(882,410)
	Total net position - beginning		2,575,246	(4,647,479)	(2,072,233)
		\$	2,140,589 \$	(5,095,232) \$	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

		En	terprise Funds	
		Water &	0.11	
		Sewer Fund	Golf Course	Total
	_			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers and users	\$	2,032,106 \$	303,918 \$	2,336,024
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees		(881,854)	(180,738)	(1,062,592)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$_	(932,599) 217,653 \$	(279,764) (156,584) \$	(1,212,363) 61,069
Net dash provided by (ased for) operating detivities	Ψ_	Σ17,000 ψ	(100,00 1) ψ	01,000
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING				
ACTIVITIES	•		0=4040	0=4040
Transfers from other funds	\$_	\$_	254,018 \$	254,018
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$	- \$	254,018 \$	254,018
activities	Ψ_		Σ54,016 φ	254,016
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of capital assets	\$	(109,737) \$	(26,750) \$	(136,487)
Principal payments on bonds		(130,614)	(16,542)	(147,156)
Interest expense	_	(315,976)	(43,094)	(359,070)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related	\$	(EEC 227) ¢	(06 206) ¢	(642.712)
financing activities	Φ_	(556,327) \$	(86,386) \$	(642,713)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest and dividends received	\$	15,970 \$	- \$	15,970
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	\$	15,970 \$	- \$	15,970
	•	(000 704) A	44.040	(044.050)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(322,704) \$	11,048 \$	(311,656)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning, including				
restricted cash of \$929,007 and \$108,322, respectively	_	2,467,057	116,161	2,583,218
Cash and cash equivalents - ending, including	•	0.444.050	407.000 0	0.074.500
restricted cash of \$986,129 and \$119,370, respectively	\$_	2,144,353 \$	127,209 \$	2,271,562
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(136,151) \$	(206,071) \$	(342,222)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	Ψ_	(100,101) ψ	(200,011) Ψ_	(012,222)
provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Depreciation	\$	439,516 \$	49,315 \$	488,831
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(14,925)	822	(14,103)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		6,027	2,109	8,136
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		22,852	(2,504)	20,348
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(4,283)	1,701 318	(2,582)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(40,386) (29,662)	947	(40,068) (28,715)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		(3,000)	341	(3,000)
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		25,899	_	25,899
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		4,662	1,414	6,076
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources		(58,551)	(5,606)	(64,157)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	_	5,655	971	6,626
Total adjustments	\$	353,804 \$	49,487 \$	403,291
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	217,653 \$	(156,584) \$	61,069

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2019

	-	Blues Education Foundation Private-Purpose Trust		Agency Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	9,635	\$	1,863
Total assets	\$_	9,635	\$	1,863
LIABILITIES Amounts held for social services clients Total liabilities	\$_ \$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,863 1,863
Total liabilities	Ψ=		Ψ	1,003
NET POSITION				
Restricted for grant awards	\$_	9,635	\$	
Total net position	\$_	9,635	\$	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2019

	-	Blues Education Foundation Private-Purpose Trust
ADDITIONS		
Contributions and events:		
Donations	\$	366
Event revenue	_	1,664
Total contributions	\$	2,030
Investment earnings:	-	
Interest	\$	9
Total investment earnings	\$	9
Total additions	\$_	2,039
DEDUCTIONS		
Grants awarded	\$	4,919
Total deductions	\$_	4,919
Change in net position	\$	(2,880)
Net position - beginning		12,515
Net position - ending	\$	9,635

CITY OF BUENA VISTA, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The financial statements of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Buena Vista, Virginia (government) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected sevenmember City Council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component unit, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended Component Units – The City has no blended component units for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Discretely Presented Component Units – The component unit column in the financial statements includes the financial data of the City's discretely presented component units. These component units are reported in separate columns to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City.

The Buena Vista City School Board operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the City. School Board members are popularly elected. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the City because the City approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The Buena Vista City School Board does not prepare separate financial statements.

The Buena Vista City School Board maintains an internal service fund entitled Health Insurance Fund that has been included in the discretely presented component unit financial statements. The purpose of this fund is to disclose the School Board's self-insured health insurance transactions for the fiscal year.

The Economic Development Authority of Buena Vista, Virginia is included as a component unit because the Authority's primary use of funds is to provide for economic development of the City, thereby benefiting the City even though it does not provide services directly to the City. The City is financially accountable to the Authority in that the City appoints the Authority's Board of Directors and has a financial indebtedness burden related to the Authority. The Economic Development Authority of Buena Vista, Virginia does prepare separate financial statements. Complete financial statements for the Authority may be obtained at the Authority's administrative office at 2039 Sycamore Avenue Buena Vista, Virginia 24416.

Other Organizations:

Included in the City's Financial Report: None

Excluded from the City's Financial Report:

Rockbridge Area Community Services Board:

The Rockbridge Area Community Services Board is considered an intergovernmental (joint) venture and therefore its operations are not included in the City's financial statements. The Cities of Lexington and Buena Vista and the County of Rockbridge provide the financial support for the Board and appoint its governing Board in which is vested the ability to execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. No one locality contributes more than 50% of the Board's funding or has oversight responsibility over its operations. Summary financial information is included in Note 5 of these financial statements. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Rockbridge Area Community Services Board.

A. Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

Other Organizations: (continued)

Maury Service Authority:

The Maury Service Authority is responsible for acquiring, financing, constructing, and maintaining facilities for the improvement, treatment, storage and transmission of potable water. The Maury Service Authority is considered an intergovernmental (joint) venture and therefore its operations are not included in the City's financial statements. The Cities of Buena Vista and Lexington and the County of Rockbridge appoint the Board of Directors and each provides substantially all of the Authority's revenues. Summary financial information is included in Note 5 of these financial statements. Complete financial statements of the Maury Service Authority are available at the Authority's office in Lexington, Virginia.

Rockbridge County Regional Jail Commission:

The Rockbridge County Regional Jail Commission is a regional board organized to manage and confine prisoners from the localities of Lexington, Buena Vista, and Rockbridge County. The City of Buena Vista, City of Lexington, and the County of Rockbridge each appoint one member to the Commission. The Commission is considered an intergovernmental (joint) venture and therefore its operations are not included in the City's financial statements. Summary financial information is included in Note 5 of these financial statements. Complete financial statements of the Rockbridge County Regional Jail Commission are available at the Rockbridge County Jail, 258 Greenhouse Road, Lexington, VA 24450.

Rockbridge Regional Public Safety Communications Center:

The Rockbridge Regional Public Safety Communications Center is organized for the purpose of establishing a mutually beneficial basis for the use and operation of a consolidated public safety dispatch center for the County of Rockbridge and Cities of Lexington and Buena Vista, Virginia. The Cities of Buena Vista and Lexington and the County of Rockbridge appoint the Board of Directors and each provides substantially all of the Center's revenues. The Center is not included in these financial statements because the City does not have ability to designate the management and exercise significant control over the operations of the entity. Summary financial information is included in Note 5 of these financial statements. Complete financial statements of the Rockbridge Regional Public Safety Communications Center are available at the Center's office in Lexington, Virginia.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business—type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of net position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide statement of net position and will report depreciation expenses – the cost of "using up" capital assets – in the statement of activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories – 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the City, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the City.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. *Capital project funds* account for and report financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds. Major capital project funds consist of the School Construction Fund.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Water and Sewer Fund* operates the sewage treatment plants, sewage pumping stations and collection systems, and the water distribution system.

The Golf Course Fund operates the golf course constructed by the City.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of the specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures. Senior Center, Park and Recreation, and Green Hill Cemetery funds are nonmajor special revenue funds of the City.

Capital projects funds account for and report financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds. The Community Development Block Grant fund is a nonmajor capital projects fund of the City.

Fiduciary funds (Trust and Agency) account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The City's two fiduciary funds are the Special Welfare fund and the Blues Education Foundation Private-Purpose Trust. The Special Welfare fund maintains funds belonging to individuals, primarily children, in the care of the local social services agency. The Blues Education Foundation Private-Purpose Trust consists of funds held in trust to be used to award grants to selected recipients. All resources of the Private-purpose trust, including any earnings on invested resources, may be used to support charitable and educational grant activities. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Buena Vista, Virginia's own programs.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's water and sewer and golf course functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewer and Golf Course funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Water and Sewer Fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. The principal operating revenues of the government's internal service fund are charges to funds for services. Operating expenses for the internal service fund include the cost of service and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Money market investments, participating interest-earning investment contracts (repurchase agreements) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (nonnegotiable certificates of deposits (CDs)) and external investment pools are measured at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by nonspendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable in two installments on June 5th and December 5th. Personal property taxes are also payable in two installments on June 5th and December 5th. The City bills and collects its own property taxes.

4. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$252,018 at June 30, 2019 and is comprised of property tax and water and sewer receivables of \$153,512, and \$98,506, respectively.

5. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance (continued)

6. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

The City has elected to record infrastructure costs beginning with costs incurred in 1980. No infrastructure costs prior to 1980 have been recorded.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized in the current or previous year.

Property, plant, and equipment and infrastructure of the primary government's governmental activities, as well as the component unit, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	Governmental Activities
Buildings	50 years
Building improvements	50 years
Infrastructure, lines, and a	accessories 30-50 years
Machinery and equipmen	t 5-10 years

Property, plant and equipment and infrastructure purchased by the Enterprise Funds are stated at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated property is recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Depreciation has been provided over the following estimated useful lives using the straight-line method:

<u>Assets</u>	Enterprise Funds
Water/sewer infrastructure	30-50 years
Equipment (all proprietary)	8-10 years
Golf Course	50 years

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance (continued)

7. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement. The City accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

8. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

9. Fund balance

The following classifications of fund balance describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, funds must be committed through action by City Council, its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority; City Council has delegated this authority to the City Manager.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance (continued)

9. Fund balance (continued)

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the City's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The City Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the City Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

10. Net Position

Net position is the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

11. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

12. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

13. Restricted Assets

The enterprise funds maintain restricted cash for debt service that are limited by applicable bond covenants. At June 30, 2019 the general, golf, and water and sewer funds had restricted cash for debt service of \$115,085, \$119,370, and \$530,087, respectively. Additionally, the water and sewer fund had unspent bond proceeds of \$456,042.

As of June 30, 2019 the City was not in compliance with the bond agreement for the Series 2005A lease revenue bonds for the golf course fund. The 2005A bond agreement indicates that the City is required to maintain the lesser of the maximum annual debt services on the bonds or 10% of the stated principal amount of the bonds in a debt service reserve account. At year end the balance in the restricted debt service account was \$119.370.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance (continued)

14. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has multiple items to report in this category. One item is comprised of certain items related to the measurement of the net pension asset or liability, and net OPEB liabilities. The other item is comprised of contributions to the pension and OPEB plans made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension asset or liability, and net OPEB liability measurement date. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has multiple types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension asset or liability, and the OPEB liabilities are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

15. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the City's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

16. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI, HIC, and Teacher HIC OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Medical, Dental, and Prescription Insurance – Pay as You Go Program

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined based on an actuarial valuation. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

NOTE 2—ADOPTION OF ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES:

The City implemented the financial reporting provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements* during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This Statement clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. It also requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in the notes to financial statements. No restatement was required as a result of this implementation.

NOTE 3—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

A. Budgetary information

- 1. Prior to April 30, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an appropriations ordinance.
- 4. The Appropriations Ordinance places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level. The appropriation for each department can be revised only by the City Council. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between the school system's departments without the approval of the City Council.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Proprietary Funds.
- 6. Budgets for all funds are legally adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. All appropriations lapse at year-end.
- 8. Budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements includes both the original and the amended budget for the year ended June 30, 2019. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year.
- 9. The following funds have legally adopted budgets: General, Park and Recreation, Emergency 911, Senior Center, School Construction, Flood Protection, Water and Sewer, Golf Course, School Operating and School Cafeteria Funds. The legal level of control, the level on which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations, is the departmental level.
- 10. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to commit that portion of the applicable appropriations, is not part of the City's accounting system.

B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the following funds incurred expenditures exceeding appropriations:

	Excess
	Expenditures
	over
Fund	 Appropriations
General	\$ 2,369,835
Park and Recreation	77,244
CDBG fund	15,854
School Construction	100,795
Total All Funds	\$ 2,563,728

NOTE 3—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY: (CONTINUED)

C. Deficit fund equity

At June 30, 2019, the golf course and school health insurance funds had deficit fund equity of \$5,095,939, and \$121,278, respectively.

NOTE 4—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments

Statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the state Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Custodial Credit Risk (Investments)

The City of Buena Vista sets forth the following authorized investments to mitigate custodial credit risk. Whereas, authorized investments for public funds are limited to those set forth in Chapter 18, Section 2.2-4501 of the Code of Virginia. Investment vehicles for the City of Buena Vista shall be further restricted in consideration of the size of the portfolio and the absence of professional investment personnel. The City's investment policy for credit risk is consistent with the investments allowed by statutes as detailed above. The City does not have a formal policy for investment-related risk.

City's Rated Debt Investments' Values				
Rated Debt Investments		Fair Quality Ratings		
		AAAm		
Local Government				
Investment Pool	\$_	12,057		
Total	\$_	12,057		

NOTE 4—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED):

External Investment Pool

The fair value of the positions in the external investment pool (Local Government Investment Pool) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As LGIP is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP is an amortized cost basis portfolio. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

Interest Rate Risk

The City invests funds in low risk investments backed by U.S. government agencies.

NOTE 5—JOINT VENTURES:

As described in Note 1-A, the following boards are construed as operating as joint ventures between the Cities of Lexington and Buena Vista and the County of Rockbridge. Summary financial information for the Boards at June 30, 2019 is provided below:

				Rockbridge
		Rockbridge		Regional
	Maury	County	Rockbridge Area	Public Safety
	Service	Regional Jail	Community	Communications
_	Authority (1)	Commission	Services Board	Center
\$	38,232,076 \$	3,308,447 \$	7,989,703	7,264,024
_	12,163,969	1,651,813	5,269,983	7,164,792
\$	26,068,107 \$	1,656,634 \$	2,719,720	99,232
-				
\$	2,925,069 \$	4,138,079 \$	4,372,785	242,637
	(3,381,713)	(4,250,705)	(7,493,485)	(1,693,960)
_	1,197,661	8,657	3,798,735	1,275,875
\$	741,017 \$	(103,969) \$	678,035	(175,448)
_	25,327,090	1,760,603	2,041,685	274,680
\$	26,068,107 \$	1,656,634 \$	2,719,720 \$	99,232
	\$	Service Authority (1) \$ 38,232,076 \$ 12,163,969 \$ 26,068,107 \$ \$ 2,925,069 \$ (3,381,713)	Maury Service Regional Jail Commission \$ 38,232,076 \$ 3,308,447 \$ 12,163,969 \$ 1,651,813 \$ 26,068,107 \$ 1,656,634 \$ \$ (3,381,713) \$ (4,250,705) \$ 1,197,661 \$ 741,017 \$ (103,969) \$ 25,327,090 \$ 1,760,603	Maury Service Authority (1) Regional Jail Community Services Board Community Services Board \$ 38,232,076 \$ 3,308,447 \$ 7,989,703 \$ 12,163,969 1,651,813 5,269,983 \$ 26,068,107 \$ 1,656,634 \$ 2,719,720 \$ 2,925,069 4,138,079 4,372,785 \$ (3,381,713) (4,250,705) (7,493,485) \$ 1,197,661 8,657 3,798,735 \$ 741,017 (103,969) 678,035 \$ 25,327,090 1,760,603 2,041,685

(1) Maury Service Authority June 30, 2019 summary financial data was not available at the time of report issuance. June 30, 2018 data is presented above.

NOTE 6—DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

		Primary Sovernment	Component Unit School Board
Federal Government:			
Categorical aid - welfare	\$	10,799	-
Categorical aid - IDEA part B section 611			
special education		-	20,737
Categorical aid - Title I ARRA		-	35,903
Categorical aid - safe routes to school		83,884	-
Categorical aid - title II part A		-	18,547
Categorical aid - twenty-first century		-	17,389
Categorical aid - title IV part A		-	3,060
Categorical aid - IDEA part B section 619			
special education preschool		-	2,149
Categorical aid - vocational education		-	209
Commonwealth of Virginia:			
State sales tax		68,417	127,942
Personal property tax relief funds		374,445	-
Categorical aid - welfare		11,912	-
Communications tax		42,673	-
Comprehensive Service Act funds -			
Rockbridge County		481,867	-
Other state funds	. —	89,456	
Totals	\$_	<u>1,163,453</u> S	225,936

NOTE 7—DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS:

During fiscal year 2013 the City entered into an agreement with the County of Rockbridge, Virginia and the City of Lexington, Virginia in order to fund certain renovation improvements to the Rockbridge County Regional Jail. The agreement stipulates that each locality shall be responsible for a portion of the debt issued to finance the project. The City of Lexington serves as fiscal agent for the project and as such, will pay the annual debt service. The participating localities will reimburse the City of Lexington for the debt service. As of June 30, 2019, the portion of the debt allocable to the City of Buena Vista, Virginia amounted to \$156,726.

NOTE 8—INTERFUND OBLIGATIONS:

Fund	Due From Other Funds	Due To Other Funds	Due to Primary Government/ Component Unit		Due from Primary Government/ Component Unit
Primary Government:					
General Fund	\$ 59,363	\$ -	\$ -	\$	141,559
Park and Recreation Fund	25,899	-	-		-
Golf Course	-	59,363	-		-
Water and Sewer Fund	-	 25,899	 -	_	
Total Primary Government	\$ 85,262	\$ 85,262	\$ -	\$	141,559
Component Unit-School Board:					
School Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 141,559	\$	
Total Component Unit	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 141,559	\$	-
Total reporting entity	\$ 85,262	\$ 85,262	\$ 141,559	\$	141,559

The amount receivable from the component unit School Fund relates to cash necessary to cover the balance of local appropriations overspent at year-end due back from the School Fund. The amount payable to the General Fund from the Golf Course Fund resulted from a cash advance to the Golf Course Fund. The amount payable to the Water and Sewer Fun from the Park and Recreation Fund resulted from a cash advance to the Park and Recreation Fund.

NOTE 9—INTERFUND TRANSFERS:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

Fund		Transfers In		Transfers Out
Primary Government:				_
Governmental activities:				
General Fund	\$	10,000	\$	864,110
Park Activities Fund		310,110		-
School Construction Fund		299,982		-
Green Hill Cemetery Fund		_	_	10,000
Total governmental activities	\$	620,092	\$	874,110
Business-type Activities:	_			
Golf Course Fund	\$_	254,018	\$	<u>-</u>
Total business-type activities	\$	254,018	\$	-
Total primary government	\$_	874,110	\$	874,110
Total interfund transfers	\$_	874,110	\$	874,110

During the year, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

NOTE 9—INTERFUND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED):

The following table provides the purposes of interfund transfers throughout the year:

Transfers to/from other funds:

Transfer to the General Fund from the Green Hill Cemetery Fund:		
to fund capital projects	\$	10,000
Transfer to the Park and Recreation Fund from the General Fund:		
to supplement Park and Recreation Fund operations		310,110
Transfer to School Construction Fund from the General Fund:		
to fund debt service payments for long-term obligations		299,982
Transfer to the Golf Course Fund from the General Fund		
to supplement Golf Course Fund operations	_	254,018
Total transfers	\$	874,110

NOTE 10—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS:

Primary Government-Governmental Activities Obligations

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the City's governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2019.

		Balance July 1, 2018 as Restated		Increases/		Decreases/ Retirements	Balance June 30, 2019
Direct Borrowings and Placements:	_				•		 -
General obligation bonds	\$	394,068	\$	-	\$	23,181	\$ 370,887
Literary loan		1,500,000		-		375,000	1,125,000
Loans payable		2,406,810		-		80,127	2,326,683
Total Direct Borrowings and Placement	s \$	4,300,878	\$	-	\$	478,308	\$ 3,822,570
Other Long-Term Obligations:							
Capital leases	\$	477,333	\$	139,475	\$	220,433	\$ 396,375
Net OPEB liabilities		1,088,165		149,320		156,252	1,081,233
Compensated absences		210,965		154,268		158,224	207,009
Net pension liability		2,610,889		1,493,246		1,457,998	2,646,137
Total Other Long-Term Obligations	\$	4,387,352	\$	1,936,309	\$	1,992,907	\$ 4,330,754
Total governmental activities obligations	\$_	8,688,230	\$_	1,936,309	\$	2,471,215	\$ 8,153,324

For governmental activities, net pension liability, compensated absences and the net OPEB obligation are generally liquidated in the General and Parks and Recreation Funds.

The City's outstanding general obligation bonds and loans payable from direct borrowings and placements related to governmental activities of \$3,822,570 contain a provision that in the event of default the entire unpaid principal and interest become immediately due and payable. The City has pledged to secure the payment and performance of the City's obligations under the bonds with the City's right, title, and interest to all revenue collected by the City.

Primary Government-Governmental Activities Obligations (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

·						
"			ect Borrowings a			
Year Ending	General Obliga		Literary Fun	d Loan	Loans Pa	
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2020 \$	23,181 \$	19,583 \$	375,000 \$	22,500 \$	67,171 \$	93,904
2021	23,181	19,583	375,000	15,000	71,523	91,905
2022	23,181	19,583	375,000	7,500	72,493	89,209
2023	23,181	19,583	-	-	77,134	87,234
2024	23,181	19,583	-	-	80,613	83,755
2025	23,181	19,583	-	-	84,256	80,112
2026	23,181	19,583	-	-	88,072	76,296
2027	23,181	19,583	-	-	92,069	72,300
2028	23,181	19,583	-	-	96,255	68,113
2029	23,181	19,583	-	-	100,640	63,728
2030	23,181	19,583	-	-	86,831	58,953
2031	23,181	19,583	-	-	79,079	56,114
2032	23,181	19,583	-	-	82,295	52,898
2033	23,181	19,583	-	-	85,645	49,548
2034	23,181	19,583	-	-	96,662	46,058
2035	23,172	9,791	-	-	92,770	42,423
2036	-	-	-	-	96,558	38,636
2037	-	-	-	-	100,504	34,690
2038	-	-	-	-	104,615	30,579
2039	-	-	-	-	108,898	26,295
2040	-	-	-	-	113,361	21,832
2041	-	-	-	-	118,012	17,182
2042	-	-	-	-	122,858	12,335
2043	-	-	-	-	127,909	7,285
2044					80,460	2,021
Totals \$	370,887 \$	303,536 \$	1,125,000 \$	45,000 \$	2,326,683 \$	1,303,405

_	Capital Leases								
	Principal		Interest						
\$	225,887	\$	12,338						
	86,038		3,971						
	68,183		1,558						
	16,267	_	-						
\$_	396,375	\$	17,867						
	· _	Principal \$ 225,887 86,038 68,183 16,267	Principal \$ 225,887 \$ 86,038 68,183 16,267						

Primary Government-Governmental Activities Obligations (continued)

Details of long-term obligations:

		Total Amount		Amount Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities Indebtedness:				
Direct Borrowings and Placements:				
General Obligation Bonds:				
\$509,973 School Tax Credit Bonds, Series 2012-1, dated September 26 2012 maturing annually with principal payments of \$23,181 through December 1, 2034, with interest payable semi-annually at a rate of 1.9%	1			
Interest is reimbursed by a federal interest subsidy.	\$_	370,887	\$_	23,181
Total general obligation bonds	\$_	370,887	\$_	23,181
<u>Loans Payable:</u> \$7,500,000 issued February 2, 2000, due in annual installments of \$375,000 plus interest at 2%, through 2022.	f \$	1,125,000	\$	375,000
\$1,800,000 loan payable dated March 5, 2009, due in annual installments of \$109,179 including interest at 5% through 2044.	8	1,527,673		38,482
\$700,000 loan payable dated March 5, 2009, due in annual installments of \$42,459 including interest at 5% through 2044.	f	572,822		12,647
\$300,000 loan payable dated October 1, 2014, issued to finance the purchase of real property, due in monthly installments of \$2,431 including interest at 4.875% through October 1, 2029.		226,188	_	16,042
Total loans payable	\$_	3,451,683	\$_	442,171

Primary Government-Governmental Activities Obligations (continued)

Details of long-term obligations (continued)

	Total	Amount Due Within
	Amount	One Year
Governmental Activities Indebtedness: (continued)		
Other Long-term obligations: Capital Leases:		
\$294,292 capital lease for school buses, dated July 7, 2015, due in annual payment of \$53,474, including interest at 3% through August 15, 2021.	§ 151,257 S	\$ 48,936
\$97,045 capital lease for police cars, dated July 27, 2016, due in annual payment of \$35,107, including interest at 4%, through 2020.	33,746	33,746
\$135,697 capital lease for a refuse truck, dated July 8, 2016, due in annual payment of \$48,929, including interest at 4%, through 2020.	47,032	47,032
\$192,542 capital lease for chromebooks, dated August 24, 2017, due in annual payments of \$64,181, including interest at 4.53%, through 2020	61,400	61,400
\$58,140 capital lease for chromebooks, dated July 20, 2018, due in annual payments of \$20,268, including interest at 4.65%, through 2021.	37,872	18,506
\$81,335 capital lease for band instruments, dated August 6, 2018, due in annual payments of \$16,267	65,068	16,267
Total capital leases	396,375	225,887
Net OPEB liabilities	\$ <u>1,081,233</u>	\$
Compensated absences (payable from the General and Park and Recreation Funds)	\$207,009_\$	\$155,257_
Net pension liability	\$ 2,646,137 \$	
	\$ 8,153,324 S	

CITY OF BUENA VISTA, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019 CONTINUED

NOTE 10—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Primary Government-Business-type Activities Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligation transactions for the City's enterprise funds for the year ended June 30, 2019:

		Balance	Increases/	Decreases/	Balance
	_	July 1, 2018	Issuances	Retirements	June 30, 2019
Direct Borrowings and Placements:	_				 _
Revenue bonds	\$	3,888,500	\$ -	\$ 90,000	\$ 3,798,500
Lease-revenue bonds		11,029,906	-	57,156	10,972,750
Total Direct Borrowings and Placements	\$	14,918,406	\$ -	\$ 147,156	\$ 14,771,250
Other Long-Term Obligations					
Other obligations	\$	1,201,840	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,201,840
Net OPEB liabilities		235,835	22,422	62,490	195,767
Compensated absences		93,136	67,270	69,852	90,554
Net pension liabilities		490,880	280,750	274,124	497,506
Total Other Long-Term Obligations	\$	2,021,691	\$ 370,442	\$ 406,466	\$ 1,985,667
Total business-type obligations	\$_	16,940,097	\$ 370,442	\$ 553,622	\$ 16,756,917

Compensated absences are generally liquidated in the water/sewer fund and golf course fund based on which fund incurred the related liability.

The City's outstanding revenue bonds from direct borrowings and direct placements related to business-type activities of \$14,771,250 contain a provision that in the event of default the entire unpaid principal and interest become immediately due and payable. The City has pledged to secure the payment and performance of the City's obligations under the bonds with the City's right, title, and interest to revenue collected by the City. In addition, the City pledged the city courthouse, police department building, and municipal golf course as collateral for Lease-Revenue Bond Series 2005A. The City is currently in default for this debt, but the insurer has not claimed the pledged collateral.

Primary Government-Business-type Activities Obligations (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	 Direct Borrowings an	irect Borrowings and Placements Other Obligations		
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2020	\$ 8,489,760 \$	352,304 \$	1,201,840 \$	-
2021	267,505	339,565	-	-
2022	280,377	326,187	-	-
2023	293,380	312,165	-	-
2024	306,522	297,492	-	-
2025	324,807	280,107	-	-
2026	343,244	261,670	-	-
2027	361,838	242,176	-	-
2028	385,598	221,616	-	-
2029	404,530	198,184	-	-
2030	433,644	173,595	-	-
2031	457,945	147,194	-	-
2032	715,945	119,294	-	-
2033	107,151	74,613	-	-
2034	112,074	69,690	-	-
2035	117,223	64,541	-	-
2036	122,608	59,156	-	-
2037	128,240	53,524	-	-
2038	134,132	47,632	-	-
2039	140,294	41,470	-	-
2040	146,739	35,025	-	-
2041	153,480	28,284	-	-
2042	160,531	21,233	-	-
2043	167,905	13,859	-	-
2044	175,619	6,145	-	-
2045	40,159	290	<u> </u>	
Total	\$ 14,771,250 \$	3,787,011 \$	1,201,840 \$	-

Details of long-term obligations:

Duainaga tuna Astivitias Indoletadosas	_	Total Amount	Amount Due Within One Year
Business-type Activities Indebtedness: Direct Borrowings and Placements:			
\$4,765,000, Series 2011A Revenue Bond, dated July 14, 2011,			
maturing semi-annually through 2032 with interest payable at rates			
varying from 3.625% to 6.500%. Principal payments vary from			
\$90,000 to \$615,000.	\$	3,798,500 \$	159,159
\$3,300,000 Rural Development Revenue Bond, Series 2004, dated			
November 18, 2004, issued through the Industrial Development Authority of Buena Vista at 4.50% interest per annum. Monthly			
payments of principal and interest of \$15,147 are due through			
September 18, 2044.		2,737,750	95,601
\$9,205,000 Lease-Revenue Bond, Series 2005A, dated April 14, 2005		2,707,700	00,001
issued through the Public Recreation Facilities Authority of Buena			
Vista at interest rates from 4.125% to 5.500% per annum. Semi-			
annual interest payments commence January 1, 2006 through			
maturity. Annual principal payments ranging from \$180,000 to			
\$630,000 commence July 1, 2010 through July 1, 2035. The City has ceased paying rent payments to the Public Recreational Facilities			
Authority of Buena Vista and the bonds are in default of the debt			
agreement. The full principal balance of the bonds is classified as			
current because violation of the debt agreement makes the full			
obligation callable by the lender. See Note 25 for additional			
information on events related to these bonds. Total Direct Borrowings and Placements	_{\$} -	8,235,000 14,771,250 \$	8,235,000
	Ψ_	14,771,230 φ	0,409,700
Other Long-term Obligations: Other Obligations:			
Forbearance agreement dated July 18, 2011 for the deferral of 50% of the annual debt service on the Series 2005A lease revenue bond for			
fiscal years 2012 through 2016. The Deferred payments are payable			
to the bond insurer, ACA, in semi-annual installments commencing			
July 1, 2035 through January 1, 2040. See Note 25 for additional			
information on events related to this agreement.	\$	1,201,840 \$	1,201,840
Net OPEB liabilities	\$_	195,767 \$	
Compensated absences (payable from the Water and Sewer and Golf			
Course Funds)	\$_	90,554 \$	67,916
Net pension liability	\$	497,506 \$	_
Total business-type activities indebtedness	\$_	16,756,917 \$	9,759,516

Discretely Presented Component Unit—School Board:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the Discretely Presented Component Unit—School Board for the year ended June 30, 2019.

		Balance June 30, 2018		Increases/ Issuances		Decreases/ Retirements		Balance June 30, 2019
General Long-Term Obligations					•			
Net OPEB liabilities	\$	2,773,000	\$	321,000	\$	536,000	\$	2,558,000
Compensated absences		213,955		167,577		160,466		221,066
Net pension liability	_	8,136,000	_	1,685,830	_	2,257,830	_	7,564,000
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$	11,122,955	\$	2,174,407	\$	2,954,296	\$	10,343,066

Details of Long-term Indebtedness:

		Amount Due
	Total	Within
_	Amount	One Year
Net OPEB liabilities \$	2,558,000 \$	-
Compensated absences (payable from the School Fund) \$	221,066 \$	165,800
Net pension liability \$	7,564,000 \$	-
Total Long-term obligations, Discretely Presented Component	_	
Unit - School Board \$_	10,343,066 \$	165,800

NOTE 11—CAPITAL LEASES:

The government has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing a street sweeper, general equipment, and school buses. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and therefore, have been recorded at the present values of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	
Asset:		
Machinery and Equipment	\$ 527,234	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	 (245,341)	
Total	\$ 281,893	

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

	Governmental
Year Ended June 30,	Activities
2020	 137,510
2021	53,474
2022	 53,474
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 244,458
Less: Amount representing interest	 (12,423)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 232,035

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019 CONTINUED

NOTE 12—PENSION PLANS:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the City and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

- a. Employees hired before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of creditable service.
- b. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013 are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of creditable service or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of creditable service.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of creditable service, or when the sum of their age and service equal 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of creditable service. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

NOTE 12—PENSION PLANS: (CONTINUED)

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total creditable service. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.7% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.7% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.7% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	75	28
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	6	3
Non-vested inactive members	9	16
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	27	5
Total inactive members	42	24
Active members	79	22
Total covered employees	196	74

CITY OF BUENA VISTA, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019 CONTINUED

NOTE 12—PENSION PLANS: (CONTINUED)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The City's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 14.76% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$499,822 and \$420,150 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 1.75% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$4,526 and (\$0) for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

Net Pension Liability/Asset

The net pension liability (NPL)/ net pension asset (NPA) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement. No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The City's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability/asset were measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liability/asset were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

NOTE 12—PENSION PLANS: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the City's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% – 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

Mortality rates:

Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty: 20% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates: females 125% of rates.

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

NOTE 12—PENSION PLANS: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty.	
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement
	from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age
	and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

7 th Others (Non 10 Eargest) Non Hazarde	741 Othors (14011 to Eargost) 14011 hazardodo Baty.				
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014				
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020				
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement				
	from 70 to 75				
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age				
	and service through 9 years of service				
Disability Rates	Lowered rates				
Salary Scale	No change				
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%				

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the City's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% – 4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

Mortality rates:

Largest 10 – Hazardous Duty: 70% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 – Hazardous Duty:

9	
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Disability Rates	Increased rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age
Withdrawal Rates	and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%		4.80%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arithm	etic nominal return	7.30%

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the City and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) was also provided an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 90% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from June 30, 2015 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by school division for the VRS. Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100\$ of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

		Primary Government								
		Increase (Decrease)								
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)	_	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)					
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$_	19,020,693	\$_	15,918,924 \$	3,101,769					
Changes for the year:										
Service cost	\$	416,975	\$	- \$	416,975					
Interest		1,289,662		-	1,289,662					
Differences between expected										
and actual experience		56,071		-	56,071					
Contributions - employer		-		420,150	(420,150)					
Contributions - employee		-		156,960	(156,960)					
Net investment income		-		1,155,010	(1,155,010)					
Benefit payments, including refunds										
of employee contributions		(1,193,913)		(1,193,913)	-					
Administrative expenses		-		(10,265)	10,265					
Other changes	_	-		(1,021)	1,021					
Net changes	\$	568,795	\$_	526,921 \$	41,874					
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	19,589,488	\$	16,445,845 \$	3,143,643					

Changes in Net Pension (Asset)

	_	Component School Board (nonprofessional) Increase (Decrease)						
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension (Asset) (a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$_	1,441,243	\$_	1,759,577	\$_	(318,334)		
Changes for the year: Service cost	\$	36,778	\$	_	\$	36,778		
Interest Differences between expected	•	96,694	*	-	*	96,694		
and actual experience		19,871		-		19,871		
Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income		-		(4) 17,551 127,502		4 (17,551) (127,502)		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(119,813)		(119,813)		(127,302)		
Administrative expenses Other changes		-		(1,164) (111)		1,164 111		
Net changes	\$	33,530	\$	23,961	\$	9,569		
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$_	1,474,773	\$_	1,783,538	\$_	(308,765)		

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what City's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Kate			
	_	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
City of Buena Vista, Virginia Net Pension Liability	\$	5,539,450 \$	3,143,643 \$	1,140,986
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Net Pension Asset	\$	(173,490) \$	(308,765) \$	(424,968)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$484,864 and \$9,827 respectively. At June 30, 2019, the City and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

						Component Unit School			
		Primary (Go	vernment		Board (nonprofessional)			
	•	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	266,084	\$	35,243	\$	9,467	\$	_	
Change in assumptions				35,587				-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		123,948		-		11,453	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		499,822		-		4,526	_		
Total	\$	765,906	\$	194,778	\$	13,993	\$_	11,453	

\$499,892 and \$4,526 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30,	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2020	\$ 177,486 \$	17,953
2021	62,122	37
2022	(155,770)	(18,384)
2023	(12,532)	(1,592)
Thereafter	-	-

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019 CONTINUED

NOTE 12—PENSION PLANS: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information related to the plan description is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each School Division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 15.68% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$810,965 and \$831,426 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school division reported a liability of \$7,564,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the school division's proportion was .06432% as compared to .06616% at June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the school division recognized pension expense of \$373,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2019, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 647,000
Change in assumptions		90,000	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	160,000
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		27,000	449,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	810,965	
Total	\$	927,965	\$ 1,256,000

\$810,965 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

_	Year ended June 30,	
	2020	\$ (193,000)
	2021	(276,000)
	2022	(441,000)
	2023	(179,000)
	2024	(50,000)
	Thereafter	-

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% – 5.95%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 75 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement
Retirement Rates	from 70 to 75
	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age
Withdrawal Rates	and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2018, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability	\$ 46,679,555
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	34,919,563
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 11,759,992
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	
of the Total Pension Liability	74.81%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	 Rate					
	(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)	
School division's proportionate share of the						
VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan						
Net Pension Liability	\$ 11,554,000	\$	7,564,000	\$	4,261,000	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Primary Government and Component Unit School Board

Aggregate Pension Information

					Net Pension	
		Deferred		Deferred	Liability	Pension
	_	Outflows	_	Inflows	 (Asset)	Expense
VRS Pension Plans:						
Primary Government	\$	765,906	\$	194,778	\$ 3,143,643 \$	484,864
School Board Nonprofessional		13,993		11,453	(308,765)	9,827
School Board Professional		927,965		1,256,000	7,564,000	373,000
Totals	\$	1,707,864	\$	1,462,231	\$ 10,398,878 \$	867,691

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019 CONTINUED

NOTE 13—LINE OF DUTY ACT (LODA) (OPEB BENEFITS):

The Line of Duty Act (LODA) provides death and healthcare benefits to certain law enforcement and rescue personnel, and their beneficiaries, who were disabled or killed in the line of duty. Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by title 9.1 Chapter 4 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Funding of LODA benefits is provided by employers in one of two ways: (a) participation in the Line of Duty and Health Benefits Trust Fund (LODA Fund), administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) or (b) self-funding by the employer or through an insurance company.

The City has elected to provide LODA benefits through an insurance company. The obligation for the payment of benefits has been effectively transferred from the City to VACORP. VACORP assumes all liability for the City's LODA claims that are approved by VRS. The pool purchases reinsurance to protect the pool from extreme claims costs.

The current-year OPEB expense for the insured benefits is defined as the amount of premiums or other payments required for the insured benefits for the reporting period in accordance with the agreement with the insurance company for LODA and a change in liability to the insurer equal to the difference between amounts recognized as OPEB expense and amounts paid by the employer to the insurer. The City's LODA coverage is fully covered or "insured" through VACORP. This is built into the LODA coverage cost presented in the annual renewals.

NOTE 14—GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (GLI) PROGRAM (OPEB PLAN):

Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Program upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the GLI Program OPEB.

The specific information for GLI OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below.

Eligible Employees

The GLI Program was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the program. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Benefit Amounts

The GLI Program is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the program provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, safety belt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of creditable service, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute. This amount is increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment and was increased to \$8,279 effective July 1, 2018.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI Program are governed by \$51.1-506 and \$51.1-508 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Program was 1.31% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.79% (1.31% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.52% (1.31% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 0.52% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. City contributions to the GLI Program were \$18,051 and \$17,003 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively. School Board contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program for professional employees were \$27,377 and \$27,208, for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 respectively. School Board contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program for nonprofessional employees were \$1,845 and \$1,961, for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 respectively.

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Program OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$262,000 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Program for the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the participating employer's proportion was 0.01720% as compared to 0.01813% at June 30, 2017.

At June 30, 2019, the School Board reported liability of \$30,000 for nonprofessional employees and \$418,000 for professional employees for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. At June 30, 2018, the participating employer's proportion for nonprofessional employees was 0.00198% as compared to 0.00185% at June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2018, the participating employer's proportion for School Board professional employees was 0.02752% as compared to 0.02843% at June 30, 2017.

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$1,000, while the School Board recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$2,000 and (\$2,000) for nonprofessional and professional employees, respectively. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2019, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Primary Government			
	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	13,000	\$	5,000	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments		_		8,000	
Change in assumptions		-		11,000	
Changes in proportion		10,000		13,000	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	18,051		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$	41,051	\$	37,000	

	Component Unit School Board						
	Nonprofessional Employees				Professional Employees		
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,000	\$	1,000	\$	20,000 \$	8,000	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments	-		1,000		-	14,000	
Change in assumptions	-		1,000		-	17,000	
Changes in proportion	-		-		-	22,000	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,845				27,377		
Total	\$ 2,845	\$	3,000	\$	47,377	61,000	

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB (Continued)

\$18,051, \$1,845 and \$27,377 for the City and School Board nonprofessional and professional employees respectively, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional Employees Primary Government Professional Employees Year Ended Year Ended Year Ended June 30 June 30 June 30 2020 (5.000)2020 \$ (2.000)2020 (11,000)2021 (5,000)2021 2021 (11,000)(11,000)2022 (5,000)2022 2022 2023 (2,000)2023 2023 (7,000)2024 2,000 2024 2024 (1,000)

Thereafter

Actuarial Assumptions

1,000

Thereafter

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. The assumptions include several employer groups as noted below. Mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS CAFR.

Thereafter

General state employees	3.5% - 5.35%
Teachers	3.5%-5.95%
SPORS employees	3.5%-4.75%
VaLORS employees	3.5%-4.75%
JRS employees	4.5%
Locality - General employees	3.5%-5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.5%-4.75%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of investment expenses, including inflation*

^{*}Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates – Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Increased disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

NET GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2018, NOL amounts for the GLI Program is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Group Life Insurance OPEB Program
Total GLI OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	3,113,508 1,594,773
Employers' Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,518,735
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability	_	51.22%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%		4.80%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arithm	etic nominal return	7.30%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2018 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate		
	1% Decrease	Current Discount		1% Increase
	(6.00%)	 (7.00%)	_	(8.00%)
City's proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program Net OPEB Liability	\$ 342,000	\$ 262,000	\$	196,000
School Board's proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program Net OPEB Liability - nonprofessional employees	\$ 39,000	\$ 30,000	\$	22,000
School Board's proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program Net OPEB Liability - professional employees	\$ 546,000	\$ 418,000	\$	314,000

Group Life Insurance Program Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GLI Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Teacher HIC Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below.

Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Program was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee HIC Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire with at least 15 years of service credit, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

HIC Program Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for HIC as a retiree.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 1.23% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Credit Program. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program were \$63,480 and \$64,279 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the school division reported a liability of \$821,000 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2017 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program was .06462% as compared to 0.06636% at June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB expense of \$60,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2019, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 4,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments		-	1,000
Change in assumptions		-	7,000
Change in proportion		-	41,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	63,480	
Total	\$	63,480	\$ 53,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019 CONTINUED

NOTE 15—TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (HIC) PROGRAM (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB: (Continued)

\$63,480 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

<u> </u>	
\$	(9,000)
	(9,000)
	(9,000)
	(9,000)
	(9,000)
	(8,000)
	<u>) </u>

Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Teacher employees 3.5%-5.95%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation*

^{*}Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates – Teachers

Actuarial Assumptions

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2018, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		OPEB Plan
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position Teacher Employee net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ \$	1,381,313 111,639 1,269,674
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability		8.08%

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%		4.80%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arithm	etic nominal return	7.30%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2018 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
School division's proportionate			
share of the VRS Teacher			
Employee HIC OPEB Plan			
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 917,000	\$ 821,000	\$ 739,000

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

NOTE 16—MEDICAL, DENTAL, AND PRESCRIPTION INSURANCE - PAY AS YOU GO (OPEB PLAN):

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 12, the City administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan, the City of Buena Vista OPEB Plan. The plan provides post-employment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the County's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

The School Board also administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan, the City of Buena Vista School Board OPEB Plan. Similar to the City of Buena Vista OPEB Plan, this plan provides post-employment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the School Board's pension plans. The School Board plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Benefits Provided

Post-employment benefits are provided to eligible retirees include Medical, Dental, and Prescription insurance. The benefits that are provided for active employees are the same for eligible retirees, spouses and dependents of eligible retirees. All permanent employees of the County who meet eligibility requirements of the pension plan are eligible to receive post-employment health care benefits if they have at least 5 years of service with the County. All permanent employees of the School Board who meet eligibility requirements of the pension plan are eligible to receive post-employment health care benefits if they have at least 10 years of service with the School Board.

Plan Membership

At July 1, 2018 (the measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board
Total active employees with coverage	66	129
Total retirees with coverage	3	20
Total	69	149

Contributions

The County and School Board do not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the County or the School board for the respective plans. The amount paid by the City for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$22,000. The amount paid by the School Board for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$105,000.

NOTE 16—MEDICAL, DENTAL, AND PRESCRIPTION INSURANCE – PAY AS YOU GO (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Total OPEB Liability

The City's and School Board's total OPEB liabilities were measured as of July 1, 2018. The total OPEB liabilities were determined by actuarial valuations as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2017 actuarial valuations for the County and for the School Board were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Salary Increases 2.5% per year for general salary inflations

Discount Rate The discount rate has been set to equal 3.62% and represents

the Municipal GO AA 20-year yield curve rate as of June 30,

2018

Investment Rate of Return N/A

Mortality rates for Active employees and healthy retirees were based on a RP-2014 Mortality Table, fully generational with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2017.

The date of the most recent actuarial experience study for which significant assumptions were based is not available.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used when OPEB plan investments are insufficient to pay for future benefit payments is selected from a range of 20-Year Municipal Bond Indices and include the Bond Buyer 11-Bond GO Index, the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index, and the Fidelity 20-Year GO Municipal Bond Index. The final equivalent single discount rate used for this year's valuation is 3.62% as of the end of the fiscal year with the expectation that the County and School Board will continue contributing the Actuarially Determined Contribution and paying the pay-go cost.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	_	Primary Government Total OPEB Liability	School Board Total OPEB Liability
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	1,052,000 \$	1,476,000
Changes for the year:			
Service cost		38,000	88,000
Interest		38,000	54,000
Difference between expected			
and actual experience		(27,000)	(108,000)
Changes in assumptions		(64,000)	(116,000)
Benefit payments		(22,000)	(105,000)
Net changes		(37,000)	(187,000)
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	1,015,000 \$	1,289,000
	_		

NOTE 16—MEDICAL, DENTAL, AND PRESCRIPTION INSURANCE – PAY AS YOU GO (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liabilities of the County and School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.56%) or one percentage point higher (4.56%) than the current discount rate:

			Rate		
	1% Decrease (2.56%)				1% Increase (4.56%)
Pri	imary Government 1,123,000	\$	1,015,000	\$	918,000
Co	mponent Unit School	Вс	ard		
\$	1,384,000	\$	1,289,000	\$	1,203,000

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liabilities of the County and School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liabilities would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (6.5%) or one percentage point higher (8.5%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Rates	
			Healthcare Cost	
	1% Decrease		Trend	1% Increase
	(5.5% decreasing		(6.50% decreasing	(7.5% decreasing
	to 4.00%)		to 5.00%)	to 6.00%)
Pr	imary Government			
\$	892,000	\$	1,015,000	\$ 1,161,000
Co	omponent Unit School	Вс	oard	
\$	1,160,000	\$	1,289,000	\$ 1,440,000

NOTE 16—MEDICAL, DENTAL, AND PRESCRIPTION INSURANCE – PAY AS YOU GO (OPEB PLAN): (CONTINUED)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Primary Government recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$59,000. The School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$97,000. At June 30, 2019, the Primary Government and School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB Plan from the following sources:

	Primary Government				
	_	Deferred Outflows of Resouces		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Employer contributions subsequent to the	\$	-	\$	22,000 52,000	
measurement date Total	\$ <u></u>	22,000	\$	74,000	
	_		nıt	School Board	
	_	Deferred Outflows of Resouces		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$	-	\$	86,000 93,000	
Employer contributions subsequent to the					
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		105,000		-	

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB Plan will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Primary Government			Component Unit School Board				
Year Ended June 30,	_		Year Ended June 30,				
2020	\$	(17,000)	2020	\$	(45,000)		
2021		(17,000)	2021		(45,000)		
2022		(17,000)	2022		(45,000)		
2023		(17,000)	2023		(44,000)		
2024		(6,000)	2024		-		
Thereafter		-	Thereafter		-		

Additional disclosures on changes in net OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found on the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

NOTE 17—SUMMARY OF POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLANS:

The following is a summary of the City's OPEB plans as of June 30, 2019:

	Deferred Outflows	<u>.</u> .	Deferred Inflows	 Net OPEB Liability	 OPEB Expense
VRS OPEB Plans:					
Group Life Insurance Program (Note 14):					
City	\$ 41,051	\$	37,000	\$ 262,000	\$ 1,000
School Board Nonprofessional	2,845		3,000	30,000	2,000
School Board Professional	47,377		61,000	418,000	(2,000)
Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program (Note 15)	63,480		53,000	821,000	60,000
City Stand-Alone Plan (Note 16)	22,000		74,000	1,015,000	59,000
School Stand-Alone Plan (Note 16)	105,000		179,000	 1,289,000	 97,000
Totals	\$ 281,753	\$	407,000	\$ 3,835,000	\$ 217,000

NOTE 18—DEFERRED, UNAVAILABLE, AND UNEARNED REVENUE:

Deferred and unavailable revenue represent amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Deferred and unavailable revenue in the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements totaling \$883,009, and \$1,665,289, respectively is comprised of the following:

- A. <u>Prepaid Property Taxes—</u>Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2019 but paid in advance by the taxpayers totaled \$248,427 at June 30, 2019.
- B. <u>Unbilled Property Taxes—</u>Property taxes for the second half of 2018 that had not been billed as of June 30, 2019 amounted to \$634,582.
- C. <u>Unavailable Property Taxes</u>—Uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$782,280

Unearned revenue reported in the primary government represents lease revenue of \$160,957, which is available to fund current expenditures.

NOTE 19—CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:

Federal programs in which the City and its component unit participate were audited in accordance with the Uniform Guidance. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Pursuant to the terms of an annexation agreement, the City is obligated to make certain improvements to the City infrastructure. While the exact cost of these improvements is unknown, the cost will be significant.

The City along with the City of Lexington and County of Rockbridge, have entered into an agreement with the Rockbridge Regional Public Safety Communications Center, for the purpose of providing contributions for the payment of debt associated with its radio upgrade project through June 30, 2030. Each locality will contribute a percentage of the total cost of the upgrade based upon its annual assessed value of real estate. The County of Rockbridge is serving as fiscal agent for the radio upgrade project. The amount owed by the Rockbridge Regional Public Safety Communications Center on the capital lease obligation at June 30, 2019 was \$6,112,781 and an annual payment of \$757,744 will be paid by the Center through June 2030.

NOTE 20—HEALTH INSURANCE FUND:

The Buena Vista City School Board maintains an internal service fund entitled Health Insurance Fund that has been included in the discretely presented component unit financial statements. The purpose of this fund is to disclose the School Board's self-insured health insurance transactions for the fiscal year as required by GASB 10. The School Board uses Piedmont Community Health as the administrator of their self-insured plan. The Health Insurance fund pays Piedmont Community Health an administrative fee for these services. This fund serves the School Board component unit and accounts for the health insurance activities of the aforementioned funds but does not constitute a transfer of risk from the City.

Significant losses, over \$80,000, are covered by commercial insurance. Stop loss insurance coverage began in October 2015. During fiscal year 2019, there were no settlement amounts exceeding coverage.

The School Board records an estimated liability for indemnity health care claims. Claims liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims and an estimate for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) based on historical experience.

Piedmont Community Health has established a liability for both reported and unreported events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. At June 30, 2019 the plan liability was \$255,014. The net position of the Plan maintained by the School Board can be found on Exhibit 40. The following represents the change in approximate aggregate liabilities for the fund:

_	Beginning of Fiscal Year (Surplus) Liability	Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Balance at Fiscal Year End (Surplus) Liability		
2018-2019 \$ 2017-2018	266,644 \$ 65,610	1,595,629 \$ 1,276,827	1,607,259 \$ 1,075,793	5 255,014 266,644		
2016-2017	257,379	1,400,789	1,592,558	65,610		
2015-2016	-	791,019	533,640	257,379		

NOTE 21—CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

Primary	Government
----------------	------------

Primary Government		Balance July 1,			Decreases/ Transfers/		Balance June 30,
		2018	<u>_l</u>	ncreases	Reclassifications	_	2019
Governmental activities							
Capital assets not being depreciated:				_		_	
Land	\$	2,146,648	5	- \$	-	\$	2,146,648
Construction in progress		-		116,214		_	116,214
Total capital assets not							
being depreciated	\$	<u>2,146,648</u> \$	<u> </u>	<u>116,214</u> \$	-	\$_	2,262,862
Capital assets being depreciated:	_					_	
Buildings and improvements		13,080,375	5	24,240 \$	-	\$	13,104,615
Infrastructure		29,034,629		257,813	-		29,292,442
Machinery and Equipment		3,072,495	_	140,166			3,212,661
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	45,187,499 \$	<u> </u>	422,219 \$	-	\$_	45,609,718
Accumulated depreciation:	_					_	
Buildings and improvements	\$	(4,621,254) \$		(290,419) \$	-	\$	(4,911,673)
Infrastructure	(26,314,900)		(190,787)	-		(26,505,687)
Machinery and Equipment		(2,321,872)		(203,991)	-		(2,525,863)
Total accumulated depreciation		33,258,026)		(685,197) \$		\$_	(33,943,223)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	11,929,473	<u> </u>	(262,978) \$	-	\$_	11,666,495
Governmental activities							
capital assets, net	\$	<u>14,076,121</u> \$	<u> </u>	<u>(146,764)</u> \$	-	\$_	13,929,357
		Dalama			D /		Deleve
		Balance			Decreases/		Balance
		July 1, 2018		Inoropoo	Transfers/		June 30,
Business-type activities		2016	_	Increases	Reclassification		2019
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	Φ.						
	4	1 36/ 900	\$		¢ _	\$	1 36/ 900
Intal canital assets not being depreciated	\$	1,364,900	_\$ _\$	-	- \$	_\$_ \$	1,364,900
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	1,364,900 1,364,900	_\$ _\$	- -	\$ <u> </u>		1,364,900 1,364,900
Capital assets being depreciated:	\$	1,364,900	_\$			\$_	1,364,900
Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure	\$	1,364,900 22,564,591	_\$ \$		\$ <u>-</u> \$ \$ <u>-</u> \$ -		1,364,900 22,564,591
Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure Buildings	\$	1,364,900 22,564,591 722,543	_ \$	-	\$ -	\$_	1,364,900 22,564,591 722,543
Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment	\$	1,364,900 22,564,591 722,543 911,599	_\$ _\$	- - 136,487	\$ -	\$_ \$	1,364,900 22,564,591 722,543 1,048,086
Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	1,364,900 22,564,591 722,543	_\$ _\$	- - 136,487	\$ -	\$_	1,364,900 22,564,591 722,543
Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment	\$	1,364,900 22,564,591 722,543 911,599 24,198,733	- \$ - - \$	136,487 136,487	\$ - - - \$ -	\$_ \$	1,364,900 22,564,591 722,543 1,048,086 24,335,220
Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation:	\$ \$	1,364,900 22,564,591 722,543 911,599 24,198,733	- \$ - \$) \$	136,487 136,487	\$ - - - \$ -) \$ -	\$ \$ \$	1,364,900 22,564,591 722,543 1,048,086
Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment	\$ \$	1,364,900 22,564,591 722,543 911,599 24,198,733 (10,499,404 (269,611 (745,225	\$ \$ () () ()	136,487 136,487 136,487 (392,505 (44,774 (51,552	\$ - - - \$ -) \$ -) 0 -	\$ \$ \$	1,364,900 22,564,591 722,543 1,048,086 24,335,220 (10,891,909) (314,385) (796,777)
Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,364,900 22,564,591 722,543 911,599 24,198,733 (10,499,404 (269,611 (745,225 (11,514,240		136,487 136,487 136,487 (392,505 (44,774 (51,552 (488,831	\$ - - - \$ -) \$ -) 0 \$ -) 5 -	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,364,900 22,564,591 722,543 1,048,086 24,335,220 (10,891,909) (314,385) (796,777) (12,003,071)
Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation Capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ \$	1,364,900 22,564,591 722,543 911,599 24,198,733 (10,499,404 (269,611 (745,225 (11,514,240		136,487 136,487 136,487 (392,505 (44,774 (51,552 (488,831	\$ - - - \$ -) \$ -) 0 \$ -) 5 -	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,364,900 22,564,591 722,543 1,048,086 24,335,220 (10,891,909) (314,385) (796,777)
Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,364,900 22,564,591 722,543 911,599 24,198,733 (10,499,404 (269,611 (745,225 (11,514,240 12,684,493	\$ \$ \$ \$)) \$ \$	136,487 136,487 136,487 (392,505 (44,774 (51,552 (488,831 (352,344	\$ - - - \$ -) \$ -) \$ -) \$ -) \$ -	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,364,900 22,564,591 722,543 1,048,086 24,335,220 (10,891,909) (314,385) (796,777) (12,003,071)

NOTE 21—CAPITAL ASSETS: (CONTINUED)

Primary Government (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 239,840
Judicial administration	6,038
Public safety	71,539
Public works	127,502
Health and welfare	7,855
Education	212,286
Parks, recreation and cultural	 20,137
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 685,197
Business-type activities:	
Water and Sewer	\$ 439,516
Golf course	 49,315
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 488,831

Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board

		Balance July 1,			Decreases/ Transfers/		Balance June 30,
	_	2018		Increases	Reclassifications		2019
Governmental activities	_						_
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land and land improvements	\$_	4,634	\$	9	S	\$_	4,634
Total capital assets							
not being depreciated	\$_	4,634	\$		S	\$_	4,634
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	8,010,107	\$	- \$	-	\$	8,010,107
Machinery and equipment	_	770,310		90,977	(150,288)		710,999
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	8,780,417	\$_	90,977	(150,288)	\$_	8,721,106
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	(4,140,988)	\$	(136,715) \$	-	\$	(4,277,703)
Machinery and equipment		(743,203)	_	(28,546)	150,288		(621,461)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(4,884,191)	\$	(165,261)	150,288	\$_	(4,899,164)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	3,896,226	\$	(74,284)	-	\$_	3,821,942
Governmental activities							
capital assets, net	\$_	3,900,860	\$	(74,284)	S	\$_	3,826,576

Depreciation expense for the Component Unit School Board was \$165,261 for the year ended June 30, 2019 and was charged to the education function.

The City retains 100% of the value of School Board assets financed with general City debt on the City's books until the related debt associated with each asset is fully defeased.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019 CONTINUED

NOTE 22—RISK MANAGEMENT:

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City joined together with other local governments in Virginia to form the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for participating local governments. The City pays an annual premium to the association for its workers compensation, auto property, liability, flood, and crime coverage.

In the event of the loss, deficit or depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including general liability and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 23—ARBITRAGE REBATE COMPLIANCE:

As of June 30, 2019, and for the year then ended, the City was not liable for any amounts due under current rules governing arbitrage earnings.

NOTE 24—LITIGATION:

In June 2016, ACA Financial Guaranty Corporation filed a State suit against the City for its default on \$9.2 million in lease revenue bonds issued in 2005 to refund debt the City had incurred building Vista Links, a municipal golf course. In February 2017, the State suit was nonsuited by ACA and refiled in Federal court. The new Federal suit requests damages of at least \$75,000 in addition to the City making its lease payments. The Series 2005A lease revenue bonds are secured by the City's municipal building and police station in addition to the Vista Links municipal golf course. It is anticipated that failure to pay the debt service on the bonds may result in the loss of these properties, and will likely have a negative impact on the City's ability to borrow funds in future years. The City Council has since filed a Motion to Dismiss the Federal suit that was filed by ACA. The Motion to Dismiss is under consideration.

NOTE 25—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

The City's Public Recreational Facilities Authority issued Series 2005A lease revenue bonds dated April 14, 2005 to finance the procurement and construction of the Vista Links municipal golf course. The City entered into an agreement to lease the golf course from the Public Recreational Facilities Authority. Under the terms of the agreement, the City is responsible for the annual debt service on the Series 2005a lease revenue bonds issued in the Public Recreational Facilities Authority's name.

On July 1, 2011, City Council moved to accept a forbearance and reimbursement agreement for the repayment of the Series 2005A lease revenue bonds as scheduled, however, for a period of 5 years from the date of the agreement, the City would defer one half of the original amount due. At the conclusion of the scheduled debt payments, the City would repay the trustee the deferred amount over a 5 year period.

NOTE 25—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES: (CONTINUED)

On December 8, 2014, City Council passed an ordinance that redirected funds originally budgeted to pay the fiscal year 2015 golf course rent to the City's general operating fund. In the same meeting, City Council passed a resolution to discontinue rent payments to the Public Recreational Facilities Authority of the City of Buena Vista, Virginia and to enter into negotiations to resolve the debt associated with the Vista Links golf course.

In June 2016, the ACA filed a State suit against the City requesting the City honor its obligations by making its obligated payments related to the lease revenue bonds. In February 2017, the ACA refiled its suit against the City in Federal court, requesting specified damages and repayment of the City's obligations. The City subsequently filed a Motion to Dismiss the Federal suit; the Motion to Dismiss is currently under Consideration.

The Series 2005A lease revenue bonds are secured by the City's municipal building and police station in addition to the Vista Links golf course. It is anticipated that failure to pay the debt service on the bonds may result in the loss of these buildings, and it will likely have a negative impact on the City's ability to borrow funds in future years.

NOTE 26—RESTATEMENT OF PREVIOUSLY ISSUED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

Beginning fund balance has been restated in the financial statements as detailed below:

		Governmental Funds
	_	General Fund
Fund balance as previously reported, June 30, 2018	\$	2,641,426
To record additional receivables at year end	-	41,291
Fund Balance as restated, June 30, 2019	\$_	2,682,717

Beginning net assets have been restated in the financial statements as detailed below:

	Governmental Activities
Net assets as previously reported, June 30 2018	\$ 9,483,201
Fund balance adjustments, reported above Add: unreported capital lease in prior year	\$ 41,291 (120,141)
Total adjustments	\$ (78,850)
Net Assets as restated, June 30, 2019	\$ 9,404,351

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019 CONTINUED

NOTE 27—UPCOMING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

Statement No. 87, *Leases*, requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, provides guidance for reporting capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and simplifies accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, provides guidance for reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and for reporting financial statement information for certain component units. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

Presented budgets were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES					
General property taxes	\$	5,814,000 \$	5,814,000 \$	6,037,950 \$	223,950
Other local taxes		1,513,900	1,513,900	1,546,500	32,600
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		37,050	37,050	24,621	(12,429)
Fines and forfeitures		60,700	60,700	40,254	(20,446)
Revenue from the use of money and property		35,000	35,000	77,853	42,853
Charges for services		801,172	801,172	708,171	(93,001)
Miscellaneous		205,536	205,536	352,404	146,868
Recovered costs		-	15,000	51,247	36,247
Intergovernmental:					
Commonwealth		4,409,941	4,409,941	5,454,072	1,044,131
Federal	_	50,000	50,000	475,481	425,481
Total revenues	\$_	12,927,299 \$	12,942,299 \$	14,768,553	1,826,254
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government administration	\$	1,214,696 \$	1,214,696 \$	1,219,895 \$	(5,199)
Judicial administration	•	982,765	982,765	1,012,532	(29,767)
Public safety		2,534,954	2,570,481	3,062,164	(491,683)
Public works		2,049,652	2,049,652	2,571,675	(522,023)
Health and welfare		2,051,093	2,051,093	3,418,214	(1,367,121)
Education		2,625,211	2,625,211	2,457,090	168,121
Parks, recreation, and cultural		162,457	162,457	166,795	(4,338)
Community development		514,930	514,930	581,633	(66,703)
Debt service:		,	•	,	(, ,
Principal retirement		135,893	135,893	157,774	(21,881)
Interest and other fiscal charges		128,202	128,202	157,443	(29,241)
Total expenditures	\$	12,399,853 \$	12,435,380 \$	14,805,215 \$	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	527,446 \$	506,919 \$	(36,662) \$	(E40 E04)
experianties	Φ_	527,446 \$	<u>συσ,919</u> φ_	(30,002)	(543,581)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	\$	- \$	- \$	10,000 \$	10,000
Transfers out		(527,446)	(506,919)	(864,110)	(357,191)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(527,446) \$	(506,919) \$	(854,110) \$	(347,191)
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	- \$	(890,772) \$	(890,772)
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	Ψ	- ψ	- Ψ -	2,682,717	2,682,717
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	<u>-</u>		- \$	1,791,945	
. and balanood onling	Ψ=	Ψ_	Ψ_	1,101,0π0 ψ	1,701,040

City of Buena Vista, Virginia

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Primary Government

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2018

		2018	2017		2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability							
Service cost	\$	416,975 \$	421,410	\$	370,108 \$	376,655 \$	357,099
Interest		1,289,662	1,218,525		1,193,493	1,122,225	1,081,457
Changes in assumptions		-	(86,427)		-	-	-
Differences between expected							
and actual experience		56,071	550,201		(234,737)	449,987	-
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions	_	(1,193,913)	(981,021)		(961,506)	(900,002)	(812,332)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	568,795 \$	1,122,688	\$	367,358 \$	1,048,865 \$	626,224
Total pension liability - beginning	_	19,020,693	17,898,005		17,530,647	16,481,782	15,855,558
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	19,589,488 \$	19,020,693	\$_	17,898,005 \$	17,530,647 \$	16,481,782
	_			_			
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer		420,150 \$	433,392	\$	456,213 \$	422,230 \$	421,903
Contributions - employee		156,960	167,101		152,926	142,031	147,251
Net investment income		1,155,010	1,753,735		248,114	649,744	1,976,108
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions		(1,193,913)	(981,021)		(961,506)	(900,002)	(812,332)
Administrative expense		(10,265)	(10,284)		(9,194)	(9,098)	(10,762)
Other	_	(1,021)	(1,556)		(107)	(136)	104
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	526,921 \$	1,361,367	\$	(113,554) \$	304,769 \$	1,722,272
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	15,918,924	14,557,557	_	14,671,111	14,366,342	12,644,070
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$_	16,445,845 \$	15,918,924	\$_	14,557,557 \$	14,671,111 \$	14,366,342
City's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	3,143,643 \$	3,101,769	\$	3,340,448 \$	2,859,536 \$	2,115,440
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		83.95%	83.69%		81.34%	83.69%	87.16%
Covered payroll	\$	3,269,880 \$	3,343,997	\$	3,112,616 \$	2,867,942 \$	2,947,103
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		96.14%	92.76%		107.32%	99.71%	71.78%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2018

		2018		2017		2016		2015	2014
Total pension liability									
Service cost	\$	36,778	\$	38,384	\$	36,487	\$	36,673 \$	35,849
Interest		96,694		92,937		90,797		90,772	89,028
Changes in assumptions		-		(2,589)		-		-	-
Differences between expected									
and actual experience		19,871		47,166		38,859		(1,342)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of employee contributions		(119,813)		(124,649)		(146,497)		(105,003)	(94,923)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	33,530	\$	51,249	\$	19,646	\$	21,100 \$	29,954
Total pension liability - beginning		1,441,243		1,389,994		1,370,348		1,349,248	1,319,294
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	1,474,773	\$	1,441,243	\$	1,389,994	\$	1,370,348 \$	1,349,248
Plan fiduciary net position									
Contributions - employer	\$	(4)	\$	104	\$	7,034	\$	7,976 \$	16,821
Contributions - employee		17,551		16,246		16,078		17,257	16,427
Net investment income		127,502		197,169		27,381		78,925	246,211
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of employee contributions		(119,813)		(124,649)		(146,497)		(105,003)	(94,923)
Administrative expense		(1,164)		(1,221)		(1,148)		(1,143)	(1,367)
Other	_	(111)	_	(172)		(12)		(17)	13
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	23,961	\$	87,477	\$	(97,164)	\$	(2,005) \$	183,182
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,759,577	_	1,672,100	_	1,769,264	_	1,771,269	1,588,087
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	1,783,538	\$	1,759,577	\$_	1,672,100	\$_	1,769,264 \$	1,771,269
School Division's net pension									
liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(308,765)	\$	(318,334)	\$	(282,106)	\$	(398,916) \$	(422,021)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage									
of the total pension liability		120.94%		122.09%		120.30%		129.11%	131.28%
Covered payroll	\$	376,028	\$	340,987	\$	337,453	\$	346,316 \$	328,542
School Division's net pension liability (asset)									
as a percentage of covered payroll		-82.11%		-93.36%		-83.60%		-115.19%	-128.45%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2018

	_	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		6.43200%	0.06616%	0.06874%	0.06844%	0.06896%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	7,564,000 \$	8,136,000 \$	9,633,000 \$	8,615,000 \$	8,334,000
Employer's Covered Payroll	\$	5,232,217 \$	5,244,764 \$	5,240,836 \$	5,105,532 \$	5,082,174
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		144.57%	155.13%	183.81%	168.74%	163.98%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		74.81%	72.92%	70.68%	70.68%	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

		Contractually Required Contribution		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
Date		(1)		(2)	. <u>-</u>	(3)		(4)	(5)
Primary Go	vern \$	ment 499,822	\$	499,822	\$	_	\$	3,471,307	14.40%
2018	Ψ	420,150	Ψ	420,150	Ψ	_	Ψ	3,269,880	12.85%
2017		433,392		433,392		-		3,343,997	12.96%
2016		456,213		456,213		-		3,112,616	14.66%
2015		423,595		423,595		_		2,867,942	14.77%
2014		420,846		420,846		-		2,947,103	14.28%
2013		415,104		415,104		-		2,906,889	14.28%
2012		293,068		293,068		-		2,864,790	10.23%
2011		293,015		293,015		-		2,864,273	10.23%
2010		242,981		242,981		-		3,025,911	8.03%
Component	Unit	School Board	(n	onprofessional)					
2019	\$		\$	4,526	\$	_	\$	352,715	1.28%
2018	Ψ.	-,020	Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	376,028	0.00%
2017		136		136		-		340,987	0.04%
2016		7,034		7,034		-		337,453	2.08%
2015		8,035		8,035		-		346,316	2.32%
2014		16,821		16,821		-		328,542	5.12%
2013	3 16,769			16,769		-		327,519	5.12%
2012		-		-		-		385,558	0.00%
2011		-		-		-		334,395	0.00%
2010		-		-		-		361,393	0.00%
Component	Unit	School Board	a)	rofessional)					
2019	\$		\$	810,965	\$	-	\$	5,264,774	15.40%
2018		831,426		831,426		-		5,232,217	15.89%
2017		752,811		752,811		-		5,244,764	14.35%
2016		736,862		736,862		-		5,240,836	14.06%
2015		737,854		737,854		-		5,105,532	14.45%
2014		586,176		586,176		-		5,082,174	11.53%
2013		532,330		532,330		-		4,903,590	10.86%
2012		324,200		324,200		-		5,181,231	6.26%
2011		211,283		211,283		-		5,366,815	3.94%
2010		372,292		372,292		-		5,619,414	6.63%

Current year contributions are from City records and prior year contributions are from the VRS actuarial valuation performed each year.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information-Pension Plan Year Ended June 30, 2019

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty:

<u> </u>	
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

Largest 10 - Hazardous Duty:

<u>-a.goot .oa.a.a.aoao </u>	
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Disability Rates	Increased rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

in others (Non To Largest) Trem Hazardede Dati	<i>,</i> .
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty.	
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to
healthy, and disabled)	2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

Somponent Onit Ochool Board Tholessional Empi	oyees
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

Schedule of City's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance Program For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2018 and 2017

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)
2018	0.17200% \$	262,000	\$ 3,269,880	8.01%	51.22%
2017	0.01813%	272,000	3,343,997	8.13%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

City of Buena Vista, Virginia

Schedule of School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance Program Year Ended June 30, 2018

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)
Componen	nt Unit School Board (no	nprofessional)			
2018	0.00198% \$	30,000	\$ 377,086	7.96%	51.22%
2017	0.00185%	27,000	341,847	7.90%	48.86%
Componen	nt Unit School Board (pro	fessional)			
2018 2017	0.02752% \$ 0.02843%	418,000 428.000	\$ 5,232,217 5,244,764	7.99% 8.16%	51.22% 48.86%
2017	0.0204370	420,000	5,277,704	0.1070	70.0070

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance Program Years Ended June 30, 2010 through June 30, 2019

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Go			•	40.0=4	•		•		0.700/
2019	\$	18,051	\$	18,051	\$	-	\$	3,471,307	0.52%
2018		17,003		17,003		-		3,269,880	0.52%
2017		17,389		17,389		-		3,343,997	0.52%
2016		14,941		14,941		-		3,112,616	0.48%
2015		13,766		13,766		-		2,867,942	0.48%
2014		14,146		14,146		-		2,947,103	0.48%
2013		13,953		13,953		-		2,906,889	0.48%
2012		8,021		8,021		-		2,864,790	0.28%
2011		8,020		8,020		-		2,864,273	0.28%
2010		6,131		6,131		-		3,025,911	0.20%
Campanan	4	Cabaal Baard	100	nnrofossional\					
2019	t Unii \$		(nc	onprofessional)	\$		φ	254 742	0.52%
2019	Ф	1,845	Ф	1,845	Ф	-	\$	354,713	0.52%
		1,961		1,961		-		377,086	
2017 2016		1,778		1,778		-		341,847 342,623	0.52% 0.48%
2016		1,645 1,662		1,645		-		,	0.48%
2015				1,662		-		346,316	0.48%
		1,586		1,586		-		330,437	
2013 2012		1,584 1,080		1,584		-		330,100	0.48% 0.28%
		936		1,080 936		-		385,558	
2011						-		334,395	0.28%
2010		711		711		-		361,393	0.20%
Componen	t Unit	School Board	(pr	ofessional)					
2019	\$	27,377		27,377	\$	_	\$	5,264,774	0.52%
2018	Ψ	27,208	Ψ	27,208	Ψ	_	Ψ	5,232,217	0.52%
2017		27,273		27,273		_		5,244,764	0.52%
2016		25,156		25,156		_		5,240,836	0.48%
2015		24,507		24,507		_		5,105,532	0.48%
2014		24,394		24,394		_		5,082,174	0.48%
2013		23,537		23,537		_		4,903,590	0.48%
2012		14,507		14,507		_		5,181,231	0.28%
2012		15,027		15,027		_		5,366,815	0.28%
2010		11,414		11,414		_		5,619,414	0.20%
2010		11,414		11,414		_		5,015,714	0.2076

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance Program Year Ended June 30, 2019

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

Teachers

04011010	
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Increased disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

Schedule of City School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2018 and 2017

	Employer's	Employer's Proportionate			Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability	Plan Fiduciary	
Date (1)	Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (2)	Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Net Position as a Percentage of Total HIC OPEB Liability (6)	
2018 2017	0.06462% \$ 0.06636%	821,000 842,000	\$	5,225,965 5,236,883	15.71% 16.08%	8.08% 7.04%	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program Years Ended June 30, 2010 through June 30, 2019

Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2019	\$ 63,480 \$	63,480 \$	- (\$ -	5,264,774	1.21%
2018	64,279	64,279	-		5,225,965	1.23%
2017	58,129	58,129	-		5,236,883	1.11%
2016	55,553	55,553	-		5,240,836	1.06%
2015	53,940	53,940	-		5,088,650	1.06%
2014	55,977	55,977	-		5,042,941	1.11%
2013	53,872	53,872	-		4,853,331	1.11%
2012	30,872	30,872	-		5,145,366	0.60%
2011	32,201	32,201	-		5,366,815	0.60%
2010	43,948	43,948	-		5,617,770	0.78%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program Year Ended June 30, 2019

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Primary Government Years Ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2019

	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability		
Service cost	\$ 38,000	\$ 37,000
Interest	38,000	37,000
Changes in assumptions	(64,000)	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(27,000)	-
Benefit payments	(22,000)	(35,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ (37,000)	\$ 39,000
Total OPEB liability - beginning	1,052,000	1,013,000
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 1,015,000	\$ 1,052,000
Covered payroll	\$ 2,920,000	\$ 2,920,000
City's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	34.76%	36.03%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board Years Ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2019

	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability		
Service cost	\$ 88,000	\$ 86,000
Interest	54,000	53,000
Changes in assumptions	(116,000)	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(108,000)	-
Benefit payments	 (105,000)	 (118,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ (187,000)	\$ 21,000
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 1,476,000	 1,455,000
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 1,289,000	\$ 1,476,000
Covered payroll	\$ 5,018,000	\$ 5,018,000
School Board's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	25.69%	29.41%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

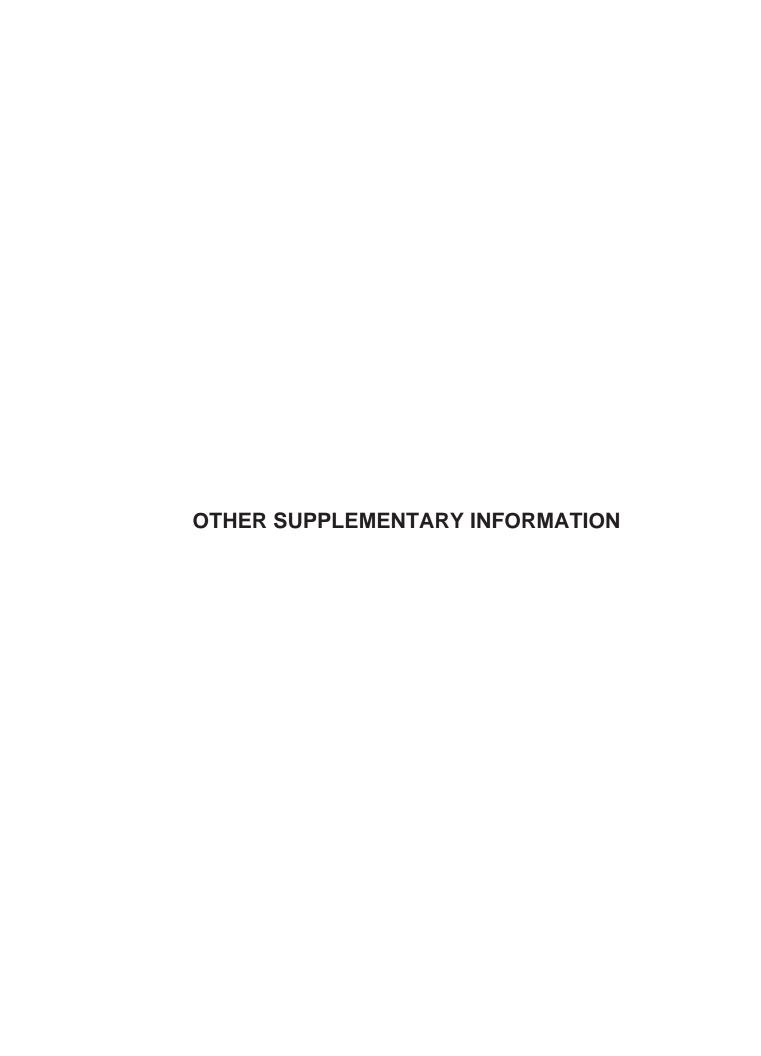
Notes to Required Supplementary Information - OPEB Year Ended June 30, 2019

Valuation Date: 7/1/2017 Measurement Date: 7/1/2018

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal level % of salary
Discount Rate	3.62% as of July 1, 2017
Inflation	2.50% per year as of June 30, 2017; 2.50% per year as of June 30, 2018
Healthcare Trend Rate	The healthcare trend rate assumption starts at 6.5% in 2018, gradually decreasing 0.50% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00%
Salary Increase Rates	2.5% annually
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 62
Mortality Rates	The mortality rates for active and healthy retirees was calculated using the RP-2014 Total Dataset Mortality Table, fully generational with base year 2006, projected using two-dimentional mortality improvement scale MP-2017.



MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS
School Construction Fund – The School Construction Fund was created to account for School capital projects constructed with funds from the City.
School Construction Fund – The School Construction Fund was created to account for School capital projects constructed with funds from the City.
School Construction Fund – The School Construction Fund was created to account for School capital brojects constructed with funds from the City.
School Construction Fund – The School Construction Fund was created to account for School capital projects constructed with funds from the City.
School Construction Fund – The School Construction Fund was created to account for School capital projects constructed with funds from the City.
School Construction Fund – The School Construction Fund was created to account for School capital projects constructed with funds from the City.
School Construction Fund – The School Construction Fund was created to account for School capital projects constructed with funds from the City.
School Construction Fund – The School Construction Fund was created to account for School capital projects constructed with funds from the City.

School Construction Fund-Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Budgeted		-	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
		Original	Final	_	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES						
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	18,173 \$	18,173	\$	7,862	\$ (10,311)
Intergovernmental:						()
Local government		177,931	177,931		169,088	(8,843)
Total revenues	\$_	196,104 \$	196,104	\$_	176,950	\$ (19,154)
EXPENDITURES						
Capital projects	\$	- \$	-	\$	80	\$ (80)
Debt service:	*	*		Ψ		ψ (σσ)
Principal retirement		447,117	447,117		540,967	(93,850)
Interest and other fiscal charges		54,121	54,121		60,986	(6,865)
Total expenditures	\$_	501,238 \$	501,238	\$	602,033	
•				_		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	\$	(305,134) \$	(305,134)	\$_	(425,083)	\$ (119,949)
					_	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	\$	305,134 \$	305,134	\$	299,982	. , , ,
Issuance of capital leases		 .		–	139,475	139,475
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	305,134 \$	305,134	\$_	439,457	\$ 134,323
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	_	\$	14.374	\$ 14,374
Fund balances - beginning	φ	- ψ	· -	Ψ	(14,374)	(14,374)
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	s ⁻	- \$	·	\$		\$ (14,374) \$ -
Turia balanoos Chaing	Ψ=			Ψ=		Ψ

	FIDUCIARY FUND
Special Welfare Fund – The Special	Welfare Fund accounts for funds held in an agency capacity for social service recipients.

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	В	Balance eginning of Year	Additions		Deletions	Balance End of Year		
Special Welfare Fund: ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ \$	1,913 1,913 \$	255 255	\$ \$	305 305 \$	1,863 1,863		
LIABILITIES Amounts held for social services clients Total liabilities	\$ \$	1,913 \$ 1,913 \$	255 255	\$ \$	305 305 \$	1,863 1,863		

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Park and recreation fund – This fund is issued to account for activities related to the operation of the City's Parks and Recreation Department. Funds generated by the Department are restricted and used to support operations of the Department.

Senior Center fund – This fund was created to account for revenues and expenditures of the Senior Center pursuant to an operating agreement with Rockbridge County in which the City will reimburse certain expenditures of the funds.

Green Hill Cemetery – This fund was created to account for revenues received for the maintenance of the Green Hill Cemetery.

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for and report the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Community Development Block Grant Fund – The Community Development Block Grant Fund was created to account for Federal revenues earmarked for community development capital projects.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	_	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Fund	 Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	23,481	\$	65,619	\$ 89,100
Accounts receivable Due from other funds Prepaid items	_	5,346 25,899 2,291		14,200 - -	 19,546 25,899 2,291
Total assets	\$_	57,017	\$_	79,819	\$ 136,836
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Total liabilities	\$ 	14,747 2,796 17,543		- - -	\$ 14,747 2,796 17,543
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaid items Restricted: Community development block grant	\$	2,291	\$	- 79,819	\$ 2,291 79,819
Assigned: Green Hill Cemetary Senior citizens program Parks and recreation Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ <u> </u>	14,650 7,603 14,930 39,474 57,017	- \$ - \$	79,819 79,819	\$ 14,650 7,603 14,930 119,293 136,836

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

REVENUES	_	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Fund	_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	124,696	\$	-	\$	124,696
Charges for services	·	44,667		-		44,667
Miscellaneous		11,959		428		12,387
Recovered costs		8,684		-		8,684
Total revenues	\$	190,006	\$	428	\$_	190,434
EXPENDITURES Current: Health and welfare Parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	7,899 453,056	\$	-	\$	7,899 453,056
Community development		-		15,854		15,854
Total expenditures	\$	460,955	\$		\$	476,809
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(270,949)	_\$_	(15,426)	\$_	(286,375)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	Φ.	040 440	Φ.		Φ.	040 440
Transfers in	\$	310,110		-	\$	310,110
Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	_ _	(10,000) 300,110			\$-	(10,000)
Total other illianding sources (uses)	Ψ_	300,110	-Ψ_		Ψ_	300,110
Net change in fund balances	\$	29,161	\$	(15,426)	\$	13,735
Fund balances - beginning	_	10,313		95,245		105,558
Fund balances - ending	\$	39,474	\$	79,819	\$	119,293

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2019

	-	Park and Recreation Fund		Senior Center Fund		Green Hill Cemetery Fund		Total
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	663	\$	8,168	\$	14,650	\$	23,481
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):								
Accounts receivable		5,346		-		-		5,346
Due from other funds		25,899		-		-		25,899
Prepaid items Total assets	\$	2,291 34,199	- _¢ -	8,168	- ۵	14,650	- ₂ -	2,291 57,017
10141 433013	Ψ=	J-1, 133	- Ψ=	0,100	= Ψ=	14,000	-Ψ=	37,017
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	14,182	\$	565	\$	_	\$	14,747
Accrued liabilities		2,796	·	-	·	-		2,796
Total liabilities	\$	16,978	\$	565	\$	-	\$	17,543
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid items	\$	2,291	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,291
Assigned:								
Green Hill Cemetary		-		-		14,650		14,650
Senior citizens program		-		7,603		-		7,603
Parks and recreation		14,930				-	—	14,930
Total fund balances	\$_	17,221	_\$_	7,603		14,650		39,474
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	34,199	\$_	8,168	\$_	14,650	_\$_	57,017

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

REVENUES	_	Park and Recreation Fund		Senior Center Fund	_	Green Hill Cemetery Fund	Total
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	124,331	\$	-	\$	365 \$	124,696
Charges for services Miscellaneous		39,417 11,959		-		5,250 -	44,667 11,959
Recovered costs		_		8,684	_		8,684
Total revenues	\$_	175,707	\$_	8,684	\$_	5,615 \$	190,006
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Health and welfare	\$		\$	7,899	\$	- \$	7,899
Parks, recreation, and cultural	φ-	453,056	_	- 7,000	φ-		453,056
Total expenditures	\$_	453,056	Ъ _	7,899	Φ_	\$	460,955
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$_	(277,349)	\$_	785	\$_	5,615_\$	(270,949)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	\$	310,110	\$	-	\$	- \$	310,110
Transfers out	φ-	- 240 440	₋		\$	(10,000)	(10,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	310,110	Ъ _		Ф_	(10,000) \$	300,110
Net change in fund balances	\$	32,761	\$		\$	(4,385) \$	29,161
Fund balances - beginning	ф —	(15,540)	_т —	6,818		19,035	10,313
Fund balances - ending	Ф=	17,221	\$_	7,603	\$_	14,650 \$	39,474



City of Buena Vista, Virginia

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Park and Recreation Fund									
	_	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive					
		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)					
REVENUES Revenue from the use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$	106,000 \$ 35,300 2,200	106,000 \$ 35,300 2,200	124,331 \$ 39,417 11,959						
Recovered costs	<u>_</u>	- 442 F00 f	- 440,500 f	- 47F 707 M	- 20.007					
Total revenues	\$	143,500 \$	143,500 \$	175,707 \$	32,207					
EXPENDITURES Current: Health and welfare	Φ	- \$	- \$	ď						
Parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	- \$ 375,812	- ֆ 375,812	- \$ 453,056	(77,244)					
Total expenditures	\$	375,812 \$		453,056 \$						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(232,312) \$	(232,312) \$	(277,349) \$						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	\$	232,312 \$	232,312 \$	310,110 \$	5 77,798 -					
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	232,312 \$	232,312 \$	310,110 \$	77,798					
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	\$	- \$	- \$	32,761 \$ (15,540)	(15,540)					
Fund balances - ending	\$	\$	\$_	17,221 \$	517,221_					

	Senior Center Fund Green Hill Cemetery Fu									nd	nd				
Budgete Original	d A			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	- - 	Budgeted A		<u> </u>	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	- \$ -	-	\$	365 5,250	\$	365 5,250		
8,500 8,500	\$_	8,500 8,500	\$_	8,684 8,684	\$_	184 184	\$	- - \$	- - -	\$_	5,615	\$_	5,615		
8,500	\$	8,500	\$	7,899	\$	601	\$	- \$ -	-	\$	- ; -	\$	-		
8,500	\$	8,500	\$	7,899	\$	601	\$	- \$	-	\$	- ;	\$_	-		
-	\$_	-	\$_	785	\$_	785	\$_	\$	-	_\$_	5,615	\$_	5,615		
-	\$	-	\$	-		-	\$	- \$	-	\$	- ((10,000)	\$	(10,000)		
-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$		\$_	(10,000)		
-	\$ - \$	-	\$ 	6,818		6,818		- \$ s	- -	\$ - \$	19,035		(4,385) 19,035 14,650		
	8,500 8,500 8,500 8,500	Original - \$	Budgeted Amounts Original Final - \$ - - - 8,500 8,500 8,500 8,500 8,500 8,500 - - 8,500 8,500 - - </td <td>Budgeted Amounts Original Final - \$ 8,500 8,500 8,500 8,500 8,500 \$ 8,500 \$ 8,500 \$ 8,500 \$ 8,500 \$ - - - \$</td> <td>Budgeted Amounts Actual - \$ - \$ - \$ 8,500 8,500 8,684 8,500 8,684 8,500 8,500 8,684 8,500 8,684 8,500 8,500 8,684 8,500 7,899 </td> <td>Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 8,500 8,500 8,684 8,500 \$ 8,500 \$ 8,684 8,500 \$ 8,500 \$ 7,899 8,500 \$ 8,500 \$ 7,899 - \$ - \$ - \$ 7,899 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$</td> <td> Budgeted Amounts</td> <td>Budgeted Amounts Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 8,500 8,500 8,684 8,500 8,684 184 8,500 8,684 184 \$ 184 \$ 8,500 \$ 8,500 \$ 7,899 \$ 601 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 601 \$ \$ 601 \$ - \$ \$ 6,818 \$</td> <td>Budgeted Amounts Actual Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual - \$ 0.5 \$ 0</td> <td>Budgeted Amounts Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual (Negative) Driginal Final - \$ -</td> <td>Budgeted Amounts Actual Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual Positive (Negative) Original Final - \$ -<td>Budgeted Amounts Actual Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) Budgeted Amounts Actual - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ 365 - \$ - \$ - \$ 365 - \$ - \$ - \$ 365 - \$ - \$ 365 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,250 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,250 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,250 - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,250 8,500 8,500 8,684 184 - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,615 - \$ 5,615 8,500 8,500 8,684 184 - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,615 - \$ 5,615 8,500 8,500 7,899 601 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$</td><td>Budgeted Amounts Actual Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) Budgeted Amounts Actual - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$</td></td>	Budgeted Amounts Original Final - \$ 8,500 8,500 8,500 8,500 8,500 \$ 8,500 \$ 8,500 \$ 8,500 \$ 8,500 \$ - - - \$	Budgeted Amounts Actual - \$ - \$ - \$ 8,500 8,500 8,684 8,500 8,684 8,500 8,500 8,684 8,500 8,684 8,500 8,500 8,684 8,500 7,899	Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 8,500 8,500 8,684 8,500 \$ 8,500 \$ 8,684 8,500 \$ 8,500 \$ 7,899 8,500 \$ 8,500 \$ 7,899 - \$ - \$ - \$ 7,899 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	Budgeted Amounts	Budgeted Amounts Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 8,500 8,500 8,684 8,500 8,684 184 8,500 8,684 184 \$ 184 \$ 8,500 \$ 8,500 \$ 7,899 \$ 601 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 601 \$ \$ 601 \$ - \$ \$ 6,818 \$	Budgeted Amounts Actual Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual - \$ 0.5 \$ 0	Budgeted Amounts Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual (Negative) Driginal Final - \$ -	Budgeted Amounts Actual Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual Positive (Negative) Original Final - \$ - <td>Budgeted Amounts Actual Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) Budgeted Amounts Actual - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ 365 - \$ - \$ - \$ 365 - \$ - \$ - \$ 365 - \$ - \$ 365 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,250 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,250 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,250 - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,250 8,500 8,500 8,684 184 - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,615 - \$ 5,615 8,500 8,500 8,684 184 - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,615 - \$ 5,615 8,500 8,500 7,899 601 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$</td> <td>Budgeted Amounts Actual Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) Budgeted Amounts Actual - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$</td>	Budgeted Amounts Actual Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) Budgeted Amounts Actual - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ 365 - \$ - \$ - \$ 365 - \$ - \$ - \$ 365 - \$ - \$ 365 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,250 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,250 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,250 - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,250 8,500 8,500 8,684 184 - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,615 - \$ 5,615 8,500 8,500 8,684 184 - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,615 - \$ 5,615 8,500 8,500 7,899 601 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	Budgeted Amounts Actual Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) Budgeted Amounts Actual - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Community Development Block Grant Fund					
	_ _ _	Budgeted Am Original	ounts Final	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	•	•				400	
Miscellaneous	\$ <u>_</u>		- 3	\$ 428		428	
Total revenues	\$ _			\$428	_ \$ _	428	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Community development	\$	- \$	- 9	\$ 15,854	\$	(15,854)	
Total expenditures	\$	- \$	- 9	\$ 15,854	\$	(15,854)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	\$_	\$		\$ (15,426	<u>s)</u> \$ _	(15,426)	
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	- \$	\$ (15,426	5) \$	(15,426)	
Fund balances - beginning		-	-	95,245	,	95,245	
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	- (\$ 79,819	\$	79,819	

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

School Operating Fund – The School Operating Fund accounts for the operations of the City's school system. Financing is provided by the State and Federal governments as well as contributions from the General Fund.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

School Cafeteria Fund – The School Cafeteria Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for the City's school lunch program. Financing is provided from lunch sales and State and Federal reimbursements.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

Health Insurance Fund – The Health Insurance Fund is an internal service fund that accounts for the School Board's self-insured health insurance transactions. Financing is provided by employee and School Board contributions.

Combining Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2019

		School Operating Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	740,494	\$	108,008	\$	848,502
Accounts receivable Due from other governmental units		8,882 225,936		11,347		20,229 225,936
Inventories Total assets	\$_	975,312	\$	18,383 137,738	\$	18,383 1,113,050
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Contracts payable Due to primary government	\$	93,259 671,730 141,559	\$	5,429 - -	\$	98,688 671,730 141,559
Total liabilities	\$	906,548	\$	5,429	\$	911,977
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Inventories Committed:	\$	-	\$	18,383	\$	18,383
School capital projects School lunch program	. –	68,764		- 113,926		68,764 113,926
Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_ \$	68,764 975,312	\$	132,309 137,738	\$ \$	201,073 1,113,050
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of	net	<u> </u>	=			
Total fund balances per above		,	,		\$	201,073
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not finanterported in the funds. Land Buildings and improvements	cial r	resources and,	th \$	erefore, are not 4,634 3,732,404		
Machinery and equipment			-	89,538		3,826,576
The net pension asset is not an available resource and, therefor	e, is	not reported in	the	funds.		308,765
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for curr are not reported in the funds.	ent-p	eriod expenditu				
Pension related OPEB related			\$	941,958 218,702		1,160,660
Internal service funds are used by management to charge to insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The assigned funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of Health Insurance Fund	sets a	and liabilities of				
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due a	nd p	ayable in the o	cur	rent period and,		(121,278)
therefore, are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB liability			\$	(221,066) (7,564,000) (2,558,000)		(10,343,066)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the cureported in the funds.	rrent-	period and, the	ref	ore, are not		(10,043,000)
Pension related OPEB related			\$	(1,267,453) (296,000)		(1 562 452)
Net position of governmental activities					\$	(1,563,453) (6,530,723)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Year Ended June 30, 2019

		School Operating Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					_	
Revenue from the use of money and property Charges for services Recovered costs Intergovernmental:	\$	75 47,817 116,649	\$	94,509	\$	75 142,326 116,649
Local government Commonwealth Federal		2,420,682 7,445,341		8,434 310,875		2,420,682 7,453,775
Total revenues	\$	727,928 10,758,492		310,875 413,818	\$_	1,038,803 11,172,310
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Education	\$	10,750,831		416,184		11,167,015
Total expenditures	\$	10,750,831	_\$	416,184	\$_	11,167,015
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	r.	7.004	Φ.	(2.200)	c	F 20F
expenditures	\$	7,661	_Φ_	(2,366)	Φ_	5,295
Net change in fund balances	\$	7,661	\$	(2,366)	\$	5,295
Fund balances - beginning	Ψ	61,103	Ψ	134,675	Ψ	195,778
			—			
Fund balances - ending Amounts reported for governmental activities in the s	\$ tatement of a	68,764	= ==	132,309	*=	201,073
Fund balances - ending Amounts reported for governmental activities in the s Net change in fund balances - total governmental fun	tatement of a	activities (Exhibit 2)	= ==	·	\$ <u> </u>	5,295
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the s Net change in fund balances - total governmental fund Governmental funds report capital outlays as expend those assets is allocated over their estimated useful amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital of	tatement of a ds - per abov itures. Howe lives and rep	ectivities (Exhibit 2) ve ever, in the statement or the depreciation	are o	lifferent because: activities the cost of xpense. This is the	\$	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the s Net change in fund balances - total governmental fun Governmental funds report capital outlays as expend those assets is allocated over their estimated useful amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital of Capital outlays	tatement of a ds - per abov itures. Howe lives and rep	ectivities (Exhibit 2) ve ever, in the statement or the depreciation	are o	different because: activities the cost of expense. This is the 90,977	\$	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the s Net change in fund balances - total governmental fund Governmental funds report capital outlays as expend those assets is allocated over their estimated useful amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital of Capital outlays Depreciation expense	tatement of a ds - per above itures. Howe lives and reportages in the	ectivities (Exhibit 2) ve ever, in the statement orted as depreciation current period.	are o	lifferent because: activities the cost of xpense. This is the 90,977 (377,547)	\$	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the s Net change in fund balances - total governmental fun Governmental funds report capital outlays as expend those assets is allocated over their estimated useful amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital of Capital outlays	tatement of a ds - per above itures. Howe lives and reportages in the	ectivities (Exhibit 2) ve ever, in the statement orted as depreciation current period.	are o	different because: activities the cost of expense. This is the 90,977	\$	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the s Net change in fund balances - total governmental fund Governmental funds report capital outlays as expend those assets is allocated over their estimated useful amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital of Capital outlays Depreciation expense	tatement of a ds - per above itures. Howe lives and reportlays in the d on current y es do not re-	ever, in the statement or ted as depreciation current period.	are c	activities the cost of xpense. This is the 90,977 (377,547) 212,286 financial resources	\$	5,295
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the s Net change in fund balances - total governmental fund Governmental funds report capital outlays as expend those assets is allocated over their estimated useful amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital of Capital outlays Depreciation expense Allocation of debt financed school assets based. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities.	tatement of a ds - per above itures. Howe lives and reportlays in the d on current y es do not re-	ever, in the statement or ted as depreciation current period.	are of sion es	activities the cost of xpense. This is the 90,977 (377,547) 212,286	\$	5,295
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the s Net change in fund balances - total governmental fund Governmental funds report capital outlays as expend those assets is allocated over their estimated useful amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital of Capital outlays Depreciation expense Allocation of debt financed school assets based Some expenses reported in the statement of activiti and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in go Change in compensated absences Pension expense	tatement of a ds - per above itures. Howe lives and reportlays in the d on current y es do not re-	ever, in the statement or ted as depreciation current period.	are c	activities the cost of xpense. This is the 90,977 (377,547) 212,286 financial resources (7,111) 432,234	\$	5,295
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the s Net change in fund balances - total governmental fund Governmental funds report capital outlays as expend those assets is allocated over their estimated useful amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital of Capital outlays Depreciation expense Allocation of debt financed school assets based Some expenses reported in the statement of activiti and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in go Change in compensated absences	tatement of a ds - per above itures. Howe lives and reportlays in the d on current y es do not re-	ever, in the statement or ted as depreciation current period.	are c	activities the cost of xpense. This is the 90,977 (377,547) 212,286 financial resources (7,111)	\$	5,295 (74,284)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the s Net change in fund balances - total governmental fund Governmental funds report capital outlays as expend those assets is allocated over their estimated useful amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital of Capital outlays Depreciation expense Allocation of debt financed school assets based Some expenses reported in the statement of activitiand, therefore are not reported as expenditures in go Change in compensated absences Pension expense OPEB expense Internal service funds are used by management to cand telecommunications, to individual funds. The ne	tatement of and separate and separate and reportance and reportance and reportance and concurrent yes do not recovernmental for the separate and sep	exercivities (Exhibit 2) ve ever, in the statement ported as depreciation current period. vear repayments quire the use of curunds.	are control of the co	activities the cost of xpense. This is the 90,977 (377,547) 212,286 financial resources (7,111) 432,234 142,254 such as insurance	\$	5,295 (74,284) 567,377
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the s Net change in fund balances - total governmental fund Governmental funds report capital outlays as expend those assets is allocated over their estimated useful amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital of Capital outlays Depreciation expense Allocation of debt financed school assets based Some expenses reported in the statement of activiti and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in go Change in compensated absences Pension expense OPEB expense Internal service funds are used by management to or	tatement of and separate and separate and reportance and reportance and reportance and concurrent yes do not recovernmental for the separate and sep	exercivities (Exhibit 2) ve ever, in the statement ported as depreciation current period. vear repayments quire the use of curunds.	are control of the co	activities the cost of xpense. This is the 90,977 (377,547) 212,286 financial resources (7,111) 432,234 142,254 such as insurance	\$	5,295 (74,284)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Year Ended June 30, 2019

		School Operating Fund									
	_	Budgete Original	ed A	mounts Final	-	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES								_			
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	75	\$	75			
Charges for services		25,000		25,000		47,817		22,817			
Recovered costs		65,000		65,000		116,649		51,649			
Intergovernmental:											
Local government		2,583,803		2,583,803		2,420,682		(163,121)			
Commonwealth		7,844,655		7,844,655		7,445,341		(399,314)			
Federal	. –	790,639		790,639		727,928		(62,711)			
Total revenues	\$_	11,309,097	_\$_	11,309,097	_\$_	10,758,492	\$_	(550,605)			
EXPENDITURES Current:											
Education	\$	11,309,097	\$	11,309,097	\$	10,750,831	\$	558,266			
Total expenditures	\$	11,309,097	\$	11,309,097	\$	10,750,831	\$	558,266			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$_		_\$_		\$_	7,661	\$	7,661			
Not abanga in fund balances	φ		φ		Φ	7 661	Φ	7.661			
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,661	Ф	7,661			
Fund balances - beginning	φ-		- و		- \$ -	61,103	¢	61,103			
Fund balances - ending	Φ=		- ^Φ =		= ^Φ =	68,764	Ψ	68,764			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Year Ended June 30, 2019

	School Cafeteria Fund									
		Budgete	d A	amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)		
REVENUES Charges for services Intergovernmental:	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	94,509	\$	54,509		
Commonwealth		40,000		40,000		8,434		(31,566)		
Federal		317,991		317,991		310,875		(7,116)		
Total revenues	\$	397,991	\$	397,991	\$	413,818	\$_	15,827		
EXPENDITURES Current: Education Total expenditures	\$ 	397,991 397,991	\$ \$	397,991 397,991	\$	416,184 416,184		(18,193) (18,193)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$		\$_		\$_	(2,366)	\$_	(2,366)		
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(2,366) 134,675		(2,366) 134,675		
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$_	-	\$_	132,309	\$_	132,309		

Statement of Net Position Internal Service Fund Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2019

	Health Insurance Fund	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 133,736	S
Total assets	\$ 133,736	
LIABILITIES		
Claims payable	\$255,014	1
Total liabilities	\$ 255,014	_
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted	\$(121,278	3)
Total net position	\$(121,278	3)
Total liabilities and net position	\$ <u>133,736</u>	;

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Fund Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Health Insurance Fund
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services: Insurance premiums Total operating revenues	\$ \$	1,595,629 1,595,629
OPERATING EXPENSES Insurance claims paid and expenses Total operating expenses	\$ \$	1,548,373 1,548,373
Operating income (loss)	\$	47,256
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest income Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ 	58 58
Change in net position	\$	47,314
Total net position - beginning		(168,592)
Total net position - ending	\$	(121,278)

Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Fund Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Health Insurance Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts for insurance premiums Payments for premiums Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ _ \$_	1,595,629 (1,560,003) 35,626
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$ _ \$ _	58 58
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	35,684
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ _	98,052 133,736
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Total adjustments	\$ _ \$ _ \$ _	47,256 (11,630) (11,630)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ _	35,626



Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
General property taxes:					
Real property taxes	\$	3,922,000 \$	3,922,000 \$	3,993,932	71,932
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		254,000	254,000	269,837	15,837
Personal property taxes		1,221,000	1,221,000	1,338,826	117,826
Machinery and tools taxes		334,000	334,000	329,927	(4,073)
Penalties		58,000	58,000	63,223	5,223
Interest		25,000	25,000	42,205	17,205
Total general property taxes	\$	5,814,000 \$	5,814,000 \$	6,037,950	223,950
Other local taxes:					
Local sales and use taxes	\$	377,000 \$	377,000 \$	387,031	10,031
Consumers' utility taxes		263,300	263,300	260,778	(2,522)
Meals taxes		319,800	319,800	354,913	35,113
Lodging taxes		20,100	20,100	16,587	(3,513)
Business and professional license taxes		184,000	184,000	189,708	5,708
Motor vehicle licenses		168,900	168,900	160,662	(8,238)
Water utility taxes		106,100	106,100	103,786	(2,314)
Bank stock taxes		48,700	48,700	32,698	(16,002)
Recordation taxes		26,000	26,000	40,337	14,337
Total other local taxes	\$	1,513,900 \$	1,513,900 \$	1,546,500	32,600
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:					
Animal licenses	\$	1.900 \$	1.900 \$	1.235	(665)
Right of way fees	Φ	22,000	22,000 \$	11,739	(665) (10,261)
Transfer fees		150	150	226	(10,201)
Permits and other licenses		13,000	13,000	11,421	(1,579)
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	37,050 \$	37,050 \$		
Total permits, privilege lees, and regulatory licenses	Ψ	37,030 p	37,030 p	24,021	(12,429)
Fines and forfeitures:					
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	60,000 \$	60,000 \$	39,264	(20,736)
Parking fines		700	700	990	290
Total fines and forfeitures	\$	60,700 \$	60,700 \$	40,254	(20,446)
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from use of money	\$	2,000 \$	2,000 \$	4,660 \$	2,660
Sale of property		, <u> </u>	-	16,000	16,000
Sale of cemetery lots		32,000	32,000	27,150	(4,850)
Carilion lease revenue		1,000	1,000	30,043	29,043
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	35,000 \$	35,000 \$	77,853	42,853
Charges for services:					
Sheriff fees	\$	500 \$	500 \$	514 \$	14
Commonwealth attorney fees	Ψ	500 ¢	500 ¢	1,058	558
Charges for waste collection and disposal		630,000	630,000	643,443	13,443
Landfill tipping fees		85,000	85,000	351	(84,649)
Grave openings		63,083	63,083	43,350	(19,733)
Courthouse maintenance fees		4,000	4,000	5,629	1,629
Courthouse security fees		12,739	12,739	8,982	(3,757)
Jail administration fees		1,150	1,150	2,603	1,453
Other charges for services		4,200	4,200	2,241	(1,959)
Total charges for services	\$	801,172 \$	801,172 \$		
	Ť	Ψ	Ψ		(00,001)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)							
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)							
Miscellaneous:	_		_		_		
Miscellaneous	\$	66,000 \$	\$	66,000	\$	212,868 \$	146,868
Dabney lease revenue	<u>-</u> -	139,536 205,536	<u> </u>	139,536	_	139,536	140,000
Total miscellaneous	\$	205,536	Ф	205,536	»	352,404	146,868
Recovered costs:							
Social service refunds	\$	- 9	\$	-	\$	35,487 \$	
Other recovered costs		-		-		15,760	15,760
Budget reappropriation	_			15,000	_		(15,000)
Total recovered costs	\$		\$	15,000	\$	51,247	36,247
Total revenue from local sources	\$	8,467,358	\$	8,482,358	\$	8,839,000 \$	356,642
Intergovernmental:							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Noncategorical aid:	_		_		_		
Mobile home titling tax	\$	500 \$	\$	500	\$	2,621 \$,
Communication tax		326,000		326,000		267,360	(58,640)
Rolling stock		4,000		4,000		6,078	2,078
Auto rental tax State recordation tax		10 12,000		10 12,000		725 9,648	715 (2,352)
Personal property tax relief funds		662,919		662,919		662,919	(2,352)
Total noncategorical aid	\$	1,005,429	\$	1,005,429	\$_	949,351	(56,078)
Categorical aid:							
Shared expenses:							
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	159,217	\$	159,217	\$	161,578 \$	2,361
Sheriff	Ψ	161,799	Ψ	161,799	Ψ	162,533	734
Commissioner of revenue		78,551		78,551		73,221	(5,330)
Treasurer		63,718		63,718		63,554	(164)
Registrar/electoral board		36,000		36,000		35,755	(245)
Police		176,732		176,732		189,172	12,440
Juror Expense		3,000		3,000		1,590	(1,410)
Clerk of the Circuit Court		132,178		132,178		144,093	11,915
Total shared expenses	\$	811,195	\$	811,195	\$	831,496	20,301
Other categorical aid:							
Welfare administration and assistance	\$	100,000 \$	\$	100,000	\$	112,761 \$	
Comprehensive services act		1,160,000		1,160,000		2,187,037	1,027,037
Street and Highway Maintenance		1,218,000		1,218,000		1,257,322	39,322
Local Law Enforcement Grant		-		-		7,500	7,500
School resource officer grant		-		-		30,546	30,546
Victim-witness grant		69,317		69,317		13,914	(55,403)
Fire programs Four for life		22,000		22,000		23,018 5,056	1,018 5,056
Other state grants		24,000		24,000		26,128	2,128
Seized funds		24,000		24,000		9,943	9,943
Total other categorical aid	\$	2,593,317	\$	2,593,317	\$	3,673,225	
Total categorical aid	\$	3,404,512	\$	3,404,512	\$	4,504,721	1,100,209
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	4,409,941	\$	4,409,941	\$	5,454,072 \$	51,044,131_
	_	·			_		

		Original	Final		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
General Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental: (Continued) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:					
Welfare administration and assistance Ground transportation safety grant Emergency management performance grant Seized funds Safe routes to schools Homeland security grant program	\$	50,000 \$	50,000 \$ - - - - - -	99,973 \$ 1,147 7,205 9,661 200,804 59,980	49,973 1,147 7,205 9,661 200,804 59,980
USDA police grant Victim-witness grant Byrne justice assistance grant Total categorical aid	<u>_</u>	- - - 50,000 \$	- - - 50,000 \$	25,470 41,745 29,496 475,481 \$	25,470 41,745 29,496 425,481
Total revenue from the federal government	Ψ	50,000 \$	50,000 \$	475,481 \$	425,481
Total General Fund	Ψ <u> </u>	12,927,299 \$	· ·	14,768,553 \$	1,826,254
Special Revenue Funds: Park and Recreation Fund: Revenue from local sources:	Ф <u>—</u>	12,921,2 99 \$	12,942,299 \$	14,766,555 \$	1,020,204
Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of property Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ \$	106,000 \$ 106,000 \$	106,000 \$ 106,000 \$	124,331 \$ 124,331 \$	18,331 18,331
Charges for services: Recreation fees Total charges for services	\$ \$	35,300 \$ 35,300 \$	35,300 \$ 35,300 \$	39,417 \$ 39,417 \$	4,117 4,117
Miscellaneous: Micellaneous Total miscellaneous	\$ \$	2,200 \$ 2,200 \$	2,200 \$ 2,200 \$	11,959 \$ 11,959 \$	9,759 9,759
Total revenue from local sources	\$	143,500 \$	143,500 \$	175,707 \$	32,207
Total Park and Recreation Fund	\$	143,500 \$	143,500 \$	175,707_\$	32,207
Senior Center Fund: Revenue from local sources: Recovered costs:					
Payments from other localities Total recovered costs	\$ \$	8,500 \$ 8,500 \$	8,500 \$ 8,500 \$	8,684 8,684 \$	184 184
Total revenue from local sources	\$	8,500 \$	8,500 \$	8,684_\$	184
Total Senior Center Fund	\$	8,500 \$	8,500 \$	8,684_\$	184
Green Hill Cemetery Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of money Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ \$	<u>-</u> \$ \$	<u>-</u> \$ - \$	365 \$ 365 \$	365 365
Charges for services: Cemetery perpetual care receipts Total charges for services	\$ \$	\$ \$	<u>-</u> \$ \$	5,250 \$ 5,250 \$	5,250 5,250
Total revenue from local sources	\$	\$_	- \$	5,615 \$	5,615
Total Green Hill Cemetery Fund	\$	\$	\$	5,615 \$	5,615

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Capital Projects Funds: School Construction Fund: Intergovernmental: Revenue from local governments:					
Contribution from City of Buena Vista School Board Total revenues from local governments	\$ 	177,931 \$ 177,931 \$	177,931 \$ 177,931 \$	169,088 169,088	
Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ \$	18,173 \$ 18,173 \$	18,173 \$ 18,173 \$	7,862 7,862	
Total School Construction Fund	\$	196,104 \$	196,104 \$	176,950	(19,154)
Community Development Block Grant: Miscellaneous: Other miscellaneous Total miscellaneous	\$ \$		<u>-</u> \$_ -\$	428 § 428 §	6 428 6 428
Total Community Development Block Grant Fund	\$	- \$	- \$	428 \$	6 428
Total Primary Government	\$	13,275,403 \$	13,290,403 \$	15,135,937	1,845,534
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ \$	\$_ \$_	\$ \$	75 \$	6 75 6 75
Charges for services: Charges for education Total charges for services	\$ \$	25,000 \$ 25,000 \$	25,000 \$ 25,000 \$	47,817 47,817	
Recovered costs: Other recovered costs Total recovered costs	\$ \$	65,000 \$ 65,000 \$	65,000 \$ 65,000 \$	116,649 116,649	
Total revenue from local sources	\$	90,000_\$	90,000 \$	164,541_\$	74,541

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (continued) Interest Charles (continu	Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Name	Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (contin	ued)				
Revenue from local governments		,				
Contribution from City of Buena Vista, Virginia \$ 2,583,803 \$ 2,583,803 \$ 2,420,682 \$ (163,121) Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: Share of state sales tax \$ 1,054,393 \$ 1,054,393 \$ 1,066,993 \$ 1,2600 Share of state sales tax \$ 1,054,393 \$ 1,054,393 \$ 1,2600 Share of state sales tax \$ 3,719,340 3,303,711 \$ (415,529) Alrisk 124,294 124,294 125,194 900 Project graduation 3,886 3,886 -						
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: Share of state sales tax \$ 1,054,393 \$ 1,054,393 \$ 1,066,993 \$ 12,600 Basic school aid: \$ 3,719,340 \$,319,340 \$,303,711 \$ (415,529) At-risk \$ 124,294 \$124,294 \$124,994 \$12		\$				
Categorical aid:	Total revenue from local governments	\$	2,583,803 \$	2,583,803 \$	2,420,682 \$	(163,121)
Categorical aid:	Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Share of state sales tax \$ 1,054,393 \$ 1,066,993 \$ 12,600 Basic school aid \$3,719,340 \$3,719,340 \$3,303,711 \$(415,620) At-risk \$124,294 \$124,294 \$125,194 \$900 Project graduation \$3,886 \$15,885 \$12,481 \$496 \$161,600 \$18,995 \$1,985						
Basic school aid 3,719,340 3,719,340 3,303,711 (415,629) Al-risk 124,294 124,294 125,194 900 Project graduation 3,886	· ·	\$	1,054,393 \$	1,054,393 \$	1,066,993 \$	12,600
Alt-risk	Basic school aid					
Alternative education 51,985 51,985 52,481 496	At-risk					, ,
Alternative education 51,985 51,985 52,481 496	Project graduation		3,886	3,886	3,886	-
Glifted and talented 37,544 37,544 34,202 (3,342) Special Education 529,440 520,440 500,416 (29,024) Remedial summer school 47,251 47,251 31,361 (15,890) Remedial education 167,796 167,796 152,863 (14,933) Vocational education 478,871 478,871 436,252 (42,619) Technology funds 180,000 180,000 179,985 (15) Lottery 239,957 238,957 254,178 15,225 School security grant - - 79,153 79,153 Fringe benefits 891,850 891,850 818,2475 (79,375) Adult education - 1,258 12,258 Reduced class size (K-3) 110,225 110,225 111,124 899 Enrollment loss 71,48 77,148 77,148 70,282 (6,866) Early reading intervention 19,072 19,072 19,072 19,072 19,072 19,072 19,072						496
Special Education 529,440 529,440 500,416 (29,024) Remedial summer school 47,251 47,251 31,361 (18,890) Remedial education 167,796 167,796 152,863 (14,933) Vocational education 478,871 478,871 436,252 (24,619) Technology funds 180,000 180,000 179,985 (15) Lottery 239,957 239,957 254,178 15,221 School security grant - 79,153 79,153 79,153 Finge benefits 891,850 891,850 812,475 (73,375) Adult education - - 1,258 1,258 Reduced class size (K-3) 110,225 1110,225 111,124 899 Enrollment loss 77,148 77,148 77,148 79,000 75,000 Free textbooks 77,148 77,148 77,148 70,0282 (6,866) Early reading intervention 19,072 19,072 19,072 - Salary sup						
Remedial summer school 47,251 47,251 31,361 (18,890) Remedial education 167,796 167,796 152,863 (14,933) Vocational education 478,871 478,871 436,252 (42,619) Technology funds 180,000 180,000 179,985 (15) Lottery 238,957 238,957 254,178 15,225 School security grant - - 79,153 79,153 Fringe benefits 891,850 891,850 812,475 (79,375) Adult education - - 1,258 1,258 Reduced class size (K-3) 110,225 110,225 111,124 899 Enrollment loss - - 75,000 75,000 Free textbooks 77,148 77,148 70,4282 (6,866) Early reading intervention 19,072 19,072 - Math reading specialist - 5,000 5,000 Sepcial education - homebound 10,536 10,536 11,155 619						, ,
Remedial education	•					, ,
Vocational education 478,871 478,871 436,252 (42,619) Technology funds 180,000 180,000 179,985 (15) Lottery 238,957 238,957 254,178 15,221 School security grant - - - 79,153 79,153 Fringe benefits 891,850 891,850 812,475 (79,375) Adult education - - - 1,258 1,258 Reduced class size (K-3) 110,225 110,225 111,124 899 Enrollment loss - - - 75,000 75,000 Free textbooks 77,148 77,148 77,48 70,282 (6,866) Early reading intervention 19,072 19,072 19,072 - - 5,000 5,						` ' '
Technology funds						, , ,
Catery C						` ' '
School security grant - - 79,153 79,153 Fringe benefits 891,850 891,850 812,475 (79,375) Adult education - - 1,258 1,258 Reduced class size (K-3) 110,225 110,225 111,124 899 Ernollment loss - - 75,000 75,000 Free textbooks 77,148 77,148 70,282 (6,866) Early reading intervention 19,072 19,072 19,072 - Math reading specialist - - - 5,000 5,000 Special education - homebound 10,536 10,536 11,155 619 Salary supplement 75,000 75,000 - 75,000 English as a second language 1,097 1,097 1,645 548 Vocational occupational preparedness 8,773 8,773 1,867 (6,906) Standards of Learning algebra readiness 8,773 16,577 13,652 (2,725) Other state funds <	**					
Pringe benefits	•		230,937	230,937	,	
Adult education - 1,258 1,258 Reduced class size (K-3) 110,225 110,225 111,124 899 Enrollment loss - - 75,000 75,000 Free textbooks 77,148 77,148 70,282 (6,866) Early reading intervention 19,072 19,072 19,072 - Math reading specialist - - 5,000 5,000 Special education - homebound 10,536 10,536 11,155 619 Salary supplement 75,000 75,000 - (75,000) English as a second language 1,097 1,097 1,645 548 Vocational occupational preparedness 8,773 8,773 1,867 (6,906) Standards of Learning algebra readiness 16,577 16,577 13,852 (2,725) Other state funds 620 620 101,936 101,316 Total categorical aid \$ 7,844,655 \$ 7,844,655 \$ 7,445,341 (399,314) Revenue from the federal governmen			901 950	901 950		
Reduced class size (K-3) 110,225 110,225 111,124 899 Enrollment loss - - 75,000 75,000 Free textbooks 77,148 77,148 70,282 (6,866) Early reading intervention 19,072 19,072 19,072 19,072 Math reading specialist - - - 5,000 5,000 Special education - homebound 10,536 10,536 11,155 619 Salary supplement 75,000 75,000 - (75,000) English as a second language 1,097 1,097 1,645 548 Vocational occupational preparedness 8,773 8,773 1,867 (6,906) Standards of Learning algebra readiness 16,577 16,577 13,852 (2,725) Other state funds 620 620 101,936 101,316 Total categorical aid \$7,844,655 7,844,655 7,445,341 \$(399,314) Title I V-Is psecial education 235,522 235,522 250,045 (1,690)<	•		091,000	091,000		
Enrollment loss			110 005	110 005		
Free textbooks 77,148 77,148 70,282 (6,866) Early reading intervention 19,072 19,072 19,072 - Math reading specialist - - - 5,000 5,000 Special education - homebound 10,536 10,536 11,155 619 Salary supplement 75,000 75,000 - (75,000) English as a second language 1,097 1,097 1,645 548 Vocational occupational preparedness 8,773 8,773 1,867 (6,906) Standards of Learning algebra readiness 16,577 16,577 13,852 (2,725) Other state funds 620 620 101,936 101,316 Total categorical aid \$7,844,655 7,844,655 7,445,341 (399,314) Revenue from the Commonwealth \$7,844,655 7,844,655 7,445,341 (399,314) Revenue from the federal government: 2 251,735 \$251,735 \$250,045 (1,690) Title V-B, special education 235,522 235,	` ,		110,225	110,225		
Early reading intervention 19,072 19,072 19,072 19,072 19,072 19,072 Math reading specialist - - 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 Special education - homebound 10,536 11,555 619 Salary supplement 75,000 70,000 70,000 70,000 70,000 70,000 70,000 7			77 4 40	77.440		
Math reading specialist - 5,000 5,000 Special education - homebound 10,536 10,536 11,155 619 Salary supplement 75,000 - (75,000) English as a second language 1,097 1,097 1,645 548 Vocational occupational preparedness 8,773 8,773 1,867 (6,906) Standards of Learning algebra readiness 16,577 16,577 13,852 (2,725) Other state funds 620 620 101,936 101,316 Total categorical aid 7,844,655 7,844,655 7,445,341 (399,314) Revenue from the Commonwealth 7,844,655 7,844,655 7,445,341 (399,314) Revenue from the federal government: 251,735 251,735 250,045 (1,690) Title I \$ 251,735 251,735 250,045 (1,690) Title VI-B, special education 235,522 235,522 226,477 (9,045) Title IV-B, pre-school 10,210 10,210 10,264 354 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>(6,866)</td></t<>						(6,866)
Special education - homebound 10,536 10,536 11,155 619 Salary supplement 75,000 75,000 - (75,000) English as a second language 1,097 1,097 1,645 548 Vocational occupational preparedness 8,773 8,773 1,867 (6,906) Standards of Learning algebra readiness 16,577 16,577 13,852 (2,725) Other state funds 620 620 101,936 101,316 Total categorical aid 7,844,655 7,844,655 7,445,341 (399,314) Revenue from the Commonwealth 7,844,655 7,844,655 7,445,341 (399,314) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: 7,844,655 7,844,655 7,445,341 (399,314) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: 251,735 251,735 250,045 (1,690) Title IV B, special education 235,522 251,735 250,045 (1,690) Title IV-B, pre-school 10,210 10,210 10,7483 (29,517)			19,072	19,072		
Salary supplement 75,000 75,000 - (75,000) English as a second language 1,097 1,097 1,645 548 Vocational occupational preparedness 8,773 8,773 1,867 (6,906) Standards of Learning algebra readiness 16,577 16,577 13,852 (2,725) Other state funds 620 620 101,936 101,316 Total categorical aid 7,844,655 7,844,655 7,445,341 (399,314) Revenue from the Commonwealth 7,844,655 7,844,655 7,445,341 (399,314) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Title I \$ 251,735 251,735 250,045 (1,690) Title VI-B, special education 235,522 235,522 226,477 (9,045) Title VI-B, pre-school 10,210 10,210 10,564 354 Title IV-B, 21st Century 200,000 200,000 170,483 (29,517) Vocational Education 16,500 16,500 20,426 3,926 Title II, Improving teacher q			-	-		
English as a second language 1,097 1,097 1,645 548 Vocational occupational preparedness 8,773 8,773 1,867 (6,906) Standards of Learning algebra readiness 16,577 16,577 13,852 (2,725) Other state funds 620 620 101,936 101,316 Total categorical aid \$7,844,655 7,844,655 7,445,341 (399,314) Revenue from the Commonwealth \$7,844,655 7,844,655 7,445,341 (399,314) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Title I \$251,735 251,735 250,045 (1,690) Title VI-B, special education 235,522 235,522 226,477 (9,045) Title VI-B, pre-school 10,210 10,210 10,564 354 Title IV-B, 21st Century 200,000 200,000 170,483 (29,517) Vocational Education 16,500 16,500 20,426 3,926 Title II, Improving teacher quality 36,188 36,188					11,155	
Vocational occupational preparedness 8,773 8,773 1,867 (6,906) Standards of Learning algebra readiness 16,577 16,577 13,852 (2,725) Other state funds 620 620 101,936 101,316 Total categorical aid \$7,844,655 7,844,655 7,445,341 (399,314) Revenue from the Commonwealth \$7,844,655 7,844,655 7,445,341 (399,314) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Title I \$251,735 251,735 250,045 (1,690) Title VI-B, special education 235,522 235,522 226,477 (9,045) Title IV-B, pre-school 10,210 10,210 10,564 354 Title IV-B, 21st Century 200,000 200,000 170,483 (29,517) Vocational Education 16,500 16,500 20,426 3,926 Title II, Improving teacher quality 36,188 36,188 36,188 35,589 (599) Schools and roads - grants to states 21,000						,
Standards of Learning algebra readiness 16,577 degree along algebra readiness 16,577 degree along a						
Other state funds 620 620 101,936 101,316 Total categorical aid \$ 7,844,655 7,844,655 7,445,341 \$ (399,314) Total revenue from the Commonwealth \$ 7,844,655 \$ 7,844,655 7,445,341 \$ (399,314) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Title I \$ 251,735 \$ 251,735 \$ 250,045 \$ (1,690) Title VI-B, special education 235,522 235,522 226,477 (9,045) Title VI-B, pre-school 10,210 10,210 10,564 354 Title IV-B, 21st Century 200,000 200,000 170,483 (29,517) Vocational Education 16,500 16,500 20,426 3,926 Title II, Improving teacher quality 36,188 36,188 35,589 (599) Schools and roads - grants to states 21,000 21,000 5,848 (15,152) Title IV, Innonvative education 19,484 19,484 8,496 (10,988) Total categorical aid \$ 790,639<					,	, ,
Total categorical aid \$ 7,844,655 \$ 7,844,655 \$ 7,445,341 \$ (399,314) Total revenue from the Commonwealth \$ 7,844,655 \$ 7,844,655 \$ 7,445,341 \$ (399,314) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Title I \$ 251,735 \$ 251,735 \$ 250,045 \$ (1,690) Title VI-B, special education 235,522 235,522 226,477 (9,045) Title IV-B, pre-school 10,210 10,210 10,564 354 Title IV-B, 21st Century 200,000 200,000 170,483 (29,517) Vocational Education 16,500 16,500 20,426 3,926 Title II, Improving teacher quality 36,188 36,188 35,589 (599) Schools and roads - grants to states 21,000 21,000 5,848 (15,152) Title IV, Innonvative education 19,484 19,484 8,496 (10,988) Total categorical aid \$ 790,639 \$ 790,639 \$ 727,928 \$ (62,711)						, ,
Total revenue from the Commonwealth \$ 7,844,655 \$ 7,844,655 \$ 7,445,341 \$ (399,314) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Title I \$ 251,735 \$ 251,735 \$ 250,045 \$ (1,690) Title VI-B, special education 235,522 235,522 226,477 (9,045) Title IV-B, 21st Century 200,000 200,000 170,483 (29,517) Vocational Education 16,500 16,500 20,426 3,926 Title II, Improving teacher quality 36,188 36,188 35,589 (599) Schools and roads - grants to states 21,000 21,000 5,848 (15,152) Title IV, Innonvative education 19,484 19,484 8,496 (10,988) Total categorical aid \$ 790,639 \$ 790,639 \$ 727,928 \$ (62,711) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 790,639 \$ 790,639 \$ 727,928 \$ (62,711)						
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Title I \$ 251,735 \$ 251,735 \$ 250,045 \$ (1,690) Title VI-B, special education 235,522 235,522 226,477 (9,045) Title IV-B, pre-school 10,210 10,564 354 Title IV-B, 21st Century 200,000 200,000 170,483 (29,517) Vocational Education 16,500 16,500 20,426 3,926 Title II, Improving teacher quality 36,188 35,589 (599) Schools and roads - grants to states 21,000 21,000 5,848 (15,152) Title IV, Innonvative education 19,484 19,484 8,496 (10,988) Total categorical aid \$ 790,639 \$ 790,639 \$ 727,928 \$ (62,711)	Total categorical aid	\$	7,844,655 \$	7,844,655 \$	7,445,341 \$	(399,314)
Categorical aid: Title I \$ 251,735 \$ 251,735 \$ 250,045 \$ (1,690) Title VI-B, special education 235,522 235,522 226,477 (9,045) Title VI-B, pre-school 10,210 10,210 10,564 354 Title IV-B, 21st Century 200,000 200,000 170,483 (29,517) Vocational Education 16,500 16,500 20,426 3,926 Title II, Improving teacher quality 36,188 36,188 35,589 (599) Schools and roads - grants to states 21,000 21,000 5,848 (15,152) Title IV, Innonvative education 19,484 19,484 8,496 (10,988) Total categorical aid \$ 790,639 \$ 790,639 \$ 727,928 \$ (62,711) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 790,639 \$ 790,639 \$ 727,928 \$ (62,711)	Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	7,844,655 \$	7,844,655 \$	7,445,341 \$	(399,314)
Categorical aid: Title I \$ 251,735 \$ 251,735 \$ 250,045 \$ (1,690) Title VI-B, special education 235,522 235,522 226,477 (9,045) Title VI-B, pre-school 10,210 10,210 10,564 354 Title IV-B, 21st Century 200,000 200,000 170,483 (29,517) Vocational Education 16,500 16,500 20,426 3,926 Title II, Improving teacher quality 36,188 36,188 35,589 (599) Schools and roads - grants to states 21,000 21,000 5,848 (15,152) Title IV, Innonvative education 19,484 19,484 8,496 (10,988) Total categorical aid \$ 790,639 \$ 790,639 \$ 727,928 \$ (62,711) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 790,639 \$ 790,639 \$ 727,928 \$ (62,711)	Revenue from the federal government:					
Title I \$ 251,735 \$ 251,735 \$ 250,045 \$ (1,690) Title VI-B, special education 235,522 235,522 226,477 (9,045) Title VI-B, pre-school 10,210 10,210 10,564 354 Title IV-B, 21st Century 200,000 200,000 170,483 (29,517) Vocational Education 16,500 16,500 20,426 3,926 Title II, Improving teacher quality 36,188 36,188 35,589 (599) Schools and roads - grants to states 21,000 21,000 5,848 (15,152) Title IV, Innonvative education 19,484 19,484 8,496 (10,988) Total categorical aid \$ 790,639 \$ 790,639 \$ 727,928 \$ (62,711) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 790,639 \$ 790,639 \$ 727,928 \$ (62,711)						
Title VI-B, special education 235,522 235,522 226,477 (9,045) Title VI-B, pre-school 10,210 10,210 10,564 354 Title IV-B, 21st Century 200,000 200,000 170,483 (29,517) Vocational Education 16,500 16,500 20,426 3,926 Title II, Improving teacher quality 36,188 36,188 35,589 (599) Schools and roads - grants to states 21,000 21,000 5,848 (15,152) Title IV, Innonvative education 19,484 19,484 8,496 (10,988) Total categorical aid \$ 790,639 \$ 790,639 \$ 727,928 \$ (62,711) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 790,639 \$ 790,639 \$ 727,928 \$ (62,711)		\$	251.735 \$	251.735 \$	250.045 \$	(1.690)
Title VI-B, pre-school 10,210 10,210 10,564 354 Title IV-B, 21st Century 200,000 200,000 170,483 (29,517) Vocational Education 16,500 16,500 20,426 3,926 Title II, Improving teacher quality 36,188 36,188 35,589 (599) Schools and roads - grants to states 21,000 21,000 5,848 (15,152) Title IV, Innonvative education 19,484 19,484 8,496 (10,988) Total categorical aid \$ 790,639 790,639 727,928 (62,711) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 790,639 790,639 727,928 (62,711)		*	, .			, , ,
Title IV-B, 21st Century 200,000 200,000 170,483 (29,517) Vocational Education 16,500 16,500 20,426 3,926 Title II, Improving teacher quality 36,188 36,188 35,589 (599) Schools and roads - grants to states 21,000 21,000 5,848 (15,152) Title IV, Innonvative education 19,484 19,484 8,496 (10,988) Total categorical aid \$ 790,639 \$ 790,639 \$ 727,928 \$ (62,711) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 790,639 \$ 790,639 \$ 727,928 \$ (62,711)				,	,	
Vocational Education 16,500 16,500 20,426 3,926 Title II, Improving teacher quality 36,188 36,188 35,589 (599) Schools and roads - grants to states 21,000 21,000 5,848 (15,152) Title IV, Innonvative education 19,484 19,484 8,496 (10,988) Total categorical aid \$ 790,639 790,639 727,928 (62,711) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 790,639 790,639 727,928 (62,711)						
Title II, Improving teacher quality 36,188 36,188 35,589 (599) Schools and roads - grants to states 21,000 21,000 5,848 (15,152) Title IV, Innonvative education 19,484 19,484 8,496 (10,988) Total categorical aid \$ 790,639 790,639 727,928 (62,711) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 790,639 \$ 790,639 727,928 (62,711)			,	,		
Schools and roads - grants to states 21,000 21,000 5,848 (15,152) Title IV, Innonvative education 19,484 19,484 8,496 (10,988) Total categorical aid \$ 790,639 790,639 727,928 (62,711) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 790,639 790,639 727,928 (62,711)						
Title IV, Innonvative education 19,484 19,484 8,496 (10,988) Total categorical aid \$ 790,639 \$ 790,639 \$ 727,928 \$ (62,711) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 790,639 \$ 790,639 \$ 727,928 \$ (62,711)						
Total categorical aid \$ 790,639 \$ 790,639 \$ 727,928 \$ (62,711) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 790,639 \$ 790,639 \$ 727,928 \$ (62,711)	•					
Total revenue from the federal government \$ 790,639 \$ 790,639 \$ 727,928 \$ (62,711)		<u>_</u>				
	rotal categorical aid	Φ	190,639 \$	790,639 \$	121,928 \$	(02,711)
Total School Operating Fund \$ 11,309,097 \$ 11,309,097 \$ 10,758,492 \$ (550,605)	Total revenue from the federal government	\$	790,639_\$	790,639_\$_	727,928_\$	(62,711)
	Total School Operating Fund	\$	11,309,097 \$	11,309,097 \$	10,758,492 \$	(550,605)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (contin Special Revenue Fund: School Cafeteria Fund: Revenue from local sources:	ued)							
Charges for services:	_		_		_		_	
Cafeteria Sales	\$	40,000		40,000	_	94,509	_	54,509
Total charges for services	\$	40,000	\$_	40,000	\$_	94,509	\$_	54,509
Total revenue from local sources	\$	40,000	\$_	40,000	\$_	94,509	\$_	54,509
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: School food program grant	\$	40,000		40,000	_	8,434		(31,566)
Total revenue from the commonwealth	\$	40,000	Φ_	40,000	ֆ	8,434	Ψ_	(31,566)
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:								
USDA Commodities	\$	-	\$	- :	\$	23,409	\$	23,409
School food program grant		317,991		317,991		287,466		(30,525)
Total categorical aid	\$	317,991	\$	317,991	\$_	310,875	\$_	(7,116)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	317,991	\$_	317,991	\$	310,875	\$_	(7,116)
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	397,991	\$	397,991	\$	413,818	\$_	15,827
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	11,707,088	\$	11,707,088	\$	11,172,310	\$_	(534,778)

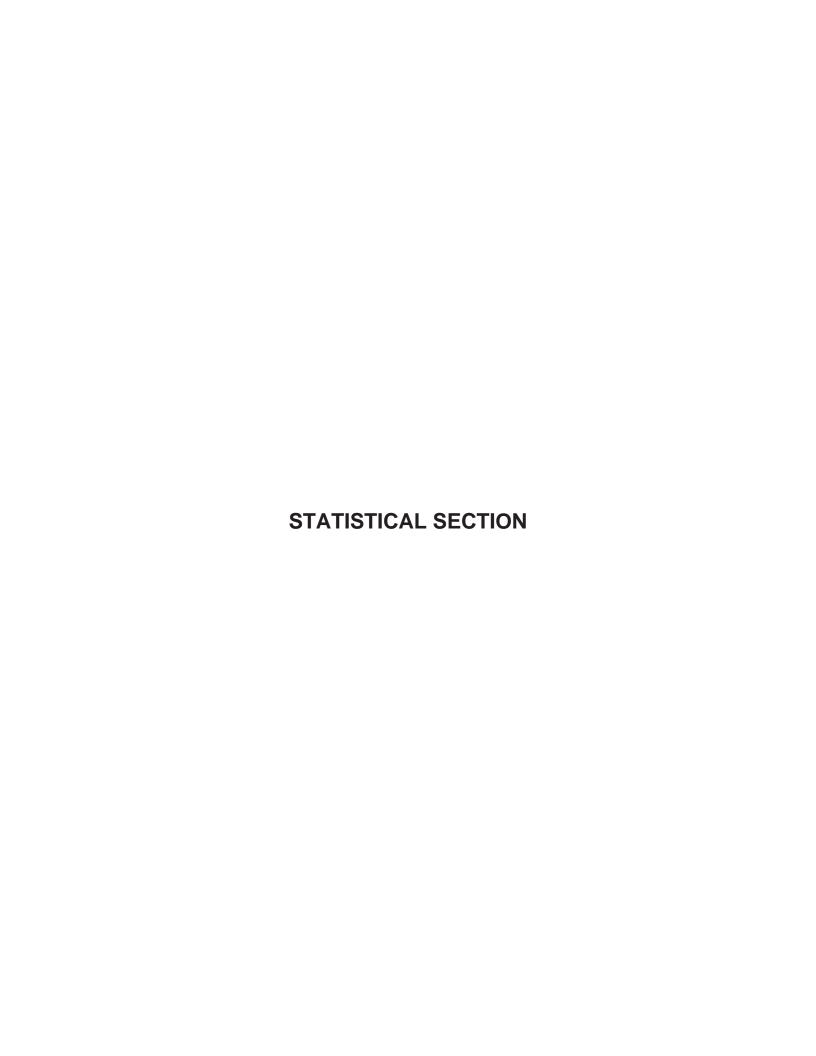
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

Fund, Function, Activity, and Elements	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:				
General government administration:				
Legislative:				
City Council \$	39,598 \$	39,598 \$	40,314 \$	(716)
General and financial administration:				
City Manager \$	76,124 \$	76,124 \$	74,467 \$	1,657
City Attorney/Legal Services	70,000	70,000	73,937	(3,937)
Finance	289,292	289,292	292,135	(2,843)
Independent Auditor	40,000	40,000	51,860	(11,860)
Commissioner of Revenue	220,890	220,890	208,754	12,136
City Treasurer	270,559	270,559	276,220	(5,661)
Reassessment	36,000	36,000	5,589	30,411
Other general and financial administration	74,600	74,600	98,291	(23,691)
Total general and financial administration \$	1,077,465 \$	1,077,465 \$	1,081,253 \$	(3,788)
Board of elections:				
Electoral board and officials \$	97,633 \$	97,633 \$	98,328 \$	(695)
Total board of elections \$	97,633 \$	97,633 \$	98,328 \$	(695)
Total general government administration \$	1,214,696_\$_	1,214,696_\$_	1,219,895 \$	(5,199)
Judicial administration:				
Courts:				
Circuit court \$	6.250 \$	6,250 \$	2.672 \$	3,578
General district court	6,800	6,800	4,012	2,788
Juvenile/Domestic relations court	33,490	33,490	54,144	(20,654)
Clerk of the circuit court	239,887	239,887	239,893	(6)
Sheriff	423,497	423,497	436,066	(12,569)
Total courts \$	709,924 \$	709,924 \$	736,787 \$	(26,863)
Commonwealth's attorney:				
Commonwealth's attorney \$	272,841 \$	272,841 \$	275,745 \$	(2,904)
Total commonwealth's attorney \$	272,841 \$	272,841 \$	275,745 \$	(2,904)
· otal commonwealth attention	Στ2,011 ψ	φ	φ_	(2,001)
Total judicial administration \$	982,765 \$	982,765 \$	1,012,532 \$	(29,767)
Public safety:				
Law enforcement and traffic control:				
Criminal Justice Service Department \$	69,317 \$	72,089 \$	70,847 \$	1,242
Police Department	1,496,691	1,511,691	1,922,878	(411,187)
Total law enforcement and traffic control \$	1,566,008 \$	1,583,780 \$	1,993,725 \$	(409,945)
Fire and rescue services:				
Fire department \$	158,000 \$	175,755 \$	170,042 \$	5,713
Rescue squad	110,903	110,903	132,706	(21,803)
Central dispatch	316,477	316,477	307,234	9,243
Total fire and rescue services \$	585,380 \$	603,135 \$	609,982 \$	(6,847)
Correction and detention:				
Probation Office \$	3,000 \$	3,000 \$	1,084 \$	1,916
Magistrate	3,000 \$ 416	3,000 \$ 416	1,004 \$	316
Regional Jail	380,000	380,000	457,213	(77,213)
Total correction and detention \$	383,416 \$	383,416 \$	458,397 \$	(74,981)
Ψ_	Ψ	Ψ	.σσ,σσ. φ	(1.1,001)

Fund, Function, Activity, and Elements		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Public safety: (Continued)					
Other protection:					
Medical Examiner	\$	150 \$	\$ 150 \$	60 \$	90
Total other protection	\$	150	\$ 150 \$	60 \$	90
Total public safety	\$_	2,534,954	\$ 2,570,481 \$	3,062,164_\$	(491,683)
Public works:					
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:					
Administrative and Engineering	\$	189,671	\$ 189,671 \$	142,012 \$	47,659
Street Maintenance Department		614,853	614,853	1,017,577	(402,724)
Storm Drainage Department		15,500	15,500	1,345	14,155
Street Lights		67,000	67,000	63,835	3,165
Total maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks	\$	887,024	\$ 887,024 \$	1,224,769 \$	(337,745)
Sanitation and waste removal:					
Refuse Department	\$	477,448	\$ 477,448 \$	495,582 \$	(18,134)
Refuse Disposal		250,000	250,000	201,981	48,019
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	727,448	\$ 727,448 \$	697,563 \$	29,885
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:					
Maintenance Buildings and Grounds	\$	308,095	\$ 308,095 \$	488,937 \$	(180,842)
Green Hill Cemetary Maintenance		127,085	127,085	160,406	(33,321)
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$	435,180	\$ 435,180 \$	649,343 \$	(214,163)
Total public works	\$_	2,049,652	\$ 2,049,652 \$	2,571,675 \$	(522,023)
Health and welfare:					
Mental health and mental retardation:					
Mental Health	\$	88,297	\$ 88,297 \$	97,627 \$	(9,330)
Total mental health and mental retardation	\$	88,297	\$ 88,297 \$	97,627 \$	(9,330)
Welfare:					
Property Tax Relief	\$	80,000	\$ 80,000 \$	67,343 \$	12,657
Social Services		1,800,000	1,800,000	3,169,420	(1,369,420)
VA Municipal League		4,606	4,606	9,212	(4,606)
Valley Program for Aging		43,912	43,912	43,912	-
Total Action Against Poverty		2,700	2,700	-	2,700
Rockbridge Area Hospice		1,000	1,000	-	1,000
Rockbridge Area Rental Assistance		12,578	12,578	8,200	4,378
Rockbridge Free Clinic		18,000	18,000	22,500	(4,500)
Total welfare	\$	1,962,796	\$ 1,962,796 \$	3,320,587 \$	(1,357,791)
Total health and welfare	\$_	2,051,093	\$ 2,051,093 \$	3,418,214_\$	(1,367,121)

General Fund: (Continued)					
Education:					
Other instructional costs:					
Contribution to City School Board	\$	2,583,803 \$	2,583,803 \$	2,420,682 \$	163,121
Contribution to Community Colleges		36,408	36,408	36,408	-
Contribution to Buena Vista Colored School		5,000	5,000	<u> </u>	5,000
Total education	\$	2,625,211 \$	2,625,211 \$	2,457,090 \$	168,121
Parks, recreation, and cultural:					
Library:					
Rockbridge/ Buena Vista Regional Library	\$	162,457 \$	162,457 \$	166,795 \$	(4,338)
Total library	\$	162,457 \$	162,457 \$	166,795 \$	(4,338)
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	162,457 \$	162,457 \$	166,795 \$	(4,338)
Community development:					
Planning and community development:	•	454 400 A	454 400 A	105 104 M	05.000
Community development administration	\$	151,420 \$	151,420 \$	125,481 \$	25,939
Central Shenandoah Planning District Commission		20,188	20,188	20,188	-
Blue Ridge Legal Services		1,293	1,293	1,293	-
Beautification Committee		2,000	2,000	-	2,000
Arts Council		5,000	5,000	10,000	(5,000)
Visitor's Center		44,155	44,155	44,155	-
Project Horizon		2,140	2,140	2,140	-
Paxton House		10,000	10,000	10,000	
Rockbridge Area transportation system		25,000	25,000	21,447	3,553
American Legion		3,600	3,600	3,600	-
Small business development center		3,000	3,000	3,000	-
VEPGA		500	500	318	182
Rockbridge Area Relief Association		1,500	1,500	1,500	-
Food Bank		500	500	-	500
Talking book center		1,692	1,692	1,692	-
Employee programs		30,000	30,000	19,518	10,482
Business Development		210,942	210,942	315,301	(104,359)
Total planning and community development	\$	512,930 \$	512,930 \$	579,633 \$	(66,703)
Environmental management:					
Soil and Water Conservation	\$	2,000 \$	2,000 \$	2,000 \$	
Total environmental management	\$	2,000 \$	2,000 \$	2,000 \$	
Total environmental management	Ψ	2,000 \$	2,000 \$	2,000 φ	
Total community development	\$	514,930 \$	514,930 \$	581,633 \$	(66,703)
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	\$	135,893 \$	135,893 \$	157,774 \$	(21,881)
Interest and other fiscal charges		128,202	128,202	157,443	(29,241)
Total debt service	\$	264,095 \$	264,095 \$	315,217 \$	(51,122)
Total General Fund	\$	12,399,853 \$	12,435,380 \$	14.805.215 \$	(2,369,835)
Total General Fund	Ψ_	12,000,000 ψ	12,433,300 φ	14,000,210 ψ	(2,303,033)
Special Revenue Fund:					
Park & Recreation Fund:					
Parks, recreation, and cultural:					
Parks and recreation:					
Insurance	\$	- \$	- \$	2,977 \$	(2,977)
Administration		103,961	103,961	92,933	11,028
Recreation		106,992	106,992	121,428	(14,436)
Parks and Ground Maintenance		87,772	87,772	128,746	(40,974)
Activities		19,300	19,300	27,317	(8,017)
Swimming Pool		57,787	57,787	79,655	(21,868)
Total Parks and Recreation	\$	375,812 \$	375,812 \$	453,056 \$	(77,244)
Total Park and Recreation Fund	\$	375,812 \$	375,812 \$	453,056 \$	(77,244)
	_				

Special Revenue Funds: (continued)					
Senior Center Fund:					
Health and Welfare:					
Senior center	\$_	8,500 \$	8,500 \$	7,899	601
Total health and welfare	_	8,500	8,500	7,899	601
Total Senior Center Fund	\$_	8,500 \$	8,500 \$	7,899	601
Capital Projects Funds:					
School Construction Fund:					
Capital Outlay:	r.	•	•	00. ((00)
School construction	\$_ \$	- \$ - \$	- \$ - \$	80 S	
Total capital outlay Debt service:	Φ_			80 1	(80)
Principal retirement	\$	447,117 \$	447,117 \$	540,967	(93,850)
Interest and other fiscal charges	φ	54,121	54,121	60,986	(6,865)
Total debt service	\$	501,238 \$	501,238 \$	601,953	
Total debt service	Φ_	<u>301,236</u> φ	<u>501,236</u> φ	001,933_1	(100,713)
Total School Construction Fund	\$_	501,238 \$	501,238 \$	602,033	(100,795)
Community Development Block Grant Fund:					
Capital projects expenditures:					
Community development	\$_		- \$	15,854	
Total Community Development Block Grant Fund	\$_	- \$	- \$	15,854	(15,854)
Total Primary Government	\$_	13,285,403 \$	13,320,930 \$	15,884,057	(2,547,273)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board					
Special revenue funds:					
School Operating Fund:					
Education:	•	0.500.540.0	0.500.540.0	0.055.040.4	
Instruction	\$	8,538,710 \$	8,538,710 \$	8,057,848 \$	
Administration and Health Services		563,101	563,101	566,160	(3,059)
Transportation		325,680	325,680	404,508	(78,828)
Operation and Maintenance		910,023	910,023	986,779	(76,756)
Technology		582,528	582,528	566,448	16,080
Contribution to City of Buena Vista, Virginia Total Education of Schools	φ_	389,055	389,055	169,088	219,967
Total Education of Schools	Φ_	11,309,097 \$	11,309,097 \$	10,750,831	558,266
Total education	_	11,309,097	11,309,097	10,750,831	558,266
Total School Operating Fund	\$_	11,309,097 \$	11,309,097 \$	10,750,831	558,266
Special Revenue Fund:					
School Cafeteria Fund:					
Education:					
School food services:	_				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
School Nutrition	\$_	397,991 \$	397,991 \$_	416,184	(18,193)
Total education	\$_	397,991 \$	397,991 \$	416,184	(18,193)
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$_	397,991 \$	397,991 \$	416,184	(18,193)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	11,707,088 \$	11,707,088 \$	11,167,015	540,073
·	=				



STATISTICAL SECTION

Contents	<u>Tables</u>
Financial Trends	
These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	1-6
Revenue Capacity	
These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	7-10
Debt Capacity	
These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue debt in the future.	11-14
Demographic and Economic Information	
This table offers demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	15
Operating Information	
These tables contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relate to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	16-19
Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.	

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
		2010		2011		2012		2013
Governmental activities								
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$	7,199,549	\$	7,461,749 104,685	\$	7,825,868 3 107,314	\$	8,383,865 191,002
Unrestricted		2,401,537		1,955,998	_	1,602,552		1,991,915
Total governmental activities net position	\$	9,601,086	\$_	9,522,432	\$_	9,535,734	\$_	10,566,782
Business-type activities								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	2,574,999	\$	1,304,944	\$	(2,890,305)	\$	(1,603,483)
Restricted		848,452		186,704		3,211,557		814,994
Unrestricted		(989,540)		548,085		1,288,213	_	1,225,491
Total business-type activities net position	\$	2,433,911	\$_	2,039,733	\$_	1,609,465	\$_	437,002
Primary government								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	9,774,548	\$	8,766,693	\$	4,935,563	\$	6,780,382
Restricted		848,452		291,389		3,318,871		1,005,996
Unrestricted		1,411,997		2,504,083		2,890,765		3,217,406
Total primary government net position	\$	12,034,997	\$	11,562,165	\$	11,145,199	\$_	11,003,784

	Fiscal Year											
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019						
\$	8,787,455 \$ 203,321 2,535,594	7,963,203 \$ 204,585 482,642	8,551,947 \$ 205,881 1,191,643	9,164,709 \$ 207,337 941,248	9,418,051 \$ 208,672 (143,522)	9,710,411 310,654 (1,106,904)						
\$	11,526,370 \$	8,650,430 \$	9,949,471 \$	10,313,294 \$	9,483,201 \$	8,914,161						
\$	(805,396) \$ 849,815 994,498	49,145 \$ 839,260 (702,747)	(125,963) \$ 815,382 (1,226,666)	(271,422) \$ 782,330 (1,760,050)	(421,031) \$ 589,348 (2,240,550)	(618,159) 649,457 (2,985,941)						
\$	1,038,917 \$	185,658 \$	(537,247) \$	(1,249,142) \$	(2,072,233) \$	(2,954,643)						
\$	7,982,059 \$ 1,053,136 3,530,092	8,012,348 \$ 1,043,845 (220,105)	8,425,984 \$ 1,021,263 (35,023)	8,893,287 \$ 989,667 (818,802)	8,997,020 \$ 798,020 (2,384,072)	9,092,252 960,111 (4,092,845)						
\$_	12,565,287 \$	8,836,088 \$	9,412,224 \$	9,064,152 \$	7,410,968 \$	5,959,518						

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year					
		2010		2011	2012	2013
Expenses	_					
Governmental activities:	•		•		4 === 000 0	
General government administration Judicial administration	\$	2,000,877 718,851	\$	1,488,136 \$ 698,976	1,555,693 \$ 834,369	1,434,120 781,762
Public safety		1,896,548		1,853,412	1,974,531	2,094,716
Public works		1,785,838		1,645,418	1,532,334	1,528,167
Health and welfare		1,423,633		1,373,423	1,387,794	1,262,700
Education		2,540,852		2,429,651	2,388,442	2,678,335
Parks, recreation and cultural		455,459		470,587	493,121	502,721
Community development		532,525		440,144	524,202	380,195
Interest on long-term debt	-	370,086		340,654	329,680	328,515
Total governmental activities expenses	\$_	11,724,669	\$_	10,740,401 \$	11,020,166 \$	10,991,231
Business-type activities:						
Water and sewer	\$	1,826,382	\$	1,734,258 \$	2,057,106 \$	2,147,225
Golf course	-	1,188,907		1,191,768	1,201,667	1,060,556
Total business-type activities expenses	\$_	3,015,289	_	2,926,026 \$	3,258,773 \$	3,207,781
Total primary government expenses	\$ _	14,739,958	\$ _	13,666,427 \$	14,278,939 \$	14,199,012
Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services:						
General government administration	\$	65,834	\$	8,441 \$	19,321 \$	12,854
Judicial administration		341		2,041	1,488	894
Public safety		91,828		71,311	107,031	92,936
Public works Parks, recreation and cultural		605,353 60,268		471,529 69,415	526,476 97,802	594,270 103,445
Operating grants and contributions		3,274,247		2,913,191	3,042,330	2,952,688
Capital grants and contributions		34,923		2,515,151	-	-
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$	4,132,794	\$	3,535,928 \$	3,794,448 \$	3,757,087
Business-type activities: Charges for services:						
Water and sewer	\$	1,647,493	\$	1,587,034 \$	1,975,335 \$	2,006,397
Golf course		591,335		418,580	487,851	471,885
Capital grants and contributions	_	-		 ,-	- ,-	190,455
Total business-type activities program revenues	\$_	2,238,828	_ \$ _	2,005,614 \$	2,463,186 \$	2,668,737
Total primary government program revenues	\$ _	6,371,622	\$ _	5,541,542 \$	6,257,634 \$	6,425,824
Net (expense) / revenue	œ.	/7 FO1 07C\	ው	(7.004.470\ f	/7 00E 740\ f	(7.004.444)
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	(7,591,875) (776,461)		(7,204,473) \$ (920,412)	(7,225,718) \$ (795,587)	(7,234,144) (539,044)
21	ф -	, ,				
Total primary government net expense	\$_	(8,368,336)	_Φ_	(8,124,885) \$	(8,021,305) \$	(7,773,188)

			Fiscal	Year						
	2014	2015	2016	2017	_	2018		2019		
\$	1,352,667 \$ 744,136 2,421,580 1,543,028 1,430,280 2,507,520 512,800 476,304 244,753	1,331,648 \$ 739,630 2,078,802 1,710,983 1,515,132 3,987,920 467,036 443,371 237,479	1,433,595 \$ 784,356 2,265,851 1,960,690 1,487,186 2,461,405 541,016 437,882 195,175	1,451,815 860,720 2,631,032 2,064,999 2,094,471 3,053,399 616,884 483,507 180,959	\$	1,436,939 880,505 2,864,208 2,316,348 2,534,961 2,917,688 606,652 464,611 183,087	\$	1,464,836 1,027,787 3,060,196 2,413,388 3,382,721 2,669,456 617,980 475,645 207,889		
\$_	11,233,068 \$	12,512,001 \$	11,567,156 \$	13,437,786	\$_	14,204,999	\$_	15,319,898		
\$	2,164,971 \$ 1,041,770	2,111,346 \$ 1,171,247	2,309,955 \$ 1,072,226	2,298,746 1,061,779	\$_	2,269,976 1,035,255	\$_	2,474,759 1,004,867		
\$_	3,206,741 \$	3,282,593 \$	3,382,181 \$	3,360,525	\$_	3,305,231	\$_	3,479,626		
\$_	14,439,809 \$	15,794,594 \$	14,949,337 \$	16,798,311	\$_	17,510,230	\$ _	18,799,524		
\$	3,129 \$ 1,413 101,687 732,987 92,251 3,287,030	2,418 \$ 1,082 65,546 716,207 85,177 2,869,831	6,111 \$ 1,657 72,387 714,462 86,880 3,330,959	2,583 1,669 73,081 744,410 94,478 4,526,619	\$	3,507 881 81,260 677,866 91,188 4,545,783	\$	2,241 1,058 52,353 674,044 88,017 4,948,486 200,804		
\$_	4,218,497 \$	3,740,261 \$	4,212,456_\$	5,442,840	\$_	5,400,485	\$_	5,967,003		
\$	2,064,255 \$ 439,807 813,106	2,113,865 \$ 385,436 38,901	2,065,614 \$ 352,310 100	331,401	\$	301,263	\$	2,024,132 301,310 -		
\$_ ¢	3,317,168 \$	2,538,202 \$ 6.278,463 \$	2,418,024 \$	2,376,154	\$_	2,343,777	\$_ ¢	2,325,442		
\$_	7,535,665 \$	6,278,463 \$	6,630,480 \$	7,818,994	\$_	7,744,262	Φ=	8,292,445		
\$ _ \$	(7,014,571) \$ 110,427 (6,904,144) \$	(8,771,740) \$ (744,391) (9,516,131) \$	(7,354,700) \$ (964,157) (8,318,857) \$	(7,994,946) (984,371) (8,979,317)	_	(8,804,514) (961,454) (9,765,968)	_	(9,352,895) (1,154,184) (10,507,079)		
Ψ_	(υ,υυπ, ιππ) ψ	(υ,υ ιυ, ιυ ι) ψ	(υ,υ ιυ,υυτ) φ	(0,010,011)	Ψ_	(5,705,900)	Ψ_	(10,001,019)		

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (continued)

	_	Fiscal Year					
		2010		2011	2012		2013
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities:	_						
Taxes			_			_	
Property taxes	\$, ,	\$	5,009,886 \$	4,948,762	\$	5,777,309
Local sales and use taxes		345,773		397,404	378,736		407,119
Consumer utility taxes		294,001		248,874	256,535		269,962
Meals taxes		196,708		167,780	192,920		290,324
Cellular phone taxes and right of ways		330,009		328,377	321,702		-
Business and professional licenses taxes		175,694		174,242	177,887		175,858
Motor vehicle licenses taxes		126,257		127,561	125,579		170,345
Other local taxes		208,553		171,758	177,095		171,903
Unrestricted grants and contributions		675,957		736,104	675,434		1,007,441
Unrestricted revenues from use							
of money and property		151,987		139,688	160,234		136,639
Miscellaneous		170,308		146,107	189,394		186,182
Loss on disposition of assets		<u>-</u>		-	-		-
Transfers	_	(679,006)	_	(521,962)	(365,258)	_	(327,890)
Total governmental activities	\$_	7,220,064	\$_	7,125,819 \$	7,239,020	\$_	8,265,192
Business-type activities: Unrestricted revenues from use							
of money and property	\$		\$	- \$		\$	_
Miscellaneous	Ψ	3,608	Ψ	4,272	61	Ψ	8,653
Transfers		679,006		521,962	365,258		327,890
Transiers	_	070,000	_	021,002	303,230	-	027,000
Total business-type activities	\$_	682,614	\$_	526,234 \$	365,319	\$_	336,543
Total primary government	\$_	7,902,678	\$_	7,652,053 \$	7,604,339	\$	8,601,735
Change in Not Resition							
Change in Net Position Governmental activities	\$	(271 044)	Ф	(70 65A) ¢	12 202	Ф	1 021 049
	Ф	(371,811)	Φ	(78,654) \$	13,302	Ф	1,031,048
Business-type activities		(93,847)	. —	(394,178)	(430,268)	—	(202,501)
Total primary government	\$	(465,658)	\$ _	(472,832) \$	(416,966)	\$_	828,547

			Fiscal Y	'ear		
_	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$	5,655,373 \$	5,600,403 \$	5,974,703 \$	5,905,508 \$	6,027,804 \$	6,045,670
	366,318	396,151	378,543	377,061	388,643	387,031
	264,219	264,454	263,677	263,392	267,128	260,778
	297,771	326,384	340,008	319,870	314,150	354,913
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	172,418	174,344	174,412	184,093	176,301	189,708
	170,032 195,495	166,550 203,309	166,467 196,196	168,992 201,057	161,220 211,825	160,662 193,408
	994,313	1,039,468	982,759	973,816	959,916	949,351
	994,515	1,000,400	302,733	373,010	333,310	3-3,551
	168,566	190,386	182,946	183,630	174,807	210,411
	180,254	214,621	235,226	160,503	228,992	364,791
	-	-	-	-	-	-
_	(490,600)	(441,351)	(241,196)	(270,794)	(253,937)	(254,018)
\$	7,974,159 \$	8,134,719 \$	8,653,741 \$	8,467,128 \$	8,656,849 \$	8,862,705
· _	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· ·		
\$	- \$	- \$	40 \$	902 \$	7,335 \$	15,970
	888	447	16	780	8,663	1,786
_	490,600	441,351	241,196	270,794	253,937	254,018
\$_	491,488_\$	441,798 \$	241,252 \$	272,476 \$	269,935 \$	271,774
_						
\$_	8,465,647 \$	8,576,517 \$	8,894,993 \$	8,739,604 \$	8,926,784 \$	9,134,479
\$	959,588 \$	(637,021) \$	1,299,041 \$	472,182 \$	(147,665) \$	(490,190)
_	601,915	(302,593)	(722,905)	(711,895)	(691,519)	(882,410)
\$_	1,561,503 \$	(939,614) \$	576,136 \$	(239,713) \$	(839,184) \$	(1,372,600)

Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Local sales and use Tax	Consumer Utility Tax	 Meals Tax	Cell Phone Tax	Business License Tax
2019 \$	6,045,670	\$ 387,031	\$ 260,778	\$ 354,913 \$	- \$	189,708
2018	6,027,804	388,643	267,128	314,150	-	176,301
2017	5,905,508	377,061	263,392	319,870	-	184,093
2016	5,974,703	378,543	263,677	340,008	-	174,412
2015	5,600,403	396,151	264,454	326,384	-	174,344
2014	5,655,373	366,318	264,219	297,771	-	172,418
2013	5,777,309	407,119	269,962	290,324	-	175,858
2012	4,948,762	378,736	256,535	192,920	321,702	177,887
2011	5,009,886	397,404	248,874	167,780	328,377	174,242
2010	5,223,823	345,773	294,001	196,708	330,009	175,694

Table 3

_	Motor Vehicle License Tax	 Other Local Tax	 Total
\$	160,662 161,220 168,992 166,467 166,550 170,032 170,345 125,579 127,561 126,257	\$ 193,408 211,825 201,057 196,196 203,309 195,495 171,903 177,095 171,758 208,553	\$ 7,592,170 7,547,071 7,419,973 7,494,006 7,131,595 7,121,626 7,262,820 6,579,216 6,625,882 6,900,818

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year				
	_	2010	2011	2012	2013	
General fund						
Nonspendable	\$	- \$	- \$	23,647 \$	24,741	
Restricted		-	104,685	107,314	108,540	
Unassigned	_	1,497,759	1,178,003	1,028,297	1,392,969	
Total general fund	\$ <u>_</u>	1,497,759 \$	1,282,688 \$	1,159,258 \$	1,526,250	
All other governmental funds						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid items	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	
Restricted:						
Community development block grant		-	74,784	87,128	82,462	
School capital projects		-	-	-	222,846	
Assigned:						
Debt service		-	614,525	565,546	486,693	
Senior Center		-	-	7,806	9,529	
Green Hill Cemetary		-	61,627	60,481	51,536	
Parks and recreation		-	-	-	-	
Unassigned, reported in:						
Special revenue funds		73,167	(50,987)	(64,781)	(66,009)	
Capital projects funds	_	664,549	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Total all other governmental funds	\$_	737,716 \$	699,949 \$	656,180 \$	787,057	

Note: GASB 54 was implemented during fiscal year 2011

	Fiscal Year											
_	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019						
\$	26,568 \$ 109,520 2,297,349	27,924 \$ 110,509 2,698,796	132,433 \$ 111,408 3,044,256	98,341 \$ 112,412 2,790,572	93,516 \$ 113,427 2,434,483	89,159 230,835 1,471,951						
\$	2,433,437 \$	2,837,229 \$	3,288,097 \$	3,001,325 \$	2,641,426 \$	1,791,945						
\$	1,075 \$	- \$	818 \$	818 \$	818 \$	2,291						
	93,801 223,184	94,076 214,496	94,473	94,925 -	95,245 -	79,819 -						
	255,195 5,761 46,188	4,512 38,305	7,382 33,002	5,715 26,564	6,818 19,035	7,603 14,650 14,930						
_	(80,744)	(66,610) (228,900)	(62,692) (14,375)	(71,600) (13,827)	(16,358) (14,374)	- -						
\$	544,460 \$	55,879 \$	58,608 \$	42,595 \$	91,184 \$	119,293						

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year					
		2010	2011	2012	2013	
Revenues	•	A		- 100 101 0		
General property taxes	\$	5,036,684 \$	5,000,774 \$	5,128,101 \$	5,566,575	
Other local taxes		1,676,995	1,615,996	1,630,454	1,485,511	
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		42,597	32,548	43,497	35,195	
Fines and forfeitures		73,899 151,987	56,870 139,688	88,951 160,234	78,145 136,639	
Revenue from use of money and property		707,128	532,071	619,670	691,059	
Charges for services Miscellaneous		170,308	146,107	211,218	186,182	
Recovered costs		74,733	30,537	43,878	26,142	
Intergovernmental:		7 1,7 00	00,007	10,070	20,112	
Local government		324,093	324,093	372,953	372,953	
Commonwealth		3,443,597	3,201,924	3,226,557	3,481,495	
Federal		217,437	123,278	118,254	105,681	
Total revenues	\$	11,919,458 \$	11,203,886 \$	11,643,767 \$	12,165,577	
Expenditures						
General government administration	\$	985,770 \$	1,111,062 \$	1,182,731 \$	1,069,263	
Judicial administration		703,827	683,819	813,087	768,349	
Public safety		1,804,153	1,775,565	2,104,240	2,012,328	
Public works		1,672,395	1,494,922	1,500,611	1,452,948	
Health and welfare		1,491,844	1,386,566	1,408,127	1,268,530	
Education		2,350,852	2,239,651	2,160,872	2,469,550	
Parks, recreation and cultural		455,423	478,682	521,591	490,914	
Community development		519,316	450,938	542,077	399,905	
Capital outlay		125,654	48,384	51,483	328,280	
Debt service		4 007 000	0.40,400	4 000 000	4 0 40 004	
Principal		1,037,806	942,103	1,000,969	1,246,281	
Interest and other fiscal charges		413,531	323,070	335,920	343,443	
Total expenditures	\$_	11,560,571 \$	10,934,762 \$	11,621,708 \$	11,849,791	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	ф	050 007 ¢	000 404 · f	00.050 ¢	045 700	
over (under) expenditures	\$_	358,887 \$	269,124 \$	22,059 \$	315,786	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	\$	593,959 \$	951,086 \$	950,648 \$	879,436	
Transfers out		(1,272,965)	(1,473,048)	(1,315,906)	(1,207,326)	
Refunding bonds issued		-	-	470.000	-	
Issuance of long-term debt		-	-	176,000	-	
Issuance of general obligation bonds		750,000	750,000	-	509,973	
Issuance of refunding loan payable		750,000	750,000	-	-	
Redemption of refunded loan		(750,000)	(750,000)		<u>-</u> _	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	(679,006) \$	(521,962) \$	(189,258) \$	182,083	
Net change in fund balances	\$_	(320,119) \$	(252,838) \$	(167,199) \$	497,869	
Debt service as a percentage of						
noncapital expenditures		12.69%	11.62%	11.82%	13.79%	

	Fiscal Year										
_	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019					
\$	5,816,792 \$ 1,466,253 56,039 85,102 168,566 790,326 180,254 38,313	5,687,818 \$ 1,531,192 44,163 52,441 190,386 773,826 214,621 6,062	5,741,167 \$ 1,519,303 40,924 57,242 182,946 783,331 235,226 10,776	5,803,302 \$ 1,514,465 66,319 57,544 183,630 792,358 160,503 30,787	6,005,861 \$ 1,519,267 37,805 66,589 174,807 750,308 228,992 33,502	6,037,950 1,546,500 24,621 40,254 210,411 752,838 364,791 59,931					
_	372,953 3,865,603 42,787	48,860 3,805,864 54,575	193,474 4,053,919 66,325	193,474 5,102,195 204,766	193,474 4,931,116 381,109	169,088 5,454,072 475,481					
\$_	12,882,988 \$	12,409,808 \$	12,884,633 \$	14,109,343 \$	14,322,830 \$	15,135,937					
\$	1,040,690 \$ 730,301 2,344,890 1,466,101 1,468,281 2,283,301 510,236 480,235 15,583	1,087,930 \$ 750,287 2,108,910 1,933,435 1,512,651 2,286,258 457,666 759,790 223,186	1,171,159 \$ 789,640 2,205,651 2,193,090 1,487,742 2,220,877 531,499 444,948 294,357	1,198,390 \$ 844,801 2,647,082 2,843,347 2,115,142 2,812,881 615,116 491,121 55	1,126,123 \$ 854,800 2,858,765 2,427,429 2,609,039 2,648,982 643,457 480,471 65	1,219,895 1,012,532 3,062,164 2,571,675 3,426,113 2,457,090 619,851 597,487 80					
	1,104,081 284,099	1,003,427 229,706	928,069 217,100	511,865 185,917	574,197 156,875	698,741 218,429					
\$	11,727,798 \$	12,353,246 \$	12,484,132 \$	14,265,717 \$	14,380,203 \$	15,884,057					
\$_	1,155,190 \$	56,562 \$	400,501 \$	(156,374) \$	(57,373) \$	(748,120)					
\$	698,134 \$ (1,188,734)	880,904 \$ (1,322,255) 300,000	587,788 \$ (828,984) - 294,292	609,992 \$ (880,786) - 232,742 -	672,207 \$ (926,144)	620,092 (874,110) - 139,475 -					
\$	(490,600) \$	(141,351) \$	53,096 \$	(38,052) \$	(253,937) \$	(114,543)					
\$_		(84,789) \$				_					
	11.84%	10.65%	9.39%	9.39%	5.22%	5.98%					

General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Local sales and use Tax	Consumer Utility Tax	Business License Tax	Motor Vehicle License Tax	Bank Stock Tax	Recordation and Wills Tax
2019 \$	6,037,950	\$ 387,031 \$	260,778 \$	189,708 \$	160,662 \$	32,698 \$	40,337
2018	6,005,861	388,643	267,128	176,301	161,220	56,012	32,543
2017	5,803,302	377,061	263,392	184,093	168,992	48,715	26,039
2016	5,741,167	378,543	263,677	174,412	166,467	44,278	25,412
2015	5,687,818	396,151	264,454	174,344	166,550	48,115	24,724
2014	5,816,792	366,318	264,219	172,418	170,032	38,430	25,949
2013	5,566,575	407,119	269,962	175,858	170,345	26,755	27,607
2012	5,128,101	378,736	256,535	177,887	125,579	47,100	25,867
2011	5,000,774	397,404	248,874	174,242	127,561	54,919	23,283
2010	5,036,684	345,773	294,001	175,694	126,257	51,602	41,553

Table 6

Meals Tax	 Other Local Tax	 Total
\$ 354,913	\$ 120,373	\$ 7,584,450
314,150	123,270	7,525,128
319,870	126,303	7,317,767
340,008	126,506	7,260,470
326,384	130,470	7,219,010
297,771	131,116	7,283,045
290,324	117,541	7,052,086
192,920	425,830	6,758,555
167,780	421,933	6,616,770
196,708	445,407	6,713,679

Fiscal Year	Real Estate (1)	Personal Property (3)	Public Service (2)	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	State Sales Assessment Ratio (4)	Total Direct Rate
2019 \$	327,800,980	\$ 43,730,511 \$	22,218,021 \$	393,749,512 \$	381,244,686	103.28% \$	12.52
2018	327,498,090	42,979,676	23,322,541	393,800,307	334,040,467	117.89%	12.52
2017	327,313,460	40,865,214	23,005,034	391,183,708	341,704,846	114.48%	12.52
2016	364,742,820	41,387,341	21,978,142	428,108,303	372,203,359	115.02%	12.30
2015	370,299,700	38,823,781	16,226,569	425,350,050	340,388,964	124.96%	12.30
2014	369,965,100	37,597,333	14,908,769	460,953,526	379,448,079	121.48%	12.24
2013	369,766,300	38,482,324	14,824,925	460,318,115	395,836,370	116.29%	12.24
2012	398,252,780	37,244,566	13,617,540	484,629,216	422,040,596	114.83%	11.96
2011	396,922,080	35,514,330	13,884,688	446,321,098	432,314,120	103.24%	11.90
2010	395,269,480	35,506,375	11,824,822	442,600,677	476,159,281	92.90%	11.90

⁽¹⁾ Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value.

⁽²⁾ Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

⁽³⁾ Personal property is assessed at 100% of fair market value as of January 1, 1995.

⁽⁴⁾ Source: Virginia Department of Taxation (Public Service Corporations).

Property Tax Rates (1)
Direct and Overlapping Governments
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Direct Rates

Fiscal Years	Real Estate	 Personal Property	 Mobile Homes	 Machinery and Tools	 Total Direct Rate
2019 \$	1.21	\$ 5.85	\$ 1.21	\$ 4.25	\$ 12.52
2018	1.21	5.85	1.21	4.25	12.52
2017	1.21	5.85	1.21	4.25	12.52
2016	1.10	5.85	1.10	4.25	12.30
2015	1.10	5.85	1.10	4.25	12.30
2014	1.07	5.85	1.07	4.25	12.24
2013	1.07	5.85	1.07	4.25	12.24
2012	0.93	5.85	0.93	4.25	11.96
2011	0.90	5.85	0.90	4.25	11.90
2010	0.90	5.85	0.90	4.25	11.90

Amounts shown above are the City's total direct rates.

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value, there are no restrictions on the City's ability to raise tax rates.

			Fiscal Year	2019	Fiscal Yea	r 2010
			2019	% of Total	2010	% of Total
	Type		Assessed	Assessed	Assessed	Assessed
Taxpayer	Business		Valuation	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation
Virginia Electric and Power	Utility	\$	3,421,310	0.87% \$	7,167,145	1.62%
Modine	Manufacturing		8,173,630	2.08%	7,768,485	1.76%
Nibco (1)	Manufacturing		5,156,000	1.31%	-	0.00%
Columbia Gas (1)	Utility		4,628,980	1.18%	-	0.00%
GPH Buena Vista LLC	Nursing Home		3,715,215	0.94%	3,651,500	0.83%
Everbrite	Manufacturing		3,446,675	0.88%	3,293,160	0.74%
Northwest Hardwoods Inc (1)	Manufacturing		3,218,425	0.82%	-	0.00%
Rebkee Partners Hilltop LLC	Retail Merchants		3,153,500	0.80%	3,165,500	0.72%
Eforay	Research & Develop-Air Cond		3,128,400	0.79%	4,251,035	0.96%
Treemont Village Preservation (1)	Apartments		3,026,200	0.77%	-	0.00%
Knopp Company	Apartments		-	0.00%	2,872,015	0.65%
Daryl Limited Co	Manufacturing		-	0.00%	2,973,700	0.67%
Shenandoah Valley Investors	Manufacturing		-	0.00%	3,133,800	0.71%
Buena Vista Place	Apartments	_		0.00%	2,874,700	0.65%
		\$	41,068,335	10.43% \$	41,151,040	9.30%

Source: Commissioner of Revenue

⁽¹⁾ Business not in operation in fiscal year 2010

	Total Tax	Collected with Year of the		Collections	Total Collections to Date		
Fiscal Year	Levy for Fiscal Year (1)	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2019 \$	6,656,869 \$	6,230,502	93.60% \$	- \$	6,230,502	93.60%	
2018	6,582,676	6,159,283	93.57%	189,443	6,348,726	96.45%	
2017	6,500,078	6,044,153	92.99%	302,986	6,347,139	97.65%	
2016	6,521,393	6,102,140	93.57%	343,149	6,445,289	98.83%	
2015	6,374,749	6,032,482	94.63%	300,564	6,333,046	99.35%	
2014	6,229,683	5,829,158	93.57%	359,038	6,188,196	99.33%	
2013	6,195,432	5,838,533	94.24%	344,519	6,183,052	99.80%	
2012	5,849,241	5,475,831	93.62%	367,296	5,843,127	99.90%	
2011	5,661,547	5,377,064	94.98%	282,104	5,659,168	99.96%	
2010	5,611,405	5,244,565	93.46%	365,560	5,610,125	99.98%	

Source: Commissioner of Revenue, County Treasurer's office

⁽¹⁾ Includes PPTRA reimbursement from Commonwealth of Virginia

City of Buena Vista, Virginia

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Gover		Busi	ness-type Activi	ties		
Fiscal Years	General Obligation Bonds	Literary Fund Loans	Revenue Bonds	Notes Payable	Capital Leases	Revenue Bonds	Capital Leases	Other Obligations
2019 \$	370,887	\$ 1,125,000 \$	- \$	2,326,683 \$	396,375 \$	14,771,250 \$	- \$	1,201,840
2018	394,068	1,500,000	-	2,406,810	357,192	14,918,406		1,201,840
2017	417,249	1,875,000	-	2,462,382	477,636	15,088,052	-	1,201,840
2016	440,430	2,250,000	-	2,531,282	289,678	15,315,298	-	1,201,840
2015	463,611	2,625,000	-	3,009,116	47,437	15,535,249	-	1,201,840
2014	486,792	3,000,000	444,864	2,760,658	156,279	15,953,006	-	983,874
2013	823,774	3,375,000	602,188	2,892,176	259,536	16,323,696	-	655,318
2012	627,636	3,750,000	765,422	3,163,754	382,170	16,692,334	-	424,019
2011	941,454	4,125,000	926,292	3,193,926	101,859	13,127,451	-	-
2010	1,255,272	4,500,000	1,080,515	3,215,680	179,167	13,512,737	-	-

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics - Table 15

Table 11

Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per Capita (1)
20,192,035	17.69% \$	3,179
20,778,316	20.02%	3,284
21,522,159	21.07%	3,310
22,028,528	18.06%	3,332
22,882,253	18.30%	3,479
23,785,473	20.33%	3,713
24,931,688	16.37%	3,889
25,805,335	16.37%	3,889
22,415,982	13.01%	3,464
23,743,371	13.78%	3,740
	Primary Government 20,192,035 20,778,316 21,522,159 22,028,528 22,882,253 23,785,473 24,931,688 25,805,335 22,415,982	Primary Government of Personal Income (1) 20,192,035 17.69% \$ 20,778,316 20.02% 21,522,159 21.07% 22,028,528 18.06% 22,882,253 18.30% 23,785,473 20.33% 24,931,688 16.37% 25,805,335 16.37% 22,415,982 13.01%

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 Gross Bonded Debt	-	Less: Amounts Reserved for Debt Service	 Net Bonded Debt (3)	Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt to Assessed Value (2)	Net Bonded Debt per Capita (1)
2019	\$ 1,495,887	\$	-	\$ 1,495,887	0.38% \$	236
2018	1,894,068		-	1,894,068	0.48%	299
2017	2,292,249		-	2,292,249	0.59%	353
2016	2,690,430		-	2,690,430	0.63%	395
2015	3,088,611		-	3,088,611	0.73%	450
2014	3,486,792		-	3,486,792	0.76%	510
2013	4,198,774		-	4,198,774	0.91%	625
2012	4,377,636		-	4,377,636	0.90%	660
2011	5,066,454		-	5,066,454	1.14%	783
2010	5,755,272		-	5,755,272	1.30%	906

⁽¹⁾ Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics - Table 15

⁽²⁾ See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property - Table 7

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, literary fund loans, and excludes revenue bonds, capital leases, and compensated absences. The School Board does not have taxing authority, therefore the literary loan funds are included as they are to be repaid from general government resources.



City of Buena Vista, Virginia

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year						
	_	2010	2011	2012	2013		
Debt limit (1)	\$	39,526,948 \$	39,692,208 \$	39,825,278 \$	36,976,630		
Total net debt applicable to limit (2)	_	23,743,371	22,415,982	25,805,335	24,931,688		
Legal debt margin	\$_	15,783,577 \$	17,276,226 \$	14,019,943 \$	12,044,942		
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		60.07%	56.47%	64.80%	67.43%		

⁽¹⁾ The debt limit is calculated on Table 7

⁽²⁾ The total net debt applicable to limit is calcualted on Table 11

_	Fiscal Year										
_	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019					
\$	36,996,510 \$	37,029,970 \$	36,474,282 \$	32,731,346 \$	32,749,809 \$	32,780,098					
_	23,785,473	22,882,353	22,028,528	21,522,159	20,778,316	20,192,035					
\$_	13,211,037 \$	14,147,617 \$	14,445,754 \$	11,209,187 \$	11,971,493 \$	12,588,063					
	64.29%	61.79%	60.39%	65.75%	63.45%	61.60%					

Water	and Sewer	Revenue	Bonds ((1)	١
-------	-----------	---------	---------	-----	---

Fiscal		Water/Sewer Charges		Less: Operating		Net Available	Debt	Ser	vice	
Year	_	and Other	_	Expenses	_	Revenue	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2019 (2)	\$	2,024,132	\$	2,160,283	\$	(136,151) \$	130,614	\$	315,976	-30.49%
2018 (2)		2,050,364		1,886,186		164,178	148,509		322,088	34.89%
2017		2,045,288		1,919,514		125,774	195,081		329,004	24.00%
2016		2,065,614		1,926,450		139,164	188,768		337,798	26.43%
2015		2,113,865		1,767,302		346,563	178,349		345,431	66.17%
2014		2,064,255		1,777,994		286,261	172,201		333,967	56.55%
2013		2,014,987		1,689,750		325,237	125,258		403,401	61.52%
2012		1,975,335		1,664,180		311,155	299,091		333,964	49.15%
2011		1,591,284		1,575,252		16,032	78,266		159,006	6.76%
2010		1,651,101		1,661,771		(10,670)	74,269		164,611	-4.47%

⁽¹⁾ Increase in principal and interest paid is due to the refinancing of several issues with the 2011A issue.

⁽²⁾ The amount reported as principal and interest for the Golf Course Revenue Bonds reflects the amount of debt service owed rather than the amount actually paid. Reference note 25 to the financial statements for additional information regarding the reason for this difference.

Golf Course Revenue Bonds (1)

	Golf Course Charges	Less: Operating	Net Available	Debt Se	rvice	
_	and Other	 Expenses	 Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
\$	303,096	\$ 509,167	\$ (206,071) \$	276,542 \$	439,832	-28.77%
	302,076	538,666	(236,590)	271,137	454,197	-32.62%
	331,646	523,001	(191,355)	267,165	538,778	-23.74%
	352,326	554,531	(202,205)	256,246	517,695	-26.13%
	385,443	523,442	(137,999)	239,408	610,843	-16.23%
	440,695	506,793	(66,098)	228,489	534,977	-8.66%
	471,948	508,621	(36,673)	213,380	551,935	-4.79%
	487,912	617,024	(129,112)	899,525	584,643	-8.70%
	418,602	662,568	(243,966)	307,020	529,200	-29.17%
	591,335	666,547	(75,212)	121,983	521,956	-11.68%

Fiscal Year	Population	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income	Median Age	School Enrollment	Unemploy- ment Rate
2019	6,351 \$	114,121,119 \$	17,969	36.4	923	3.10%
2018	6,327	103,794,435	16,405	35.1	939	4.10%
2017	6,502	102,126,914	15,707	38.1	997	5.20%
2016	6,817	119,024,820	17,460	38.1	966	5.20%
2015	6,867	126,716,751	18,453	36.8	1,046	6.40%
2014	6,836	129,979,704	19,014	36.8	1,046	6.30%
2013	6,714	122,651,352	18,268	36.8	1,198	7.70%
2012	6,636	157,624,908	23,753	37.6	1,198	7.40%
2011	6,471	172,309,592	26,628	39.3	1,104	8.60%
2010	6,349	172,309,592	27,140	39.3	1,120	8.70%

Source: Weldon Cooper Center, Annual school report - prepared by the county, United States Census Bureau, United States Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics

	Fis	cal Year 2	2019	Fise	Fiscal Year 2010			
Employer	Employees	Rank	% of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	% of Total City Employment		
Southern Virginia University	273	1	7.88%	253	1	6.04%		
Peoplelink Staffing Solutions	219	2	6.32%	-		0.00%		
Modine	218	3	6.29%	203	2	4.85%		
Munters Corp	191	4	5.51%	175	4	4.18%		
Buena Vista City Public Schools	177	5	5.11%	198	3	4.73%		
Pro Careers	122	6	3.52%	-		0.00%		
City of Buena Vista, VA	80	7	2.31%	78	8	1.86%		
Everbrite	56	8	1.62%	94	6	2.24%		
Northwest Hardwoods	52	9	1.50%	-		0.00%		
ADS	45	10	1.30%	38	10	0.91%		
Mundet	-	-	0.00%	46	9	1.10%		
Totals	1,433		41.37%	1,276		30.47%		

Source: BLS, VEC, Buisnesses

City of Buena Vista, Virginia Table 17

_	Fiscal Year									
Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General government	12	12	12	11	11	12	12	12	12	12
Judicial administration	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	9
Public safety										
Police department	12	16	15	15	15	15	17	18	18	18
Building inspections	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Animal control	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
Public works										
General maintenance	38	33	33	33	34	34	32	33	33	33
Culture and recreation										
Parks and recreation	3	5	5	3	4	4	4	4	5	5
Community development										
Planning	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Totals	92	78	77	74	76	77	77	79	80	80

Source: Individual City departments

	Fiscal Year									
Function	2010	2011	2012	2013 #	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Public safety										
Sheriffs department:										
Civil papers	4,171	3,888	4,021	4004 #	4004	4004	4004	4004	4004	4004
Building inspections:										
Permits issued	73	62	61	66 #	61	71	71	61	55	77
Landfill:										
Recycling (tons/year)	327	367	377	343 #	343	343	343	343	343	0
Community development										
Planning:										
Zoning permits issued	48	63	64	46 #	48	36	36	50	61	52
Component Unit - School Board										
Education:										
School age population	1,101	1,135	1,175	1,035	1,046	1,046	965	930	948	940
Number of teachers	108	98	88	86 #	80	80	79	75	77	70
Local expenditures per pupil	\$ 2,051	\$ 2,276	\$ 2,114	\$ 1,944	\$ 9,238	\$ 9,709	\$ 9,709	\$ 9,709	\$ 3,343	\$ 1,879

Source: Individual City departments

	Fiscal Year									
Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General government										
Administration buildings	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public safety										
Police department:										
Patrol units	19	19	19	16	16	16	21	21	21	21
Building inspections:										
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Animal control:										
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public works										
General maintenance:										
Trucks/vehicles	28	28	29	30	27	27	28	28	28	28
Culture and recreation										
Parks and recreation:										
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	2	2	2	5	6	6	6	6	6	6
Parks acreage	615	615	615	615	615	615	615	615	615	615
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tennis courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community development										
Planning:										
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Component Unit - School Board										
Education:										
Schools	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
School buses	13	13	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12

Source: Individual City departments





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

TO THE CITY COUNCIL CITY OF BUENA VISTA, VIRGINIA BUENA VISTA, VIRGINIA

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Buena Vista, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Buena Vista, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 16, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Buena Vista, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Buena Vista, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Buena Vista, Virginia's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exit that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-001 to be a material weakness.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-002 to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Buena Vista, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-002.

City of Buena Vista, Virginia's Response to Findings

City of Buena Vista, Virginia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. City of Buena Vista, Virginia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Staunton, Virginia December 16, 2019

Robinson, Farmer, lax Associates



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

TO THE CITY COUNCIL CITY OF BUENA VISTA, VIRGINIA BUENA VISTA, VIRGINIA

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Buena Vista, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of Buena Vista, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. City of Buena Vista, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of City of Buena Vista, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of Buena Vista, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Buena Vista, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, City of Buena Vista, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance which is required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-002. Our opinion of each major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

The City of Buena Vista, Virginia's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City of Buena Vista, Virginia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of City of Buena Vista, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered City of Buena Vista, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Buena Vista, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-003, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

The City of Buena Vista, Virginia's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City of Buena Vista, Virginia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Staunton, Virginia December 16, 2019

Robinson, Farmer, Cax Associates

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Title or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Health and Human Services: Pass Through Payments: Department of Social Services:			
Promoting Safe and Stable Families TANF Cluster:	93.556	Not available	\$ 2,817
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	Not available	289
Foster Care - Title IV-E Adoption Assistance	93.658 93.659	Not available Not available	26,006 58,341
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	86667	12,520
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$99,973_
Department of Agriculture: Pass Through Payments: Child Nutrition Cluster: Department of Agriculture:			
Food Distribution	10.555	40623	\$ 23,409
Department of Education: National School Lunch Program	10.555	40623	199,388
School Breakfast Program	10.553	40591	\$ 222,797 72,254
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	Not available	15,824
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			310,875
Community Facilities Loans and Grants	10.766	Not available	25,470
Total Department of Agriculture			\$ 336,345
Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Criminal Justice Service: Crime Victim Assistance Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Equitable Sharing Program	16.575 16.738 16.922	Not available Not available Not available	\$ 41,745 29,496 9,661
Total Department of Justice	10.322		\$ 80,902
Department of Homeland Security: Pass Through Payments: Department of Emergency Services:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Emergency Management Performance Grants Homeland Security Grant Program	97.042 97.067	Not available Not available	\$ 7,205 59,980
Total Department of Homeland Security			\$67,185_
Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: Department of Motor Vehicles:			
State and Community Highway Safety Highway Planning and Construction	20.600 20.205	Not available	\$ 634 200,804
Alcohol Open Container Requirements Total Department of Transportation	20.607	Not available	\$ 201,951
Department of Education: Pass Through Payments: Department of Education:			¥ <u></u>
Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States Special Education Cluster:	84.010 84.038	42901 61095	\$ 250,045 20,426
Title VI-B: Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	43071 Not available	226,477
Title VI-B: Special Education - Preschool Grants Total Special Education Cluster	84.173		\$ 10,564 \$ 237,041
Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	Not available	170,483
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Rural Education	84.424 84.358	Not available Not available	8,496 5,848
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	61480	35,589
Total Department of Education			\$ 727,928
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,514,284

City of Buena Vista, Virginia

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards:

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Buena Vista, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Buena Vista, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, change in net position, or cash flows of the City of Buena Vista, Virginia.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principals contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

City of Buena Vista, Virginia has elected not tu use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Pass-through identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE C - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

NOTE D - SUBRECIPIENTS

No awards were passed through to subrecipients.

NOTE E - LOANS

The City did not have any loans or loan guarantees which are subject to reporting requirements in the current year.

NOTE F - RELATIONSHIP TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Federal expenditures, revenues, and capital contributions are reported in the City's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:		
Governmental funds	\$	475,481
Total primary government	\$	475,481
Discretely presented component unit - School Board:		
School operating fund	\$	727,928
School cafeteria fund		310,875
Total discretely presented component unit - School Board	\$	1,038,803
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of		
Federal awards	\$ <u></u>	1,514,284

CITY OF BUENA VISTA, VIRGINIA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Section I-Summary of Auditors' Result	s
Financial Stateme	nts	
Type of auditors' r	report issued:	unmodified
Internal control ov	er financial reporting:	
- Material weakne	ess(es) identified?	_x_ yesno
- Significant defic	iency(ies) identified?	_x_ yesno
Noncompliance m	aterial to financial statements noted?	_x_ yesno
Federal Awards:		
Internal control ov	er major programs:	
- Material weakne	ess(es) identified?	yes <u>x</u> no
- Significant defic	iency(ies) identified?	_x yesno
Type of auditors' r	report issued on compliance for major programs:	unmodified
	disclosed that are required to be reported a section 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?	_x_ yesno
Identification of ma	ajor programs:	
CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluste	er
10.555 10.555	luster School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Food Distribution g and Construction Safe Routes to School	
Special Educatio 84.027	n ClusterTitle VI-B: Special Education - Gran	ote to States
84.173	Title VI-B: Special Education - Pres	
Dollar threshold us	sed to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified a	as low-risk auditee?	yes <u>x</u> no
	Section II-Financial Statement Finding	ıs
2019-001 Materia		-
Criteria:	An auditee should have sufficient controls in place accordance with applicable standards.	to produce financial statements in
Condition:	The City's financial statements as presented for audit of related to the discretely presented component unit Scho self-insured health insurance plan.	
Cause	The self-insured health insurance plan was only recent Therefore, an effective framework of internal control has reporting of the internal service fund.	·

CITY OF BUENA VISTA, VIRGINIA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II-Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

2019-001 (continued)

Effect: During our audit of the City's component unit school board, it was determined that the internal

service fund had not been properly established, and no related transactions for the fiscal year

had been posted to the City's accounting records.

Recommendation: It is recommended that a detailed review of the City's financial statements be completed after

all year end adjustments have been posted in order to affirm the completeness and accuracy

of the financial statements presented for audit.

Management's

The City will set up a separate internal service fund for the School Board self-insured health Response: insurance plan. All transactions related to the activity of the school health insurance plan will

be posted to this fund. The City will reconcile the fund monthly with the bank records to affirm

the completeness and accuracy of the account.

2019-002 Significant Deficiency and Compliance Finding

Per Sections 15.2-2507 and 58.1-3001 of the Code of Virginia, no money may be paid out for Criteria:

any expenditure unless and until the governing body has made an appropriation for the

expenditure.

Condition: During our audit, it was determined that the City's general fund actual expenditures were

\$2,369,835 in excess of appropriations. This overage represents 19% of the original budgeted

general fund expenditures.

Management is not requesting appropriation amendments from City Council throughout the Cause

> year, as needed. Additional federal and state aid was received during the fiscal year, which funded a portion of the unexpected expenditures. Additionally, significant cost overrun was

experienced due to increases in the state mandated CSA program.

Effect: The City has expended more money than the amount appropriated by City Council during

fiscal year 2019.

Recommendation: It is recommended that management review budget to actual expenditures throughout the year

> and ensure appropriations are made before money is expended. Additionally, the City must comply with Section 15.2-2506 of the Code of Virginia, which requires a public notice and a public hearing for any budget amendment that exceeds one percent of the total expenditures

shown in the currently adopted budget.

Management's

Management will take care to more closely monitor expenditure projections, especially those Response:

relating to the state mandated CSA program. Budget amendments will be booked if required to ensure enough funds are appropriated. The City will comply with Section 15.2-2507 of the

Code of Virginia and confirm that budget amendments are properly adopted.

CITY OF BUENA VISTA, VIRGINIA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section III-Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

2019-003 Compliance Finding

Criteria: Per the Office of Management and Budget Compliance Supplement, household income should

be used to fill out the application for free and reduced lunch and then approved based on the

federal income eligibility guidelines.

Condition: During our audit, we observed one instance where, the prinicpal filled out the application for

free and reduced lunch on behalf of the student. We also observed one instance, where a student was approved for free lunch but the income reported on the application exceeded the

federal income eligibility guidelines.

Cause: Approval was granted for an application in which the principal filled out the application for the

student, with no actual incoem information for verification of eligibility for the program Approval was also granted for an application that did not meed the federal income eligibility guidelines.

Effect: Two students were approved for free lunch and should not have been.

Recommendation: It is recommended that parents or guardians complete the applications and the supervisor of

food service review and approve the applications based on federal guidelnes.

Management's Response:

Management will take care to closely monitor applications and the approval process to confirm

that all federal guidelines are followed.

Section IV-Status of Prior Year Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

2018-001

Summary of Finding: The City did not record transactions for the School Board's self-insured health insurance plan.

Corrective Action

Taken: This is a repeat finding regarding the City's financial statements not containing recorded

transactions for the School Board's internal service fund for it's self-insured health insurance

plan. Please see Finding 2019-001.